The World Wars - Extra Questions
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THESE ARE EXTRA QUESTIONS, ONLY READ THESE IF A MISTAKE IS MADE OR IF A TIEBREAKER IS NEEDED

NOTE TO MODERATOR: prompt on all partial answers unless otherwise specified

[TE] They aren't bats, but William A Prestre proposed releasing thousands of these animals via landing craft to confuse Japanese defenders. After finding a German spy in the Argonne Forest, one of these animals was promoted to the rank of Sergeant. Soviet attempts to use these animals for (+) anti-tank purposes backfired because of training with gasoline rather than diesel fuel. One of these animals, Sergeant Stubby, warned of incoming gas and artillery attacks and became the official (*) mascot of the 102nd Infantry Regiment. For ten points, name these canines which often served in scouting, logistical, rescue, and mascot roles in warfare.

ANSWER: war dogs

[TE] During this battle, Captain Julius Dusenbury raised a Confederate flag atop a captured fortification. The pacifist Desmond Doss earned the medal of honor in this battle for saving over fifty men despite not carrying a weapon. One side in this battle, which organized their defences around (+) Shuri Castle, launched Operation *Ten-Go* in an attempt to relieve their ground forces, though this effort failed with the destruction of the battleship (*) *Yamato*. This battle, officially called Operation *Iceberg*, has also been referred to as the "Typhoon of Steel" for the ferocity of the kamikaze attacks which punctuated it. For ten points, name this April 1945 amphibious invasion of the Ryukyu Islands.

ANSWER: Battle of **Okinawa** (accept Operation **Iceberg**)

[TE] Eric Feldt created the codename for people of this occupation, which originates from the Children's classic, The Story of Ferdinand. The Cape Expedition sought to establish installations to be manned by these people. While stationed on (+) Kolombangara, one person with this profession witnessed the destruction of the PT-109 and dispatched two Solomon Islander scouts to rescue John F. Kennedy. People of this occupation, who most commonly served for the (*) Australian military, were often escaped POWs or indigenous islanders. For ten points, name this term given to those who performed reconnaissance and search and rescue for Allied forces in the South Pacific.

ANSWER: coastwatchers

[TE] This man supported an invasion of Alexandretta to disrupt the Ottoman Empire's railway network. Frederick Joubert Duquesne was nicknamed "the man who killed [this man]" as he claimed to have guided a submarine to sink the ship he was on. This man was attacked by The (+) Times and The Daily Mail over a major shell shortage, which led to him being stripped of his control of munitions and strategy. This man was one of the few in the cabinet who foresaw a long war, and he was responsible for (*) raising the new volunteer army following the outbreak of hostilities. For ten points, name this Secretary of State for War who on a propaganda poster wants Britons to join the army.

ANSWER: Horatio Herbert Kitchener (accept 1st Earl Kitchener)

[TE] This event was partially blamed on John Herbert and the Marquess of Linlithgow. Under editor Ian Stephens, The Statesman published images of this event which directed attention to it. Leopold Amery requested aid during this event, which was caused in part due to the practice of the (+) Denial Policy. Archibald Wavell directed the response to this event, and one leader blamed this event on its own victims for breeding like rats. This event was exacerbated by loss of (*) Burma to Japanese forces and the refusal to import rice from other regions. For ten points, name this massive Indian famine for which Winston Churchill drew criticism.

ANSWER: **Bengal Famine** of 1943