

T1. Founded to help the numerous immigrants that were settling in Chicago, it was opened in 1889. For ten points name this settlement house founded by Ellen Starr and Nobel laureate Jane Addams.

Answer: Hull House

T2. [two answers required] E. R. Stettinius Jr. replaced Cordell Hull as Secretary of State under F. D. R., and George Schultz replaced Al Haig under Reagan. But for ten points, who replaced whom as Secretary of State under Jimmy Carter?

Answer: Edmund Muskie replaced Cyrus Vance

T3. A middle-aged man named Peter sits quietly on a bench in Central Park reading a newspaper. Then along comes a rough-looking fellow named Jerry who claims to have just come from the zoo. Such is the beginning of a well-known play by one of America's leading playwrights. For ten points, give the title of this play by Pulitzer Prize winner Edward Albee.

Answer: The Zoo Story

T4. The Director of Research on anti-submarine warfare in 1944-45, he was named Director of Research for the Weapons Systems Evaluation Group of the Department of Defense. Earlier, he collaborated with John Bardeen and Walter Brattain in the discovery of electrical conductivity in solids. For ten points, name this American physicist, the recipient of the 1955 Noble Prize in physics for his development of the transistor.

Answer: William Shockley

NOBEL

T5. A general in the early Roman Republic, he proposed that grain be withheld from Plebians during the famine of 491 B. C. When rejected, he joined the Volscians, making war on Rome. For ten points, name this traitor, later killed by the Volscians, whose life served as the basis for a Shakespearean drama.

Answer: Gaius Marcus Coriolanus

T6. This term literally means "fighters for the faith," and unlike the Contras, they had little trouble in obtaining U.S. backing in their efforts to overthrow the leftist government of their country. For ten points, name this guerilla force that continues to fight after ten years of war, despite a Soviet pullout from their country.

Answer: Mujaheddin

T7. What, for ten points, is the sum of the infinite series: quantity 9 divided by 10 plus^v quantity 9 divided by 100 plus quantity 9 divided by 1000 and so on (9/10 + 9/100 + 9/1000)?

Answer: 1. one

T8. Three different kinds of snakes are known by this name. They are all related to the cobras, but do not have the hood. Conversely, cobras do not have the distinction of having a dance with a similar name to their own. For ten points, what is the name given to these snakes?

Answer: Mambas

T9. The award is given annually to the amateur athlete who "by his or her performance, example and influence as an amateur, has done the most during the year to advance the cause of sportsmanship." Golfer Bobby Jones was the first winner in 1930, and Florence Griffith-Joyner won in 1988. For ten points, name this award.

Answer: James E. Sullivan Memorial Trophy

T10. Francisco Coronado first explored this state in the early 1540's, in 1598, the first colony was established there at a place called San Juan. It became part of the U.S. in 1848, and a separate territory in 1850 before finally becoming a state in the 20th century. For ten points, name this western state with the highest state capital in the U.S.

Answer: New Mexico

T11. When the dust cleared, four legislators were sent to federal prison, including New Jersey Senator Harrison "Pete" Williams. In addition to Williams, six Congressmen were recorded on file accepting bribes from wealthy Arabs, who were actually FBI agents. For ten points, name this 1980 sting operation.

Answer: Abscam

T12. The invasion of Panama was carried out with a joint combination of forces from the U.S. southern command and several rapid deployment forces of the U.S. army, navy, and marines. All of these forces were commanded locally by the Commanding General of the U.S. Southern Command, who gave briefings several times during the crisis. For ten points, name this American general who led the invasion of Panama.

Answer: Gen. Maxwell Thurman

T13. The Steinach process was an early twentieth-century attempt to cure impotence by the surgical use of primate glandular hormones. Probably the most famous recipient of this operation was an impotent Irishman whose canon of works includes "Who Goes With Fergus?," "Easter 1916" and "Under Ben Bulbin." For ten points, name him.

Answer: William Butler Yeats

T14. Left a widow with five children at age 29, she converted to Catholicism and moved to Baltimore, where she opened a school for girls. In 1813, she founded a modern religious community based upon the Sisters of Charity of Saint Vincent de Paul. For ten points, name this woman who became the first American-born person to be canonized by the Roman Catholic Church in 1975.

Answer: Elizabeth Ann Seton

T15. The term hadn't been used very often in over 15 years, not since the Vietnam War. Then, with a successful book and a movie starring Bruce Willis that used this term as their respective titles, it resurfaced again in the military briefings of the pentagon concerning U.S. troops involved in Central American in the latter of 1989. For ten points, what is this term used to refer to soldiers staying for a period of time in a foreign land?

Answer: In Country

PART

T16. He is a Norwegian explorer now excavating 26 ancient Indian pyramids in Tecumeh (TOO-koo-may), Peru. He sailed from Peru in 1947 in a small raft to show that some Pacific Islands were settled from South America. For ten points, name him.

Answer: Thor Heyerdahl

T17. For ten points, name the film director from a list of works. "The Russians are Coming, the Russians are Coming," "Agnes of God," "A Soldier's Story," and "Moonstruck."

Answer: Norman Jewison

T18. For ten points, identify the Jesuit missionary who, on December 4, 1674, built a mission house, the first building on the site of a trading post that would one day become the city of Chicago.

Answer: James Marquette

T19. Everyone here has probably heard of Linda Ronstadt. But did you know that her first backup band left to form a group of their own? The result was one of the most successful groups in the 1970's, whose string of albums included *On The Border* and *One of These Nights*. For ten points, name these Desparados.

Answer: The Eagles

T20. In 1983, the first spacecraft to travel beyond all the known planets crossed the orbit of Neptune and left the solar system. For ten points, name it.

Answer: Pioneer 10

B01. [25 Points] One of the favorite pastimes of former government officials is to write books about their wonderful experiences while roaming the halls of power. Let's see how much you know about these great works of literary merit, more affectionately known as "kiss and tell" books. Five points each, an additional five for all correct.

- [1] Donald Regan's book which details Nancy Reagan's use of an astrologer.

Answer: For the Record

- [2] Larry Speake's detailed account of what went on behind the scenes of the Reagan White House.

Answer: Speaking Out

- [3] G. Gordon Liddy's famous work about his activities both before, during, and after Watergate.

Answer: Will

- [4] Nancy Reagan's attempt to get back at all those who attacked her and her husband, this 1989 book was a bestseller.

Answer: My Turn

B02. [20 Points] A German-born American artist, he was commissioned in 1860 to paint a mural for the U.S. Capitol, a mural which became "Westward the Course of Empire takes its Way." Nine years earlier, he had completed one of the most famous American historical paintings ever, "Washington Crossing the Delaware." For 20 points name him.

Answer: Emmanuel Leutze

B03. [30 points] 30-20-10 Name this scientist.

- [1] While working at the University of California in 1940, he bombarded uranium in a cyclotron, producing neptunium and plutonium.

- [2] Two years later, he joined the Manhattan Project.

- [3] He won the 1951 Nobel Prize in Physics for his discoveries of Americium, Curium, Californium, and Berkelium.

Answer: Glenn T. Seaborg

B04. [25 points] For five points apiece, give the names of the following types of cavalry.

- [1] A mounted soldier armed with a lance. The Polish units that fought panzers during the opening days of World War II are among the most famous.

- [2] Algerian native cavalry that served under the French government or an irregular Turkish cavalry organized on a feudal basis.

- [3] A light cavalry whose name derives from the Hungarian for "freebooter."

- [4] A horse-mounted soldier who rides to battle, then dismounts to fight.

- [5] An ethnic group whose name derives from Russo-Turkish words meaning "adventurer."

Answer: [1] Lancers, [2] Spahis, [3] Hussars, [4] Hobilar or Dragoon, [5] Cossacks

B05. [20 points] In 1892, a French army surgeon isolated the parasite that caused sleeping sickness. Twelve years earlier, he had discovered the parasite that caused malaria. For 20 points, name this physician, recipient of the 1907 Nobel Prize in Medicine for his work in immunology.

Answer: Charles Laveran

B06. [20 points] He was elected Prime Minister of New Zealand in 1984, and was quick to ban nuclear weapons from his country and its waters. He antagonized the US government by threatening to search American warships for just such weapons. For 20 points, name him.

Answer: David Lange

B07. [30 points] For ten points apiece, name the two-masted sailing vessel from a description of its rigging.

- [1] Both masts are rigged fore and aft.

- [2] The foremast is square-rigged, the mainmast is rigged fore and aft.

- [3] Both masts are square-rigged.

Answer: [1] Schooner, [2] Brigantine, [3] Brig

B08. [30 points] Identify the sport on a 30-20-10 basis.

- [1] Articles found in the tomb of an Egyptian boy dating from 5200 BC indicate the Egyptians played it. The Polynesians called it "ula maika" and used similar stone implements.
- [2] Martin Luther played it, not as a sport, but as a religious ceremony.
- [3] It is mentioned in *Rip Van Winkle* by Washington Irving in 1818, the first allusion to the sport now played by over 60 million Americans.

Answer: Bowling

B09. [20 points] A student of Mark van Doren's at Columbia, he went on to graduate from Cambridge. His father committed suicide early in his life, and this would become a crucial theme in his poetry, punctuated in 1972 with his own suicide. For 20 points, name this Confessional poet who received the 1965 Pulitzer Prize in Poetry for his 77 *Dream Songs*.

Answer: John Berryman

B10. [30 points] Let's see how much you know about those Western Pacific seas. For 5 points apiece, name the sea which separates each of the following:

- | | |
|---|---|
| [1] Sakhalin Island and the Kamchatka Peninsula | Answer: Sea of <u>Okhotsk</u> ✓ |
| [2] Red China and the Ryuku Islands | Answer: <u>East China</u> Sea ✓ |
| [3] Vietnam and the Philippines | Answer: <u>South China</u> Sea ✓ |
| [4] Indonesia and Australia | Answer: <u>Timor</u> or <u>Arafura</u> Sea |
| [5] Australia and the Solomon Islands | Answer: <u>Coral</u> Sea ✓ |
| [6] Australia and New Zealand | Answer: <u>Tasman</u> Sea ✓ |

B11. [25 points] John McEnroe had nothing on a certain Roman Baroque artist, whose unconventional and savage temper led him to eventually stab an opponent to death in a tennis match. For 25 points, name this artist whose *Chiaroscuro* style was evidenced in such works as "The Conversion of St. Paul," "The Doubting Thomas," and "The Martyrdom of Saint Matthew."

Answer: Caravaggio

B12. [20 points] Composed to commemorate the opening of the Grand Opera House in Cairo and the opening of the Suez Canal, it was produced in 1877. The opera relates the story of a slave girl, daughter of the king of Ethiopia, and her lover Rhadames, the captain of the Egyptian Royal Guard. For 20 points, name this Verdi opera.

Answer: Aida

B13. [30 points] Identify this poet on a 30-20-10 basis.

- [1] A graduate of Howard and Columbia, he published his first volume of poetry, *Preface to a 20-Volume Suicide Note*, in 1961.
- [2] A black militant and writer, he authored *Blues People: Negro Music in White America* and *Raise, Race, Rays, and Raze*.
- [3] His best known play is *The Dutchman and the Slave*.

Answer: Imamu Amiri Baraka Le Roi JONES

B14. [25 points] Well, the Academy Awards for 1989 have come and gone, but let's test your knowledge of the event. For five points apiece, give me the names of the five people who were nominated for Best Director.

Answer: Oliver Stone, Woody Allen, Kenneth Branagh, Jim Sheridan and Peter Weir

B15. [20 points] Although there has been no official finding in the case of the crash of Pan Am Flight 103, most experts believe that the culprits were a part of a well-known terrorist organization with the initials P.F.L.P. For ten points apiece:

- [1] What do the initials P.F.L.P stand for?
- [2] Who is the Syrian general who serves as the head of this organization?

Answer: [1] Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine, [2] Akmed Gihri

B16. [25 points] For 25 points, all or nothing, name the first four people to hold cabinet

B16. [25 points] For 25 points, all or nothing, name the first four people to hold cabinet positions in the United States government, along with their corresponding positions.

Answer: Secretary of State Thomas Jefferson
Secretary of War Henry Knox
Secretary of the Treasury Alexander Hamilton
Attorney General Edmund Randolph

B17. [30 points] For five points each, plus a five point bonus for all correct, give the current major league baseball team that each of the following currently play for:

- | | |
|--------------------|--|
| [1] Kevin Bass | Answer: <u>San Francisco Giants</u> |
| [2] Joe Carter | Answer: <u>San Diego Padres</u> |
| [3] Tom Brunansky | Answer: <u>St. Louis Cardinals</u> |
| [4] Bo Jackson | Answer: <u>Kansas City Royals</u> |
| [5] Jesse Barfield | Answer: <u>New York Yankees</u> |

B18. [30 points] Identify this person on a 30-20-10 basis.

- [1] He graduated from Hamilton College with a degree in English and a Phi Beta Kappa key. In 1925, at a summer writing school, Robert Frost commented favorably on his poems and stories.
- [2] He wanted to become a writer and later published a novel after receiving a doctorate in psychology from Harvard.
- [3] Today, he is better known as "the major contributor to psychology in this country." He is well-known for his behaviorist theories.

Answer: B.F. Skinner

B19. [20 points] For 20 points, name the literary group who took their name from an area of London where Virginia and Leonard Woolf lived, and which counted Bertrand Russell and T.S. Elliot as peripheral members and Clive Bell, E.M. Forster, Lytton Strachey, and John Maynard Keynes as regular members.

Answer: Bloomsbury Group

B20. [30 points] Identify this person on a 30-20-10 basis.

- [1] His film debut was in the 1958 Roger Corman film, *The Cry Baby Killer*.
- [2] His first attempt at directing *Drive, He Said*, in 1971, was a dismal failure both critically and at the box office.
- [3] He now has two Oscars under his belt, one in 1975 for Best Actor and one in 1983 for Best Supporting Actor, and is currently directing himself in *The Two Jakes*, the long-awaited sequel to his 1974 hit *Chinatown*.

Answer: Jack Nicholson