1997 David Scott Hamiltion Invitational Tournament

1 Maryland 1

Tossups

- 1. This particle is formed when cosmic rays or gamma rays of energies greater than one million electron volts are made to strike matter. Its existence was first suggested in 1928 by Paul Dirac as a necessary consequence of his quantum-mechanical theory, and in 1932, the particle was experimentally discovered by American physicist Carl Anderson. FTP, name this particle with a mass equal to that of the electron.

 Answer: The Positron or anti-electron or positive electron
- 2. This organization was responsible for several precedent-setting Supreme Court cases, including Munn v. Illinois. Among its primary concerns were the outrageous rates charged by railroads to grain farmers, as well as the tight money situation of the 1870s. FTP, name this organization founded in Minnesota in 1867 by Oliver Hudson Kelley.

 Answer: The National _Grange_ or _Patrons of Husbandry_
- 3. The Romans called this land "Ultima Thule" and the Greek navigator Pytheas of Massilia claimed that he had reached it six days after setting sail from England and that the midsummer sun never set there. Today, the name Thule refers to a community on this island, on the Hayes Peninsula on Baffin Bay. FTP, name this land known as Kalaalit Nunaat, whose capital is at Nuuk after moving from its previous site at Godthab.

 Answer: Greenland
- 4. He took composition lessons from the Italian opera composer Ferdinando Pa=EBrand and the Czech-French theorist Anton Reicha. In 1833, he met the =46rench countess Marie d'Agoult, known as a writer under the pseudonym Daniel Stern. Among his compositions are "The Years of Pilgrimage" and the 12 Transcendental Etudes. FTP, name this composer of Hungarian Rhapsodies. Answer: Franz Liszt_
- 5. One of the last lines of this play goes: "Sure! Yuh're reg'lar! Me 'n' you, huh? -- bot' members of dis club! We'll put up one last bout dat'll knock 'em offen deir seats! Dey'll have to make de cages stronger after we're trou!" The speaker is Yank, the leader of the stokers in the hold of a transatlantic ocean liner, talking to a gorilla before he lets it out of its cage, whereupon it crushes him. FTP, this is the ending of what play by Eugene O'Neill?

 Answer: The Hairy Ape
- 6. He came from a broken home and engaged in petty crimes such as scalping tickets. He served in the U.S. Air Force from 1943-6 and operated nightclubs and dance halls. While awaiting a second trial to review his death sentence, he died in 1967. FTP, name this assassin of Lee Harvey Oswald.

Answer: Jack Ruby

- 7. The father of this man was a soldier in the service of the famous anti-Crusader champion Nureddin. As a young man, he took part in his uncle Shirquh's conquest of Egypt, and distinguished himself in Shirquh's defeat at the Battle of Cairo. He became vizier of Egypt, abolished the Fatimid caliphate, and established the Ayyubid dynasty. FTP, name this general who was defeated at the battle of Arsuf by Richard I Coeur de Leon. Answer: _Saladin_
- 8. It is treated by nonsteroidal anti-inflammatories and corticosteroids. Thought to be the result of a malfunctioning immune system, it causes antibodies in the blood to produce symtoms such as arthritic joint disease, heart damage, and impaired kidney function. Designated "erythematosus," it strikes women nine times as often as men. FTP, what is this illness that produces a butterfly-shaped rash on the face, giving the victim the appearance of having been attacked by a wolf?

Answer: _Lupus_

- 9. Don't even try to find some special significance in this word -- it was chosen at random from a dictionary when a medical student Richard Huelsenbeck and a poet Hugo Ball got together in Zurich with Tristan Tzara. As for what it means, that's easy -- it's French for "hobby horse." -46TP, name this word, the title of Jean Arp's 1916 anti-art movement. Answer: _Dada_
- 10. One account says that she bore a son named Menelek, from whom the Abyssinians were descended. Her real name was Balkis. In first Kings chapter 10, she is said to have come with camels carryign spices, large quantities of gold, and precious stones. FTP, name this woman whose real intent was to "test with hard questions" the King of Israel, Solomon. Answer: The Queen of Sheba or Saba (accept Balkis on early buzz)
- 11. The west African one, Protopterus, is known to estivate during dry periods, possibly for more than four years. It burrows into the mud and secretes a mucous covering, which hardens, leaving a small closable breathing vent. This cocoon softens when wet. The Australian genus, Neoceratodus, can obtain sufficient oxygen from water unless conditions become stagnant, while the American and African ones must rise to the surface. FTP, name this group of fish, whose gills degenerate in favor of another method of respiration.

 Answer: Lungfish
- 12. Xenophanes tells the story that when this philosopher saw a man beating a dog, he told him to stop because the dog had been a friend of his in another life. His philosophy is known only through the writings of his disciples especially Philolaus of Croton. FTP, name this originator of theories like the "music of the spheres" and a hypotenuse theorem.

 Answer: _Pythagoras_
- 13. Whenever he went down town, the people on the pavement looked at him. You could have recognized him from the way he fluttered pulses when he said "Good-morning" or the way he glittered when he walked. Or you might examine your own behavior, to see if you are waiting for the light, or going without the meat, or cursing the bread. FTP, name this man "richer than a king and admirably schooled in every grace" who "one calm summer night, went home and put a bullet through his head."

 Answer: _Richard Cory_
- 14. In 715, he was proclaimed mayor of the palace by the Austrasians. He conquered Neustria, fought the Alamanni and the Bavarians, but his most famous victory came against Abd-ar-Rahman, the emir of Spain, whom he drvoe out of the Rhone valley. FTP, name this father of Carloman and Pepin the Short, whose nickname means "The Hammer."

 Answer: _Charles Martel_
- 15. He trained under the painter Karel van Mander, and toward the end of his life, he was granted a city pension. Among the techniques he employed are fully illuminating his figures with direct light, and blending colors directly on the canvas, as seen in his "La Bohemienne" and "Regentesses of the Old Men's Almshouse". FTP, name this Haarlem artist, most famous for his _Laughing Cavalier_.

 Answer: Frans Hals
- 16. He started playing tennis at age nine in 1965, and soon developed his trademark two-handed backhand. He left school at age 14 and within a year was the world's top-ranked junior player. His first major title came at the Italian Open in 1974, and in the same month, he won the French Open the first of six times. FTP, name this man who lost six U.S. Open finals, but won five straight at Wimbledon.

 Answer: Bjorn_Borg_
- 17. Thomas Clifford was made Lord of Chudleigh in 1672. Anthony Ashley was made Chancellor of the Exchequer. The Duke of Buckingham was a privy

councellor. Henry Earl of Arlington was lord chamberlain. And John Duke of Lauderdale was Scottish secretary of state before also becoming a privy councellor. Together from 1667-1674, they formed an influential clique of ministers to Charles II that was known by an acronym of their last names. =46TP, name this group whose name has been lent to any group of political intriguers.

Answer: _Cabal_

- 18. Like Scheele, he was apprenticed to an apothecary and like Scheele, he became an eminent chemist. It was in 1789 that he made his two most famous discoveries. In one, he obtained a zirconium oxide from zircon stones. Later, he isolated titanium, but his fame rests on a yellow compound extracted from a heavy black ore. FTP, name this man who from the ore pitchblende obtained uranium.

 Answer: Martin _Klaproth_
- 19. The name's the same. One was a beggar in a parable told by Jesus in Luke chapter 16. A rich man, called "Dives", enjoys a feast in a mansion while this man lies starving at his gateway. Later, this character is safe in Abraham's bosom while Dives burns in Hell. The other was a native of Bethany in John chapters 11-12, the brother of Mary and Martha. FTP, name this man whom Christ raised from the dead.
- 20. Known for his strong heroines and for ending with a deus ex machina, this playwright composed his dramas in a cave on the island of Salamis. There are 17 or 18 plays surviving out of a probable ninety-two he wrote. He first competed at the Dionysia in 455 B.C. and won his first victory in 441. Among his works are _The Heracleidae_, _Hecuba_, _Ion_, _Cyclops_, and _Helen_. FTP, name this author of the _Bacchae_ and _Medea_. Answer: _Euripides_
- 21. She was a Fulbright scholar at the University of Cambridge, but she had attended Smith College at home in America. She wrote her most famous work under the pseudonym Victoria Lewis, while some of her other works were edited by her husband and her mother -- these include _Letters Home_, _Crossing the Water_ and _Johnny Panic and the Bible of Dreams_. FTP, name this poet of _The Colossus_, best known for _The Bell Jar_. Answer: Sylvia _Plath_
- 22. Franz Liszt included a solo for it in his first piano concerto. It was invented in Europe by the 14th century and until about 1800, it often had jingling rings strung on it. It entered the orchestra during the 18th century when Turkish military music was in fashion, and became a standard instrument in Cajun folk music. FTP, name this instrument that consists of a bent steel rod, open at one corner.

 Answer: The Triangle
- 23. A native Texan, he began his naval career in submarines, as an ensign on the U.S.S. Plunger. He organized the first training division for reserve officers at the University of California, and supervised the construction of the Navy's first diesel ship engine. As an admiral in 1942, shrewd codebreaking allowed him to order counteroffensives at Midway and Coral Sea, though he left tactical control in the hands of subordinates like Spruance and Halsey. FTP, name this admiral who received the Japanese surrender aboard his flagship, the U.S.S. Missouri.

 Answer: Chester William Nimitz

H1-b

1997 David Scott Hamilton Invitational Tournament

1 Maryland 1

Boni

- 1. Answer these questions about the Bible for 10 points each:
- Seven churches -- Ephesus, Smyrna, Pergamum, Thyatira, Philadelphia, Laodicea, and Sardis -- were the recipients of this book of the Bible, written probably during the reign of Domitian. Name this book that mentions seven beatitudes, seven hurches, seven spirits, seven lampstands, and seven seals.

Answer: The Book of the _Revelation_ of St. John the Divine or the _Apocalypsis_ of John. "Revelations" is incorrect.

- 2. The book of Revelation was written while John was in exile on what island between Samos and Cos, off the coast of Miletus?

 Answer: _Patmos_
- 3. Coming before Revelation in the Bible is what short book probably written by a brother of Jesus?

 Answer: Jude
- 2. Answer the following for 10 points each:
- 1. "People of the Philippines, I have returned. Rally to me!" These words were spoken by what corncob-pipe smoking general in 1944?

 Answer: Douglas _Macarthur_
- 2. Because of his insistence on bombing the Yalu bridges, and other arguments against the orders of President Truman, Macarthur was relieved by what other general?
- Answer: Matthew _Ridgeway_
- 3. Later, in 1952, Matthew Ridgeway became the first American to hold the supreme commands in both the Pacific and Atlantic areas. He accomplished this by being appointed head of NATO, a post previously held by what other general?

Answer: Dwight _Eisenhower_

- 3. Answer these questions about Sanskrit literature, 10 each.
- 1. After his bridge is stolen by Ravana, the demon-king of Sri-Lanka, the hero joins forces with Vibhishana and the monkey-god Hanuman to rescue her. This is the simplified plot of what Indian epic?

Answer: The _Ramayana_

2. What is the name of Rama's wife in the epic?

Answer: _Sita_

3. The Ramayana is ascribed to what "Bull of a sage," who composed the poem in a single inspired burst when he saw a hunter's arrow shoot down a mating bird?

Answer: _Valmiki_

- 4. Identify these originators of various atomic theories, 5-10-15.
- 1. For 5: Born in Abdera, Thrace, he derived his theory from Leucippus, and was in turn copied by Epicurus. He posited an infinite multitude of indestructible atoms, from whose random combinations arise an infinite number of cosmoses in which there is law but not design.

Answer: _Democritus_

2. For 10: This Englishman's researches on mixed gases, the force of steam, and the expansion of gases by heat led him to a theory of atoms, and also his law of partial pressures.

Answer: John _Dalton_

3. For 15: Along with Frederick Soddy, he proposed that radioactivity results from the disintegration of atoms, and for this he won the Nobel Prize in Chemistry in 1908.

Answer: Ernest _Rutherford_

- 5. Name these theories of acids and bases, 10 each:
- 1. This Swedish chemist's theory defines an acid as a compound that can dissociate in water to yield hydrogen ions, and a base as a compound that can dissociate in water to yield hydroxyl ions.

 Answer: Svante _Arrhenius_

2. This other theory defines an acid as a proton donor and a base as a proton acceptor.

Answer: _Bronsted-Lowry

- 3. This third theory defines an acid as a compound that can accept a pair of electrons, and a base as a compound that can donate a pair of electrons.

 Answer: Lewis
- 6. For 10 points each, identify these landmarks of Rome:
- 1. Set up by Domitian to commemorate the conquest of Jerusalem, this structure features a relief showing Roman soldiers carrying off a menorah. Answer: The _Arch of Titus_
- 2. Originally a rectangular building erected during the reign of Augustus, it was turned into a round temple by Hadran, who generously preserved the previous inscription attributing it to Marcus Agrippa.
 Answer: The _Pantheon_
- 3. Fully one twelfth of the water supply of Rome in the early 3rd century went to the monumental baths constructed by this Severan emperor.

 Answer: Caracalla
- 7. Answer the following, 10 each:
- 1. The father of the English detective novel is not Arthur Conan Doyle, but what man whose works include _No Name_ and _The Woman in White_? Answer: Wilkie _Collins_
- 2. Wilkie Collins' most famous work is what story of a jewel stolen from a Hindu holy place and given to Rachel Verinder for her birthday?

 Answer: _The Moonstone_
- Wilkie Collins was a friend of what author of _Our Mutual Friend_? Answer: Charles _Dickens_
- 8. Identify the following psychologists, 10 each:
- 1. In 1912, he published _The Psychology of the Unconscious_, and proceeded to develop theories of analytical psychology, such as psychological types of introvert and extrovert, and the "collective unconscious" populated by archetypes.

Answer: Car Gustav _Jung_

- 2. This other Swiss psychologist was director of the Centre d'Epistemologie Genetique. He is best known for his 1948 work, _The Origins of Intelligence in Children_.

 Answer: Jean _Piaget_
- 3. This Austrian's most widely referenced work is his _Study of Organ Inferiority and its Psychical Compensation_.

 Answer: Alfred Adler
- 9. Answer the following about economics, 10 each:
- 1. This member of the Bloomsbury group advised Jan Smuts, the second premier of South Africa, and wrote about the ramifications of the Treaty of Versailles in _The Economic Consequences of the Peace_.

 Answer: John Maymard Keynes
- 2. This economic theory rejects Keynesian fiscal policies and instead advocates that the government regulate the money supply in order to stabilize the economy.

Answer: _Monetarism_

3. Monetarism's most prominent advocate was what winner of the 1976 Nobel Prize in Economics?

Answer: Milton _Friedman_

- 10. Answer these questions about moons of planets, 10 each:
- 1. This moon of Saturn was discovered to have a thicker atmosphere than the Earth. It is largely methane, with an upper layer of nitrogen and oxygen.

Answer: _Titan_

- 2. This is the smallest of the four Galilean moons of Jupiter.

 Answer: Europa
- 3. Thought to be a captured asteroid, this object is the largest satellite of Mars.

Answer: _Phobos_

- 11. 5-10-15, name these tariffs from U.S. history.
- 1. This 1922 Tariff Act introduced the innovation of allowing the President to change customs duties to prevent unfair practices in the import trade and to retaliate against trade discrimination by foreign countries.

Answer: The Fordney-_McCumber_ Tariff Act

2. In 1930, this Tariff raised customs duties by an average of 20 percent and caused worldwide economic problems.

Answer: The Hawley-Smoot Tariff (or vice versa)

- 3. In 1913, Woodrow Wilson sponsored this tariff, which reduced levies on manufactured articles and eliminated the duties on most raw materials.

 Answer: The Underwood Tariff
- 12. For 10 points each, name these philosophical works.
- 1. In this 1781 work, Immanuel Kant claimed that sense experience is ordered by the mind according to the "categories of the understanding." Answer: The _Critique of Pure Reason_
- 2. In this 1690 work, John Locke argued that the human mind at birth is like a blank wax tablet, or "tabula rasa," on which experience leaves its mark

Answer: _Essay Concerning Human Understanding_

- 3. In this massive 1922 work, Ludwig Wittgenstein claimed that most philosophical problems are the result of the misuse of language.

 Answer: _Tractatus Logico-Philosophicus_
- 13. Name these rulers of Russia, 10 points each:
- 1. This Grand prince of Moscow was the first to assume the title of czar. In 1564, the treachery of one of his advisors caused him to embark on a reign of terror directed against the boyars.

Answer: _Ivan IV_ or _Ivan the Terrible_

2. This grand-nephew of Ivan IV was the elected by the boyars after a revolt against the Poles. His accession brought to an end the Time of Troubles.

Answer: Michael Romanov_

3. During the Time of Troubles, after the death of Boris Godunov, a pretender to the throne was crowned czar. This pretender claimed to be what son of Ivan IV?

Answer: _Dmitri_

- 14. Answer the following questions about the small intestine, for the stated number of points:
- 1. For 5 points, The small intestine's epithelial surface is multiplied many times over by what fingerlike projections of the intestinal wall? Answer: _Villi_
- 2. For 15 points, list, in the order in which food would pass through them, the three segments of the small intestine.
- Answer: The _duodenum_, _jejunum_, and the _ileum_ (must be in order)
- 3. For 10 points, food enters the small intestine from the stomach by passing through what valve or sphincter?

Answer: The pyloric valve

- 15. Name these collections of American poetry, 10 each.
- 1. Published without the poet's knowledge, this 1650 collection by Anne Bradstreet contains several quaternions such as "the Four Elements," "the =46our Seasons," and "The Four Ages of Man."

Answer: The _Tenth Muse Lately Sprung Up in America_

- 2. This 1855 collection was a quarto volume of 95 pages, bound in green cloth, and stamped with designs of roots and small flowers.

 Answer: Leaves of Grass
- 3. Though this 1857 work by Oliver Wendell Holmes was in prose, it contained several poems, including _The Deacon's Masterpiece_ and _the Chambered Nautilus_.

Answer: The Autocrat of the Breakfast Table_

16. For 10 points each, tell me what poetic foot is exemplified by each of the following words plagiarized wholesale from Benet's Reader's Encyclopedia:

1. Wonderful.

Answer: A _Dactyl_

2. Careful

Answer: A Trochee

Cigarette

Answer: An _Anapest_

- 17. Answer the following about Charles Darwin, for 10 points each:
- Darwin was a cousin of what man who discovered the method of fingerprint identification and wrote a book called _Hereditary Genius_ that was a precursor to the more recent and infamous _The Bell Curve_? Answer: Francis Galton
- 2. Darwin's wife Emma was a relative of what English pottery maker whose works were decorated with motifs from classical antiquity?

 Answer: Josiah Wedgwood
- 3. The foremost early defender of Darwin's theories was what biologist who wrote _Man's Place in Nature_ and coined the term "agnostic"?

 Answer: Thomas Henry Huxley
- 18. Name these African-American authors from works on a 15-10 basis:
- 1. For 15 points: _Giovanni's Room_ and _Blues for Mr. Charlie_.
 =46or 10 points: _Go Tell It on the Mountain_ and _Notes of a Native Son_.
 Answer: James _Baldwin_
- For 15 points: An autobiography called _I Wonder as I Wander_, and _Ask Your Mama_.
 =46or 10 points: _Montage of a Dream Deferred_ and _The Weary Blues_.
- =46or 10 points: _Montage of a Dream Deferred_ and _The Weary Blues_ Answer: Langston _Hughes_
- 19. 30-20-10, name the epic poem.

Hrothgar, in his hall Heorot.

=46or 30: In it there is a mention of Sigmund as the slayer of a dragon, thus linking this poem with the Nibelungelied.

=46or 20: It is concerned with the adventures of a historical 6th century king of the Geats on the island of Zealand, who visits Denmark.
=46or 10: The hero of the story is received by the king of the Danes,

Answer: Beowulf

- 20. Identify the following countries from a description for 10 points each, or for 5 if you need the capital.
- 1. For 10: By the time this nation's phosphate mines are exhausted around the year 2000, 80% of this island will be uninhabitable. Bernard Bowiyogo was elected president in 1989.

 =46or 5 points: The capital is Yaren.

=460r 5 points: The capital is faren

Answer: _Nauru_

- 2. For 10 points: This nation contains the Bismarck Archipelago and the Trobriand Islands. It is bounded on the south by the Coral Sea and the Torres Straight, and on the west by the Indonesian province of Irian Jaya. =46or 5 points: The capital is Port Moresby.

 Answer: _Papua New Guinea_
- 3. For 10 points: In 1530, this island was granted to the Knights of St. John of Jerusalem by the Holy Roman Emperor Charles V. In 1942, George VI of Britain awarded the entire country the George Cross for heroism. =460r 5 points: The capital is Valetta.

 Answer: Malta