

University of Wisconsin Round - OUISCONSIN

(Submitted to U. of Tennessee Masters' Tournament, Aug. 5, 1988)

1. This 20th-century Russian author won the Order of Lenin in 1939 for his work which is often cited as a model for Soviet writers. For 10 points, name the author of The Quiet Don.

Answer: Mikhail Sholokov

2. He proposed a labor theory of value, where the exchange value of a commodity depends solely on the amount of labor put into it. For 10 points, identify this natural philosopher who wrote On the Principles of Political Economy and Taxation in 1817.

Answer: David Ricardo

3. His works include Darkwater, Dusk of Dawn, and The Suppression of the African Slave Trade, but his best book was the 1899 The Philadelphia Negro: A Social Study. The partly autobiographical Souls of Black Folk is his best known work. For 10 points, name this American-born educator who died a Ghanaian citizen in 1963.

Answer: W. E. B. DuBois

4. Joe Biden had a tough time of it in the presidential campaign when the press found out his speeches were retreads of speeches originally made by a British labour leader. For 10 points, who was that Briton from whom Joe cribbed his lines?

Answer: Neil Kinnock

5. His autobiography is entitled Fun in a Chinese Laundry. He was obsessed with Marlene Dietrich, directing her in a number of films in the late 1920s and 1930s, such as Shanghai Express, The Devil is a Woman, Dishonored, and The Blue Angel. For 10 points, name this Austrian-born director.

Answer: Joseph von Sternberg

6. Everyone knows about the Manhattan Project of World War II, but not many know that England had its own independent team working on the project. This man was the leader of that team, and was knighted in 1945. Earlier he had won the Nobel Prize in Physics in 1935 for the discovery of the neutron. For 10 points, who?

Answer: Sir James Chadwick

7. In 1847 he moved to Weimar to be with his lover Princess Caroline Sayn-Wittgenstein. He transformed the city into the musical capital of Europe, conducting Wagner's Tannhauser, Lohengrin, and The Flying Dutchman, as well as Berlioz's Benvenuto Cellini. He also composed his own Dante Symphony here, as well as the piano sonata in B minor, and the Faust Symphony. For 10 points, name this musician.

Answer: Franz Liszt

8. His most famous pupil was Gertrude Stein, who credited him with influencing her first book, Three Lives. In 1876 he set up at Harvard the first psychological laboratory in America. After spending years trying to find a philosophical basis for psychology, he decided to treat it as a natural science and published The Principles of Psychology. For 10 points, name this eminent American psychologist and pragmatic philosopher.

Answer: William James (both names needed)

9. Its largest city is Douala. It borders on six nations, including Nigeria and Chad. For 10 points, name this former German colony which has Yaounde as its capital.

Answer: Cameroon

10. He has appeared in more literary reincarnations than any of the other 3 great heroes in world fiction: Hamlet, Faust, and Don Quixote. He is found in the folklore of many countries long before his first appearance in literature in a 1630 play by the Spanish monk Tirso de Molina. For 10 points, name this figure who has appeared in works by E.T.A. Hoffman, Jose Zorrilla, Max Frisch, Moliere, Byron, and Shaw.

Answer: Don Juan

11. He's the only person in the Baseball Hall of Fame born in Minnesota. He's also the only Chippewa Indian in the Hall of Fame. As a pitcher for the Philadelphia Athletics from 1903 to 1914 he won 193 games and 6 World Series games. For 10 points, name this great, who naturally was nicknamed "Chief."

Answer: Charles Albert "Chief" Bender

12. Melvin Calvin won the Nobel Prize for Chemistry in 1961 for discovering the chemical nature of the reactions in this process. For 10 points, name the process, some of whose byproducts include ATP, ADP, and NADP, and which has both a light phase and a dark phase.

Answer: photosynthesis

13. The reign of this dynasty marks a revolutionary change in Chinese history. Though the dynasty lasted for only two emperors and 15 years, it welded China into a unified state. For 10 points, name this dynasty which lasted from 221 to 207 BC and which saw the completion of the Great Wall.

Answer: Ch'in (pronounced chin)

14. Born in 1872 in England, he wrote 9 symphonies and many operas such as Hugh the Drover, and The Pilgrim's Progress. For 10 points, name this composer of Fantasia on Greensleeves and A London Symphony.

Answer: Ralph Vaughan Williams (if "Williams" ask for more info)

15. He published the anti-slavery newspaper The North Star in Rochester, N.Y. from 1847 to 1863, and was U.S. minister to Haiti from 1889-1891. For 10 points, who was this abolitionist and reformer?

Answer: Frederick Douglass

16. He is the subject of a biography by Plutarch. For political reasons, he was built up as a kind of Ionian Greek counterweight to the great Dorian hero Hercules. Among his exploits were battles against the Centaurs, repelling an invasion of the Amazons, and trying to abduct the goddess Persephone. For 10 points, name this Athenian hero of myth who was killed when he was shipwrecked on the island of Scyros and King Lycomedes had him thrown off a cliff.

Answer: Theseus

17. Theseus, of course, was famous for finding his way out of the labyrinth. But for 10 points, where would you be if you followed the membranous labyrinth, through the osseous labyrinth, and into the vestibule, the semicircular canals and the cochlea?

Answer: the ear or inner ear

18. Mining of this metallic element formed the main economic support of Athens, since huge deposits were found at Laurion near Athens. The domes of St. Sophia are covered with it. Romans used it both for roofing and for pipes. It has a specific gravity of 11.35 and has 4 naturally occurring isotopes. For 10 points, name this chemical element with atomic number 82.

Answer: lead

19. His younger daughter married Sir Leslie Stephen and became the mother of Virginia Woolf. Works by him include The Four Georges, The Adventures of Philip, and a novel, Denis Duval, which was left unfinished at his death in 1863. For 10 points, name this major Victorian novelist born in India in 1811 who wrote Henry Esmond.

Answer: William Thackeray

20. This king of England has the distinction of having begotten more bastards than any other monarch--9 sons and 11 daughters. Unfortunately, his only lawful son drowned in the White Ship in 1120, and his only legitimate heir was his daughter Matilda. For 10 points, name this last Norman king of England.

Answer: Henry I

21. Located in northern Idaho, 280 miles north of Boise, this city was the scene of a bombing by right-wing supremacists in 1986. For 10 points, name this city which is home to the Aryan Nation.

Answer: Coeur d'Alene

22. You would find the inscription in stone reading "Carmac McCarthy fortis me fisri fecti A.D. 1446" on a castle about 20 miles from Cork, Ireland. For 10 points, on what relic would you find it?

Answer: Blarney Stone or Blarney Castle

Bonuses from U. of Wisconsin

1. (25 pts) James Fennimore Cooper's Leatherstocking Tales were one of the first American classics. For 25 points--all or nothing--put the 5 novels that make up the Leatherstocking Tales in the order in which the events occurred in the life of Natty Bumppo.

Answer: The Deerslayer...Last of the Mohicans...The Pathfinder
The Pioneers...The Prairie

2. (30 pts) Identify the following popes for 10 points each.

a. According to legend, he sent St. Augustine to Britain as a missionary.

Answer: Gregory I (or the Great)

b. He forced King John of England to bow before him and declare his nation a fief of the papacy.

Answer: Innocent III

c. He excommunicated Martin Luther.

Answer: Leo X

3. (30 pts) For 5 points each--30 for all 5--name the 5 African nations which have territory on zero degrees of longitude. Hint: all are on the mainland of the continent; the Greenwich meridian does not pass through any African island nations.

Answer: Algeria, Mali, Burkina Faso, Ghana, Togo

4. (20 pts) Odin lives in Valhalla with two pet ravens and two pet wolves. From your recollection of Mighty Thor comics, can you identify the ravens and the wolves for 5 points apiece?

Answer: ravens: Huginn and Muninn wolves: Geri and Freki

5. (30 pts) Many authors have created families which have formed the basis for novels or series of novels. Given a work, for 5 pts each, give the last name of the family which is central to the work.

a. Franny and Zooey

Answer: Glass

b. The Grapes of Wrath

Answer: Joad

c. Three Sisters

Answer: Prozorov

d. East of Eden

Answer: Trask

e. Little Women

Answer: March

f. Pride and Prejudice

Answer: Bennett

6. (30 pts) The Union of South Africa came into being in 1910 through the union of two British colonies.

a. For 10 points each, name the two colonies.

Answer: Natal and Cape of Good Hope Colony or Cape Colony

b. For 10 points, who was the first premier of South Africa?

Answer: Louis Botha (no relation to current president)

7. (20 pts) For 10 points each, name the variety of schizophrenia which is typified by these symptoms.

a. the patient stares glassily and can't be aroused

Answer: catatonic or catatonia

b. the patient gibbers madly and nonsensically

Answer: hebephrenic or hebephrenia

8. (30 pts) For 15 points apiece, identify these two medieval English philosophers.

a. Living from around 1168 to 1253, he was a chancellor of Oxford and Bishop of Lincoln. In his principal work, De Luce, he argued that light was a corporeal substance, and explained for the first time the nature of the rainbow.

Answer: Robert Grosseteste

b. Living from about 1214 to 1292, he was the most famous pupil of Robert Grosseteste. He has been sometimes credited with the invention of gunpowder, eyeglasses, and the telescope, but he certainly did write Opus Majus and Opus Minus.

Answer: Roger Bacon (both names needed)

9. (30 pts) Name this composer from his works. 30-20-10

one. Pohjola's Daughter: A Saga

two. Tapiola and the Karelia Suite

three. Finlandia

Answer: Jean Sibelius

10. (30 pts) During the Iran-Contra hearings, certain lawyers stood out. For 10 points each, identify the attorneys who were counsel for the following at the Iran-Contra hearings.

a. Ollie North

Answer: Brandon Sullivan

b. the Senate

Answer: Joseph Shields, Jr.

c. the House

Answer: Arthur Longman

11. (20 pts) Until 1962, the last column of the periodic table was known as the Inert Gases. All that changed when, for 20 points, what supposedly inert gas was made to react with fluorine?

Answer: xenon

12. (25 points) Match the following architectural styles: High Renaissance, Romanesque, Gothic--with the following European monuments, for 5 points apiece.

a. St. Peters, in Vatican City

Answer: High Renaissance ✓

b. St. Etienne, in Caen, France

Answer: Romanesque ✕

c. San Michele, in Pavia, Italy

Answer: Romanesque ✕

d. Lincoln Cathedral in England

Answer: Gothic ✓

e. Villa Farnese at Caprarola

Answer: High Renaissance ✕

13. (30 pts) Identify this 20th-century author from the titles of his works. 30-20-10

one. Country Sentiment and Welshman's Hose

two. Recalling War and The White Goddess

three. Goodbye to All That

Answer: Robert Graves

14. (30 pts) December 7, 1941 is a day that lives in infamy, just as FDR foretold. It was certainly a day of infamy for the U.S. army and navy commanders at the base at Pearl Harbor on that day, who were made scape goats for the disaster, and dismissed. For 15 points each, name this general and admiral.

Answer: General Walter C. Short Admiral Husband E. Kimmel

15. (30 pts) The U.S.S.R. has some of the longest rivers in the world. For 10 points apiece, given a river of the USSR, tell me into what specific body of water it empties.

- a. Lena River Answer: Laptev Sea
- b. Dnieper River Answer: Black Sea
- c. Amu River Answer: Aral Sea

16. (30 pts) Darshani, or viewing, is the collective name for the six orthodox schools of Hindu philosophy. For 10 points apiece, name any three of the six schools.

Answer: Sankhya Yoga Nyaya Mimasa Vaisheshika Vedanta

17. (30 pts) Nijinsky choreographed the Firebird and Petrushka originally. For 5 points apiece, given a ballet and a year, give the original choreographer:

- a. Orpheus (1948) Answer: George Balanchine
- b. Afternoon of a Faun (1912) Answer: Nijinsky
- c. Billy the Kid (1938) Answer: Eugene Loring
- d. The Nutcracker (1892) Answer: Lev Ivanov
- e. Fall River Legend (1948) Answer: Agnes De Mille ✓
- f. Fancy Free (1944) Answer: Jerome Robbins

18. (20 pts) During the 17th century, two scientists proposed differentiating theories of light. For 10 points each, who proposed:

- a. the wave theory? Answer: Christian Huygens
- b. the particle theory? Answer: Isaac Newton

19. (30 pts) Before they became defunct, the Dead Kennedys raised some eyebrows. They recorded only 3 full-length albums. For 10 points apiece, give the titles of those albums.

Answer: Fresh Fruit for Rotting Vegetables
Plastic Surgery Disasters and Frankenchrist

20. (30 pts) Called the Watergate Seven, they were members of the White House Special Investigative Unit, or the White House Plumbers. For 5 points each, name any 6 of the 7 members of the team that organized and carried out the Watergate break-in.

Answer: Bernard Barker James McCord G. Gordon Liddy
E. Howard Hunt Virgilio Gonzalez Eugenio Martinez Frank Sturgis

21. (25 pts) President Reagan said that this organization asked the United States to invade Grenada. For 25 points, name this international organization which includes among its members Barbados and Trinidad and Tobago.

Answer: Organization of Eastern Caribbean States