University of Chicago-Grey 1990 Jay Ward Invitational

TOSS-UPS

1. Ra and Horus were represented with hawk heads, and Set and Anubis with jackal heads. For ten points, which Egyptian deity had the head of an ibis?

Thoth

2. The sites in this European city include the Plaza of Zocodover, the Alcazar, and the home of El Greco. For ten points, name this city that was the capital of Spain until Philip II moved the government to Madrid.

Toledo

3. He was born in 496 B.C.E. in Kolonos, and one of his little known positions was that of a priest of Asclepius, the god of healing. He wrote over 100 plays, but only 7 are extant. For ten points, name this playwright who wrote Oedipus Rex and Antigone.

Sophocles

4. This fresco, in the refectory of Santa Maria delle Grazie in Milan, has unfortunately decayed over the years, and although efforts have been made at restoration, today we can only wonder what it must have looked like in the days of its painter, Leonardo da Vinci. For ten points, name the fresco.

The Last Supper

5. The definition of a simple calculus term is as follows: the limit, as h approaches zero, of the quantity f of x plus h minus f of x, divided by h. For ten points, name the term.

Derivative

6. Its stated purpose is "to justify the ways of God to man," but many students would just as soon not learn the ways of God, and set aside this monolithic epic poem. For ten points name this poem, by a man who has been ranked with Chaucer and Shakespeare for his contributions to the English language.

Paradise Lost by John Milton

7. Three children from this sweet family went to join Peter Pan in Never-Never Land, although they eventually decided not to stay. For ten points, give the surname of Wendy, Peter, and Michael.

Darling

8. For Whom the Bell Tolls is a novel by Hemingway, but the title was lifted from a work called <u>Devotions upon Emergent Occasions</u>, which also contained the phrase "No man is an island." For ten points name the 16th and 17th century clergyman who delivered these and many other notable lines.

John Donne

9. Every College Bowler knows the capitals of Burkina Faso and Mauritania, but for ten points what is the name of the capital of Mali, the only country which borders both of them?

Bamako

10. The Library of Congress is the largest library in the United States as reckoned both by volume of books or by sheer volume. For ten points, what library comes in second in both categories?

New York Public Library or The Metropolitan Library of New York or The New York Research Library

11. For ten points, who was the first president after World War II to raise defense spending for three straight years in peacetime?

James Earl Carter

12. For ten points, when, to the month, did Iraq begin its invasion of a neighbor across its frontier, destroying the city of Abadon and causing extensive damage to the Kharg Island Oil Tunnel? This invasion began after ten months of skirmishing, which began at the same time as the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan.

September 1980

13. For ten points, name the ceremonial trumpet that is made from a ram's horn and is used on Rosh Hoshannah and Yom Kippur.

Shofar

14. For a quick ten points, within 15, how many popes have there been since St. Peter?

262 (Accept 247 to 277)

15. Clym Yeobright, Eustacia Vye, Damon Wildove, Thomasin Yeobright, and Diggory Venn are all characters in, for ten points, what Thomas Hardy novel set on Egdon Heath?

Return of the Native

16. UCLA won ten NCAA Basketball Championships between 1964 and 1975. Name the two teams which interrupted their dynasty.

<u>Texas Western</u> or <u>UTEP</u> or University of <u>Texas-El Paso</u> and <u>North Carolina State</u> University or <u>NC State</u> or <u>NCSU</u>

17. In 1867, Seward committed his famous "folly" in purchasing Alaska. For ten points and within two cents, what was the purchase price per acre in the sale?

2 cents per acre (accept 0 to 4)

18. Everybody knows that since the 1950's, only candidates who have won the New Hampshire primary have gone on to win the presidential election. For ten points, name the last president never to have won the New Hampshire primary.

Gerald Ford

19. In act V, scene ii, lines 102-103 of <u>Much Ado about Nothing</u>, Benedick tells Beatrice, "I will live in thy heart, die in thy lap, and be buried in thy eyes...." He is using a form of slang common in Elizabethan times which is not used now. For ten points, what does "to die" mean in the above context?

to have an orgasm

20. This man became Premier of the USSR in 1930 but was later demoted to Vice Premier. While holding a different position, he negotiated the 1939 Russo-German Nonaggression Pact and later helped to found the United Nations. For ten points, name this Soviet foreign minister who loaned his name to a weapon known to revolutionaries the world over.

V. M. Molotov

21. According to <u>Spy</u> magazine, this institution is "a great newspaper which is too often only good." It numbers Frank Rich and Vincent Canby among its critics and R. W. Apple and Hedrick Smith among its political writers. For ten points name this newspaper whose motto is "All the news that's fit to print."

The New York Times

22. He was the son of a farmer and a farmer himself. His lyrics are noted for their patriotism, attention to love, and peasant life. He said, among other things, "Man's inhumanity to man/Makes countless thousands mourn!" For ten points, name this Scottish poet also known for "A Red, Red Rose" and "Auld Lang Syne."

Robert Burns

23. This writer was tubercular all of his life, but that did not deter him from a much-traveled life. He did not die of TB, but as a result of a stroke. During his 44 years he was prolific, and his writings included The Master of Ballantrae, and A Child's Garden of Verse. For ten points, who wrote The Strange

Robert Louis Stevenson

24. This collection of poems takes its name from a pet name of the writer, Elizabeth Barrett Browning. It includes the famous line, "How do I love thee? Let me count the ways." For ten points, what is the name given to this set of poems?

Sonnets from the Portuguese

25. This American chemist won both the Nobel Prize for Chemistry, for research into the forces that hold molecules together, and the Nobel Peace Prize for his opposition to nuclear weapons testing. For ten points, name him.

Linus Pauling

Univ. of Chicago - Grey 1990 Lay Ward Invitational

Bonuses:

1. (30 pts.) Name the five most populous Soviet Socialist Republics. Five points each, plus five additional points for naming them in descending order.

Russian Soviet Federated Socialist Republic (RSFSR).

Ukrainian SSR

Uzbek SSR, or, Uzbekistan

Kazakh SSR, or, Kazakhstan

Byelorussian SSR, or, White Russia

2. (20 pts.) Name the four major Keltic holy days. Five points each.

Lughnasad

Beltain

Samain

Imbolc

- 3. (30 pts.) Identify the world's five largest islands. Five points each, plus five points for naming them in either correct assembles descending order. Note that island-continents do not constitute correct responses.
 - Greenland
 - 2. New Guinea
 - 3. Borneo
 - Madagascar
 - Baffin Island
- 4. (30-20-10) Wind the "Little Flower" from the following description. You will receive thirty points if you answer after the first clue, twenty if after the second, and ten if after the third.
 - A. He read the comics of newspapers over the radio when newspapers in his experimental comics of newspapers over the radio when newspapers in his experimental comics of newspapers over the radio when newspapers in his experimental comics of newspapers over the radio when newspapers in his experimental comics of newspapers over the radio when newspapers in his experimental comics of newspapers over the radio when newspapers in his experimental comics of newspapers over the radio when newspapers in his experimental comics of newspapers over the radio when newspapers in his experimental comics of newspapers over the radio when newspapers in his experimental comparison of the comics of newspapers over the radio when newspapers in his experimental comparison of the comics of the comics of the comics of the comics of the comparison of
 - B. Het was the beloved Mayor of a major American city in the 30s and 40s.
 - C. One of New York's major airports was named after me in remembrance of my wars on corruption, and of all of the construction that took place under my supervision.

Fiorello La Guardia

5. (30 pts.) Match the animal with its method of gas exchange. Concurrent, countercurrent, crosscurrent, and ventilated pool. Animal Bald Eagle? A. Salmon? B. C. Man? Method of Gas Exchange Crosscurrent x B. Countercurrent X C. Ventilated Pool X 6. (30 pts.) In a bridge auction, what calls do you make in the following situations? You are playing American Standard and hold 17 high card points A. with even distribution. You are also dealer. What do you open? You are playing Precision and hold 17 high card points with even B. distribution. You dealt, What do you open? You and your partner play Blackwood, and he has just bid 4 No-Trump. \ You hold one ace. The opponents pass. What do you respond? 1 No Trump **Letub** 5 Diamonds 7. (30 pts.) Identify the authors of the following works from the Soviet period. Title A: We B: Babi Yar C: Gulag Archipelago Authors A: Zamyatin B: Kuznetsov, or Anatoli C: Solzhenitsyn 8. (20 pts.) The last bonus asked for the name of the author of Gulag Archipelago, but now, all you have to do is spell the two-word title. Gulag Archipelago

9. (30 pts.) Given the titles of the following poems, identify the poets. To mitigate the confusion inherent in asking you to make a definitive statement about a non-unique name, the names of the poems will be accompanied by approximate dates. Five points each.

	Poem	Decade
A.	The Congo	1910s
B.	Elegy Written in a Country Churchyard	1760s
Ċ.	The Last of the Light Brigade	1890s
D.	The Charge of the Light Brigade	1860s
E.	My Last Duchess	1870s
F.	Eugene Onegin	1820s

Poets

		*	
A.	Vachel Lindsay X	B.	Thomas Gray V

- C. Rudyard Kipling D. Alfred Lord Tennyson
- E. Robert Browning √ E. Aleksandr Pushkin
- 10. (20 pts.) Two parts, each worth ten points. Identify which of the following languages is not from the same linguistic group as its companions.
 - A. First list: Russian, French, Finnish, and Norwegian.
 - B. Second list: Rumanian, Polish, Russian, and Bulgarian.
- 11. (25 pts.) Bodies of water. You will be given a list of bodies of water and then asked to match them with a concise description. Five points each. Bodies of Water: Lake Tanganyika, Great Bear Lake, Lake Baikal, The Caspian Sea, and the Baltic Sea.
 - A. Which is not a fresh-water lake?
 - B. Which contains the most fresh water?
 - C. Which is the deepest lake outside of Asia?
 - D. In surface area, which is largest?
 - E. Which of these bodies of water is at the highest elevation?
 - A. The Baltic Sea B. Lake Baikal X
 C. Lake Tanganyika D. The Baltic Sea X
 - E. Lake Tanganyika 📈

- 12. (30 pts.) American history is filled with stories of Americans directing violence towards those perceived as outsiders. Provide the requested information relating to the following scenes of violence.
 - A. Name the creek in South Dakota where American soldiers killed 200 Sioux who were in the process of surrendering peacefully in 1890.
 - B. In 1968 in this village in South Vietnam, Lt. William Calley and troopers under his control massacred many innocent Vietnamese.
 - C. A number of Indian tribes, including the Cherokees, Seminoles, Chickasaws, Choctaws, and Creeks were forced to migrate westward in the 1820s, '30s, and '40s. What is the name used to describe this path, along which so many Indians died?
 - A) Wounded Knee

B) My Lai

- C) The Trail of Tears
- 13. (30 pts.) Sequel series are very common in science fiction and fantasy, and several authors have had, or are having, great success with them. For your points, you will be asked to name all of the books in two sequel series. To receive the fifteen points allotted to each series, you must name all of the book in it, so there are two 15-point, all or nothing bonuses here.

A: First, name all of the books in Stephen Donaldson's <u>The Second</u> <u>Chronicles of Thomas Covenant, the Unbeliever.</u>

B: And second, name all of the books, both current and forthcoming, in David Eddings' The Malloreon.

A: (Donaldson)

<u>The Wounded Land</u>

<u>The One Tree</u>

White-Gold Wielder

B: (Eddings)

The Guardians of the West
The King of the Murgos

The Demon Lord of Karanda The Sorceress of Darshiva

The Seeress of Kell

14. (30 pts.) It was a tenet of Early Roman historians that before Rome became a Republic, it was ruled by seven kings. Everybody knows, or should know, that traditionally, Romulus was considered to be the first king of Rome. For five points apiece, name in any order the other six kings of Rome.

Numa Pompilius, Tullus Hostilius, Ancus Martius, Tarquinius Priscus, Servius Tullius, and Tarquinius Superbus

- 15. (30-20-10) Identify this figure from Greek mythology.
 - A. This monster did not produce any offspring while she was alive, but, in death, she produced the horse Pegasus, and Chrysaor, a man with a golden sword.
 - B. The monster, whose name means "queen," lived with her sisters in the West, "beyond the famed ocean on the outer limits of the earth towards the darkness.
 - C. This monster, by far the ugliest of the three Gorgon sisters, was killed by Perseus. Today, her name is applied to certain types of jelly-fish.

Medusa

16. (20 pts.) For Five points apiece, name the four men, whom Abraham Lincoln defeated in his two presidential campaigns:

Stephen Douglas, John Breckinridge, John Bell and George McClellan

17. (25 pts.) I'll name five Romantic composers, and for five points each, name the land of their birth.

Composers

- A. Jean Sibelius
- B. Cesar Cui
- C. Max Reger
- D. Edward Grieg
- E. Michael Glinka

Homeland

- A. Finland B. C. Germany D.
- 7 7
- E. Russia
- B. Russia (accept Lithuania)

Norway /

18. (25 pts.) Everybody knows that by his death in 1227, Ghengis Khan had conquered large tracts of Central Asia and Northern China, and that in 1260, Kublai Khan, having become the Great Khan, established the Yuan dynasty in China, a dynasty that would control China for the next hundred years or so. But the Mongol leaders also turned their sights, and their animals, to the Islamic lands to the west. For 25 points, who was the Mongol chieftain who sacked Baghdad in 1258 and was the founder of the il-Khan dynasty in Persia?

Hülegü

- 19. (30 pts.) As you heard cartier, Game 6 of the 1986 World Series was one of the unlikeliest and luckiest comebacks in Sports history. It was not, however, the best comeback of the 1986 baseball playoffs. In game 5 of the American League Championship Series, Boston overcame a three-run deficit in the top of the ninth inning.
 - a) For Five points, who hit the second two-run homerun, with two outs in the top of the ninth inning to put Boston ahead?

Dave Henderson

- b) For Ten points, who hit the first one? **Don Baylor**
- c) For Fifteen points, who hit the sacrifice fly in the top of the eleventh inning to win it?

Dwight Evans

(25 pts.) Who's your favorite pre-Civil War Attorney General? Just kidding!
For Five points apiece, can you name Washington's original cabinet and
positions. (Do not include the vice-president.)

Secretary of State: Thomas Jefferson
Secretary of Treasury: Alexander Hamilton
Secretary of War: Henry Knox
Postmaster General: Samuel Csgood
Attorney General: Edmund Randolph

- 21. (30-20-10) A famous Ruler
 - a) Pliny the Younger wrote a panegyric to this Roman Emperor.
 - b) He was the first Roman Emperor with a provincial origin.
 - c) The Roman Empire reached its height during his reign.

Trajan

22. (25 pts.) Everybody knows Carthage's greatest general was Hannibal. But what was the name of his grandfather who negotiated the peace at the end of the first Punic War with Rome?

Hasdrubal

23. (20 pts.) About 65 years after Alexander the Great reached the Indus River, a Buddhist founded the first Indian Empire. Can you name him?

Asoka

- 24. (25 pts.) Vive la France, et surtout, sa musique! I'll name, and briefly describe, four pieces of French Program music. For five points apiece, and 25 points if you identify them all correctly, name the composer who composed each of these pieces.
 - A. <u>Les Nuits d'Ete</u> (or <u>Summer Nights</u>) A song cycle whose texts are taken from a series of poems, dealing with the theme of unrequited love, written by Theophile Gauthier.
 - B. <u>Socrate</u> A three-movement piece for voice and small chamber orchestra, whose texts are selections from three Platonic dialogues: The <u>Symposium</u>, The <u>Phaedrus</u>, and The <u>Phaedo</u>.
 - C. <u>March of the Animals</u> This suite of orchestrated pieces was not performed during its author's lifetime because he feared that it would detract from his reputation as a serious composer. Perhaps its most famous selection is <u>The Swan</u>, which inspired a famous routine by the ballerina, Anna Pavlova.
 - D. The Daphnis and Chloe Suite Originally incidental music for a ballet, this suite of orchestral pieces was later adapted to "chamber form" by its composer, who was a leading light of Impressionism in music. It is notable for its choruses which do not use any lyrics, but rather, depend on the euphony of the human voice.
 - A. Berlioz B. Satie C. Saint-Saens D. Ravel
- 25. (30 pts.) If you've gotten this far into the bonuses, you must be really good College Bowlers. So her's a ridiculously easy bonus: Who painted The Envoys of Agamemnon, The Valpinson Bather, Joan of Arc in the Cathedral of Reims, Le Comtesse d'Haussonville and, of course, The Turkish Baths.

Jean-August-Dominique Ingres