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    University of Illinois Round
2nd Annual Elvis Aaron Presley Memorial (?) Tournament
TOSS-UPS
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1. Today, English is used worldwide in commerce and politics. During the 18th century, French was known as the language of diplomacy. Before that, Latin was the international language in Europe from Roman times until the Renaissance. In 1887, Dr. Lazarus Ludwig Zamenhof of Poland presented an artificial language to perform the same function that English, French and Latin have historically fulfilled. For 10 points, name the international language which he created.

Answer: Esperanto
2. He never won the Nobel Prize, but he was repeatedly mominated his death in 1957. He is perhaps best known for two of his novels which were made into movies: The Last Temptation Christ and Zorba the Greek. For 10 points, name this Greek novelist.

Answer: Nikos Kazantzakis
3. On June 7, 1494, at a site in not trern Spain, the two great seafaring nations of the day concluded a treaty dividing the world between them. A line of demarcation was drawn along the meridian 370 - leagues west of the Cape Verde Islands. All lands to the west of this line, not currently ruled by a Christian monarch, were to belong to Spain and those east of the line to Portugal. For 10 points, what name was given to this historic agreement?

A S5wer: Treaty of Tordesillas
4. It burst upon the scene in 1054 A.D. as one of the brightest supernovas ever recorded. Since then, the matter has diffused. This object, a strong emitter of radio and X-rays, is found in Taurus, although its name might suggest that it is in Cancer. For 10 points, name this astronomical body.

Answer: Crab Nebula
5. Imagine thumbing through the real estate ads in your paper and coming upon this item: For sale, 15 year old beauty, one previous owner. Great view16,000 windows. Spacious - enough room for 16,700 occupants. Great LocationWacker Drive, Chicago. Asking price $\$ 1$ billion, but negotiable. For 10 points, identify this 1454 foot tall building, for sale by the current owner.

Answer: Sears Tower
6. People may worry about what Dan Quayle will do as vice-president, but historically vice-presidents have had little impact on the nation unless they later became president. Consider the last Indiana-born vice-president, who is only remembered because he said, "What this country needs is a really good 5 cent cigar." For 10 points, name him.

Answer: Thomas Marshall
7. Her novels relate the experience of the black American woman with musical language and evocative dialogue. Born Chloe Anthony Wofford in 1931, her works include Sula, Sonq of Solomon, Tar Baby, and Beloved. For 10 points, name this contemporary novelist.

Answer: Toni Morrison
8. In 1988, Winning Colors became only the 3rd filly to win the Kentucky Derby since it began in 1875. It wasn't until 1915 that the first filly took the roses, 65 years before Genuine Risk became the second female winner of this male-dominated event. For 10 points, name the pioneering filly who first won the Kentucky Derby.

## Answer: Regret

9. If you've ever taken an introductory chemistry course, you may have been bewildered by all the long, tongue-twisting names. However, one chemical element has a very short name, only 3 letters. Number 50 in the periodic table, its symbol is SN. For 10 points, what is the terse name of this element?

Answer: Tin
10. The subject of a James Michener opus, it is the drowned lower course of the Susquehannah River. About 200 miles long and up to 30 miles wide, it separates the Delmarva Peninsula from mainland Maryland and Virginia. For 10 points, name this major inlet on the Atlantic shoreline.

Answer: Chesapeake bay
11. John Dryden wrote the heroic verse play Marriage a la Mode in 1673. Seventy years later, an artist did a series of engravings also entitled Marriage a la Mode. For 10 points, identify the artist whose other satirical works include The Rake's Progress and The Harlot's Progress.

Answer: William Hoqarth
12. He was charged with heresy at the Synod of Soissons and compelled to burn his book Introductio ad Theoloqiam in 1121 . He was again condemned of heresy in 1141, a year before his death. Earlier, Fulbert, the canon of Notre Dame, had hired ruffians to castrate him because of his love affair with Heloise, Fulbert's niece. His most influential work collected the contradictory writings of the Church fathers and was entitled Sic et Non. For 10 points, identify this French dialectician.

Answer: Peter (Pierre) Abelard
13. In the 5th century B.C., the Greek dramatist Aeschylus wrote the tragedy Prometheus Bound. About 2300 years later, Prometheus was freed in the poetic drama Prometheus Unbound. For 10 points, name the poet who composed this work in 1820.

Answer: Percy Bysshe Shelley
14. The German composer Robert Schumann was a leader in the Romantic movement, primarily known for his brilliant piano compositions. If he needed someone to perform his work, he did not have to look very far, as his wife was an equally accomplished concert pianist. For 10 points, what was his wife's first name?

Answer: Clara
15. Commonly misdiagnosed, more than 5000 cases of this disease have been reported in the U.S., although the actual number is probably much greater. Eighty percent of cases occur between May and August and symptoms include facial paralysis, cardiac disorders and especially arthritis. It is now the most common tick-transmitted illness in America. Its name comes from a city in Connecticut where many of the first cases were reported. For 10 points, identify this debilitating disease.

Answer: Lyme disease
16. This term is now commonly applied to any kind of legal exemption based on prior status. Originally, the name came from provisions enacted in seven southern states to restrict black suffrage, which exempted anyone eligible to vote before January 1, 1867 and his descendants from rigid economic and literacy requirements. This allowed poor or illiterate whites to avoid restrictions intended to keep blacks from voting. The U.S. Supreme Court declared these voting provisions unconstitutional in 1915. For 10 points, what name is given to such exemptions, which often protect existing interests when new legislation is passed?

Answer: grandfather clause or grandfathering
17. Lifesavers candy ... Del Monte fruits and vegetables ... Oreo Cookies ... Planter's peanuts ... Winston cigarettes. These are all products of a company that went private in a huge leveraged buyout engineered by Kohlberg, Kravis, Roberts \& Company in 1988. For 10 points, name this giant food and tobacco firm.

Answer: RJR Nabisco (if the answer is Nabisco, RJR, or Reynolds, please ask for more information.)
18. It was bad enough when he sought to overthrow the legitimate rulers of Asgard. Then he tricked the blind god Hoder into killing everyone's favorite, Balder, with a dart of mistletoe. One legend says that he remains chained to a rock, waiting to escape and wage war against the good gods with his evil childven Hel, Fenris-Wolf, and the Midgard Serpent. For 10 points, who is this Norse god of strife and evil?

Answer: Loki
19. It was first established in 478 B.C. to oppose Persia, but it later became an Athenian hegemony. This group opposed the Peloponessian League, headed by Sparta, during the Peloponessian War from 431-404 B.C. For 10 points, by what name was this alliance of Greek city-states known?

Answer: Delian Leaque
20. Born in Oklahoma City on March 1, 1914, he studied music at Tuskegee Institute before going to New York City, where his interest turned to fiction writing under the influence of Richard Wright. In 1964, he wrote Shadow and Act, a collection of essays on race, the artist, and society. He is best known for his first novel, which won the National Book award in 1953, entitled Invisible Man. For 10 points, name this American writer.

Answer: Ralph Ellison
21. Founded in 1893 on Lake Victoria, this small town was the administrative capital of the British Uganda Protectorate from 1894-1962. Near Kampala, it is better known as the site of a major international airport where, in 1976, Israeli commandos staged a daring rescue of 91 passengers from a hijacked plane. For 10 points, in what town is this airport located?

## Answer: Entebbe

22. He was governor of New York from 1943-1955, twice losing bids for the presidency. In 1944, it was no surprise when he lost to Franklin Roosevelt, but in 1948 he was stunned by Harry S. Truman in one of the biggest upsets in political history. For 10 points, name him.

Answer: Thomas Dewey
23. On the most literal level, this novel describes the dreams and nightmares of H. C. Earwicker and his family. The use of puns, foreign words, allusions, slang, phrases from popular culture and contrived words makes it inaccessible to most readers without special study or knowledge. The last unfinished sentence is completed by a half sentence at the beginning, creating a circular effect. For 10 points, name this 1939 experimental novel by James Joyce.

Answer: Finneqans Wake
24. A CRT is a device in which electrons are accelerated by high-voltage anodes to form a beam which is focused by electrodes. You will find them in oscilloscopes, television sets and computer monitors. For 10 points, what does the acronym CRT stand for?

Answer: cathode-ray tube
25. In 1570, Cyprus fell to the Turks, prompting Pope Pius $V$ to establish a Holy League for defense of the Mediterranean. The major Christian naval powers, Venice and Spain, assembled a fleet of 200 ships under the command of Don Juan of Austria. On the 7 th of October, 1571, this fleet defeated a numerically superior Turkish fleet at the greatest naval battle since Actium, over 1600 years earlier. For 10 points, what was this epic battle called?
26. Born in 1875, he was an organist and expert on the music of Bach. He wrote a biography of the composer in 1905 and coedited his music several years later. He summarized his ethics in Philosophy of. Civilization and his theology in The Quest of the Historical Jesus. Also a physician, he established a hospital at Lambarene, Gabon in 1913. In 1952, he won the Nobel Peace Prize for his work there. For 10 points, identify this man whose name is synonomous with good works.

Answer: Albert Schweitzer
27. George Bush had a slightly more difficult job choosing his cabinet before his inauguration in 1989 than Ronald Reagan did in 1981. Bush had to pick one more cabinet member, because in 1988 Congress passed, and Reagan signed into law, legislation creating a new cabinet-level post. For 10 points, what is this newly created office?

Answer: Secretary of the Department of Veteran's Affairs
28. This abstract mathematical system, used primarily in computer science and set theory, expresses the relationships between groups of objects or concepts. Hamlet's phrase, "To be or not to be" is a humorous candidate for analysis by this form of symbolic logic developed by an English mathematician around 1850. Using such notation as AND, OR, XOR and NOT, complicated statements may be formulated in a concise manner. For 10 points, what is this branch of mathematics called?

Answer: Boolean alqebra
29. Consisting of twin peaks, Mawenzi at 17,564 feet and Kibo at 19,340 feet, it is the highest mountain in Africa. For 10 points, identify this Tanzanian mountain, the site of a Hemingway short story.

## Answer: Kilimanjaro

30. An ancient fertility deity, she was the most widely worshiped goddess in the Babylonian and Assyrian religions. She was also the goddess of both love and war. You may recognize her name, however, as the title of a recent Dustin Hoffman / Warren Beatty flop. For ten points, name the goddess whose name has been so desecrated.

Answer: Ishtar

University of Illinois Round 2nd Annual Elvis Aaron Presley Memorial (?) Tournament BONUSES

1. (25-pts.) Born in 1887, his Fen Days That Shook the World is considered the best eyewitness account of the 1917 Russian Revolution. He helped fourn the Communist Labor party in the U.S. After he died of typhus in Moscow in 1920, he was buried in the Kremlin, the American to be so honored. For 25 points, name this journalist who was the subject of Wafren Beatty's 1981 movie Reds.
2. (25 pts.) Central America is an isthmus connecting North and South America. The Pacific Ocean lies on one side, the Atlantic (or Gulf of Mexico and Carribean Sea) on the other. Answer the following questions about Central American geography:
(1) For 10 points, name the only Central American nation having no coast on the Atlantic side.

Answer: El Salvador
(2) For 10 points, name the only Central American nation having no coast on the Pacific side.

Answer: Belize
(3) For 5 points, what is the largest freshwater lake in Central America?

## Answer: Lake Nicaraqua

3. (20 pts.) Born in Austria in 1732, he worked for the Esterhazy princes for 29 years and formed a great friendship with Mozart. His prodigious output includes over 100 symphonies, 80 string quartets and 50 sonatas in addition to various other pieces. Late in life he wrote two great oratorios entitled The Creation and The Seasons. For $2 \boldsymbol{\theta}$ points, name this composer of the Clock Symphony.

Answer: Franz Joseph Haydn
4. ( 30 pts.) You'll get 3 clues to the identity of an English dramatist. If you name him after 1 clue, you get 30 points, after two clues 20 points, and 10 points if you name him after all 3 clues.
(1) Born around 1557, he was a scrivener by profession and is thought to have written an early version of Hamlet.
(2) While sharing a room with Christopher Marlowe, he was arrested for atheism and heresy in 1593, the year before his death.
(3) His most famous play is The Spanish Traqedy.

Answer: Thomas Kyd
5. (25 pts.) In 1633, the plague hit a small Bavarian village. When the plague had ended, the grateful villagers vowed to perform the Passion Play every 10 years. For 25 points, name this village where the story of Christ's passion is still reenacted every 10 years.

Answer: Dberammerqau
6. (30 pts.) Two leaders, half a world apart, took office on the same day, December 1, 1988. Given a clue, name each for 15 points:
(1) The new president of Mexico, a member of PRI, the Institutional Revolutionary Party.

Answer: Carlos Salinas de Gortari
(2) The new prime minister of Pakistan, head of the Pakistan People's Party and daughter of a former prime minister.

Answer: Benazir Bhutto
7. (25 pts.) Answer these questions about NFL rushing leaders.
(1) Who are the top 4 lifetime rushers in NFL history? Name 2 of the 4 for 5 points; 3 of them for 10 points; all 4 for 15 points; 20 points if you name all 4 in order, most yards gained to least. One list of 4 names, please.

Answer: (in order) Walter Payton, Tony Dorsett, Jim Brown, Franco Harris
(2) For an additional 5 points, within 500 , how many rushing yards did Walter Payton gain during his NFL career?

Answer: 16,726 (accept 16,226 to 17,226 )
8. (30 pts.) Name this religion, 30-20-10.
(1) Its scriptures are the Avesta or Zend Avesta.
(2) The Parsis of India and some adherents in Iran still practice this religion, founded before the 6th century B.C.
(3) It teaches that good spirits, headed by Ahura Mazdah, will oppose evil spirits, led by Ahriman, and defeat them.

Answer: Zoroastrianism
9. (30 pts.) 1543 was a banner year for landmark textbooks, when two major works, in two different scientific fields, were published. For 15 points each, name the author after you are given a title.
(1) De Revolutionibus or On the Revolutions of the Heavenly Bodies.

Answer: Nicolaus Copernicus
(2) De Humani Corporis Fabrica or Structure of the Human Body.

Answer: Andreas Vesalius
10. (30 pts.) William Faulkner was awarded the Nobel Prize in Literature in 1949. Given brief descriptions of 3 of his novels, name each for 10 points.
(1) Lucius Priest travels with Boon Hogganbeck and Ned the Coachman to a Memphis brothel in this coming of age tale which won the 1962 Pulitzer Prize.

Answer: The Reivers
(2) In this popular 1931 novel, Temple Drake is raped by Popeye and Lee Goodwin is wrongly lynched for the crime.

Answer: Sanctuary
(3) A 1930 stream of consciousness novel describing the ordeals of the family of Addie Bundren as they carry her body to Jefferson, Mississippi for burial.

Answer: As I Lay Dying
11. (30 pts.) If you can tell an acid from a base, you'll do well on this bonus. Given a description of 3 of the most useful acid-base theories in chemistry, give the name (or names) identified with each theory.
(1) An acid dissociates in water to yield hydrogen ions, while a base dissociates in water to yield hydroxyl ions.

Answer: Arrhenius
(2) An acid is a proton donor and a base is a proton acceptor.

Answer: Bronsted-Lowry
(3) An acid accepts a pair of electrons; a base donates a pair of electrons.

Answer: Lewis
12. (30 pts.) There were many pivotal battles in the U.S. Civil War. I'll describe 3 major battles and you name each for 10 points.
(1) One of Robert E. Lee's greatest victories, it was fought from May 2-4, 1863. During this battle, Stonewall Jackson was accidently shot and mortally wounded by his own troops.

## Answer: Chancellorsville

(2) Ulysses S. Grant was promoted to major general after earning his nickname "unconditional surrender" at this mid-February, 1862 battle in northern Tennessee.

Answer: Fort Donelson
(3) More than 10,000 troops died on each side in two days of heavy fighting around a small church in southern Tennessee. The original Union name for this battle was Pittsburg Landing.

Answer: Shiloh
13. (30 pts.) Name this artist, 30-20-10.
(1) One of the most influential of the Northern Renaissance artists, he was sympathetic to the Reformation and a friend of Luther and Melanchton.
$(2)$ Born the son of a Nuremburg goldsmith in 1471 , this master draftsman and engraver produced numerous woodcuts, including a series entitled Apocalypse.
(3) His paintings include St. Jerome in his Cell and Melencolia I, many studies of natural scenes and animals, and several well-known self-portraits.

Answer: Albrecht Durer
14. (25 pts.) He graduated from City College of New York in 1958 , where he was in the ROTC program. He was wounded twice during his two stints in Vietnam and his decorations include the Bronze Star and the Distinguished Service Medal. He was recently promoted to 4 star general and will soon assume command of all army troops stationed in the continental U.S. For 25 points, name this man, the first black to serve as National Security Advisor.

Answer: Colin Powell
15. (30 pts.) In 1688, the birth of a Roman Catholic son to James II of England helped precipitate the Glorious Revolution. Protestant leaders, fearing another devoutly Roman Catholic monarch, placed James' eldest daughter and William of Orange on the throne as Mary II and William III. For 10 points each, answer these questions related to the events described above.
thears note: Please do not give answer to part l beforp ssking patm.
(1) By what nickname was the Roman Catholic son, James Earl Stuart, known?

Answer: the 0ld Pretender
(2) By what nickname was his son, Charles Edward Stuart, the grandson of James II known, besides the young Pnetender?

Answer: Bonnie Prince Charlie of Orotendor
(3) After Mary died in 1694 and William in 1702, who ruled England?

Answer: Queen Anne
16. (25 pts.) A widely used system of measurement, denoted by the acronym MKS, is based on the Meter, Kilogram and Second as 3 of 7 basic units. For 5 points each, name the other 4 fundamental units of the MKS system, with a 5 point bonus for all 4. One list of 4 units, please.

Answer: Ampere, Kelvin, Candela, Mole
17. (25 pts.) He lived from 1896-1980 and is remembered for his contributions to child psychology, especially for his theory of cognitive and intellectual development. According to him, development proceeds in genetically determined stages that always follow the same cognitive order. He also showed that young children reason differently than adults. His writings include The Child's Conception of the World and Genetic Epistemology. For 25 points, name this noted Swiss child psychologist.

Answer: Jean Piaget
18. (30 pts.) Name this English literary figure, 30-20-10.
(1) He died on November 22, 1963, the same day as John F. Kennedy.
(2) His science fiction works are Christian allegories, including Dut of the Silent Planet, Perelandra and That Hideous Strenqth.
(3) His Chronicles of Narnia and The Screwtape Letters are also highly theological in nature.

Answer: C. S. Lewis or Clive Staples Lewis
T. ( 30 pts.) There lave been 3 major Progressive parties active in 1 S. presidential politics in the 20th century. Given the year of a pfesidential election identify each Progressive Party candidate for 10 points.
(1) 1912

Answer: Theodore Roosevelt
(2) 1924

Answer: Robert M. KaFollette
(3) 1948

Answer: Henry Wallare
20. 125 pis. 1 Only a hard core opera buff could sit through all 4 of and you'INget 5 points each for naming Richard Wagner's Ring Cycle-operas, or a total of 25 prints for correctly naming all of them inehronological order of performance. One list of 4 operas, please.

Answer: (in order) Das Rheinqe⿺辶 or the Rhine Gold
Die Valkyrie of the Valkyries Sieqfried
Die Gotterdamerung or Iwilight of the ends.
21. (25 pts.) Born in London in 1772, he made a fortune in the stock market and retired at the age of 25 to study economics. In 1810, he published his most influential book, Principles of Political Economy and Taxation. He is perhaps best known for formulating "the iron law of wages", stating that wages cannot rise above the subsistence level. For 25 points, name him.

Answer: David Ricardo
22. (30 pts.) In the 16 th century, Spain found itself with a large colonial empire in the New World. To govern this empire, two viceroyalties were set up. One included the West Indies, Mexico and lands north, the other consisted of the remaining New World Territories. For 10 points each, give the name of these two viceroyalties. For an additional 5 points each, name their capital cities. Be sure to indicate which capital goes with which viceroyalty.

Answer: New Spain - capital is Mexico City Peru - capital is Lima
23. (25 pts.) She was born in Marbacka, Sweden in 1858. Her works include a collection of short stories entitled The Wonderful Adventures of Nils and the trilogy The Ring of the Lowenskolds. She was the first woman to be admitted to the Swedish Academy, in 1914, and the first woman to win a Nobel Prize in Literature, in 1909. For 25 points, name this novelist and poet who died in 1940.

Answer: Selma Laqerlof
24. (25 pts.) John Ford won 4 academy awards as Best Director, in 1935, 1940, 1941 and 1952. You will get 5 points for naming each of the 4 films for which John Ford won the Oscar, with a bonus of 5 points for naming them all. One list of 4 films, please.

Answer: The Informerff, The Grapes of Wrath, How Green was My Valley, The Quiet Man (they do not have to be in order)
25. (25 pts.) He had heard that on June 21 the sun shone directly down a well, without casting a shadow, in Syene, near modern Aswan, Egypt. So, on June 21, 250 B.C., he measured the angle between the sun's rays and the obelisk at Alexandria, 800 kilometers to the north. With this information, he was able to accurately calculate the latitude of Alexandria and from that determine the approximate diameter of the Earth. For 25 points, who was this noted GreekEgyptian astronomer who first accurately determined the size of the Earth?

Answer: Eratosthenes

