

1. Contained wholly within the USSR, it used to form part of the boundary between Finland and USSR. It is the largest lake in Europe. What?/L. Ladoga
2. Which of the following events occurred first: the signing of the Warsaw Pact, the establishment of the Common Market, the partition of Vietnam according to the Geneva settlement?/partition (1954)--Warsaw(1955)--(1957)
3. With what pro football team did the following Hall of Famers all play: George MacAfee, Link Lyman, Daniel J. Fortmann, and Branko Nagurski?/Bears
4. His secretary of state was John Forsyth; his sec. of treasury was Levi Woodbury; his sec. of war was Joel Poinsett. During his term William R. King was president pro tempore of the Senate, James K. Polk was Speaker of the House. Polk would later be the next man of this president's party to go to the White House. For ten points, what president?/ Van Buren
5. We all know that John Adams and John Quincy Adams ran for president; what is lesser known is that Charles Francis Adams, JQ's son, ran for vice-president in 1848. Who was his running mate?/ Van Buren
6. Carl Nielsen and Frederick Kuhlau were two of the greatest composers of the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries. From what country did they hail?/ Denmark
7. For a quick ten points, in what European city will you find the Tivoli Gardens?/ Copenhagen
8. "The Umbrellas of Cherbourg" was perhaps the only opera commissioned for the cinema. It starred Catherine Deneuve. Who wrote the music?/M. Legrand
9. This Italian filmmaker directed such classics as "Stromboli", "The Rise of Louis XIV", "Il Generale delle Rovere", and "Open City". Who?/Rossellini
10. Apollo XI landed Armstrong and Aldrin in the Sea of Tranquility. Apollo XII landed two men in the Sea of Storms. Name either astronaut./Alan Bean, Charles Conrad
11. In 1850 this German formulated the second law of thermodynamics, i.e., the concept of entropy. Whp? / Clausius
12. In what Eugene O'Neill play is a macho sailor crushed to death by a gorilla? / "The Hairy Ape"
13. Ezra Taft Benson; Orvil Freeman; Earl Butz; and John Block. What cabinet post has been held by these four fellows?/ Secretary of Agriculture
14. In an attempt to combat the German Hanseatic League, Denmark, Norway, and Sweden were united in 1397 by a Danish queen. Who?/ Queen Margrethe
15. On Oct. 15, 1978, the House passed a compromise version of a bill which had earlier cleared the Senate. It set as a national priority the reduction of the unemployment rate to 4 % by 1983. What was this bill called?/ Humphrey-Hawkins full employment bill
16. Among this Chicago writer's books of oral history are "Division Street USA", "Working", and "Hunger". Who is he? / Studs Terkel
17. For a quick ten points, how often does something occur that is hebdomadal / weekly, or every seven times
18. Within one-half, how many light-years equal one parsec?/ 3.26
- 19/ Which US Amendment prohibits a citizen of one state from suing another state? / Eleventh
20. In this year Ohio became the 17th state; John Marshall wrote the famous "Marbury v. Madison" ruling; Lewis and Clark set out. What year? / 1803

BONUSES

1. In what country would you find the following famous cities:
 a. Timbuktu (Mali) b. Mandalay (Burma) c. Mecca (Saudi Arabia)
2. Give the current name of the following renamed cities:
 a. Chemnitz (Karl-Marx-Stadt) b. Hamadan (Ecbatana) c. Volgograd (Stalingrad)
3. What city is known as:
 a. City of Dreadful Night (Calcutta) b. City of Kings (Lima)
 c. City of Salt (Salzburg) d. City of Joy (Buzharest)
4. Name the following forts:
 a. fort at Lake George near Lake Champlain, ^{which} where Ethan Allen was captured in 1775 (Fort Ticonderoga)
 b. fort whose bombardment moved F.S. Key to write "Star Spangled Banner" (Fort McHenry)
 c. fort in Tennessee captured by General Grant, giving Union first major victory in Civil War (Fort Donelson)
5. What cities have the following queenly nicknames:
 a. Queen of the Danube (Budapest) b. Queen of the Mississippi (St. Louis)
 c. Queen City of Canada (Toronto) d. Queen City of the South (Sydney)
6. Identify the author from his works, 30-20-10.
 a. Something Happened b. Good as Gold c. Catch-22 (Joe Heller)
7. Identify the composer, 30-20-10.
 a. Alpine Symphony b. Sinfonia Domestica c. Ein Heldenleben (R. Strauss)
8. Identify the year, 30-20-10.
 a. Trotsky was expelled from the Communist party.
 b. Sacco and Vanzetti were executed.
 c. Lindbergh flew across the Atlantic alone. (1927)
9. Give the capitals of the following Mexican states:
 a. Nuevo Leon (Monterrey) b. Chihuahua (Chihuahua)
 c. Jalisco (Guadalajara) d. Durango (Durango) e. Oaxaca (Oaxaca)
10. Traveling east, list the following Roman provinces or regions existing during the Roman empire as you would come upon them:
 Cappadocia, Illyricum, Lusitania, Parthia (Lusitania, Illyricum, Cappadocia, Parthia)
11. Traveling west, do as in (10) again: Thrace, Dalmatia, Bithynia, Aquitania (Bithynia, Thrace, Dalmatia, Aquitania)
12. Give the year, within one, when the following pairs died:
 a. DeGaulle and Nasser (1970)
 b. Prokofiev and Stalin (1953)
 c. Eisenhower and Ho Chi Minh (1969)
13. Supreme Court justices:
 a. name either appointed by LBJ (Fortas, Marshall)
 b. only one appt. by Ford (JP Stevens)
 c. any one appt. by Carter (none)
14. Give the team name of the following teams in the Canadian football league:
 a. Edmonton (Esquimaux) b. Saskatchewan (Roughriders)
 c. British Columbia (Lions) d. Ottawa (Rough Riders) e. Calgary (Stampeders)
 f. Winnipeg (Blue Bombers)
15. The first six states admitted to the Union were Georgia, Delaware, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, and Connecticut. Put them in order. (Del, Pa, NJ, Ga, Ct, Mass)
16. The next four to be admitted after the original 13 were Ohio, Tennessee, Vermont, and Kentucky. Put them in order. (Ver, Ken, Tenn, Ohio)
17. Name the year, 30-20-10.
 a. Marx published first volume of Das Kapital.
 b. ~~Austro-Hungarian Empire founded~~
 c. ~~Canada became a Confederation~~, & US purchased Alaska from Russia. (1867)

TOSS-UPS

1. This amendment restricts the courts from imposing excessive bails or cruel and unusual punishment. Which? (Eighth)
2. It is bordered by India, Burma, and the Bay of Bengal; its major cities are Dacca, Chittagong, and Khulna. Name this country which became an independent nation in January 1972. (Bangladesh)
3. Of Flannery O'Connor, Len O'Connor, Donald O'Connor, and Edwin O'Connor, which one wrote the acclaimed novel "The Last Hurrah", about a big-city boss? (Edwin)
4. Of Flannery O'Connor, Len O'Connor, Donald O'Connor, and Edwin O'Connor, which one wrote "Clout", a true story of a big-city boss, Richard J. Daley? (Len)
5. Currently the mayor of Atlanta, he served as a Democratic representative from Georgia in the 1970's before serving as U.S. ambassador to the United Nations under President Carter. Who? (Andrew Young)
6. The chemical elements praseodymium, samarium, ytterbium, and promethium all belong to what subclassification of the periodic table? (lanthanides, or ~~the~~ rare earth metals)
7. When the Saracens conquered Egypt, the supply of writing materials was severely limited, thus resulting in the practice of writing over previously used manuscripts. What is the term for an ancient parchment written upon twice? (palimpsest)
8. His novel "The Ides of March" is presented as a series of documents leading up to the assassination of Julius Caesar. Who was this American author, better known as a playwright? (Thornton Wilder)
9. This war officially ended with the Treaty of Portsmouth, N.H., on September 5, 1905; the man who put together the terms of peace was to win a Nobel Prize for his efforts. What war? (Russo-Japanese)
10. This expressionist painter and playwright was born in Austria in 1886, served as president of the Dresden Academy in 1919-24, fled to London in 1938, and eventually settled in Switzerland. Among his plays are "Sphinx and Strawman" and "Murderer, the Hope of Woman". Who? (Oskar Kokoschka)
11. Born in Rpscommon, Ireland, in 1886, he came to the United States in 1904 and was ordained a priest in ~~1912~~ 1912. Two films have been made about his life, especially his founding of Boys' Town in Nebraska. Who? (Edward Flanagan)
12. Born in Shanghai in 1898, she was educated at Wellesley College in the USA. Devoting her time to social service work, she was appointed to the Child Labor Commission and was married in 1927. A spokesperson for the Nationalist government, she was the author of "We Chinese Women" and "Little Sister Su". Who? (Madame Chiang Kai-shek)
13. This French philosopher and mathematician of the eighteenth century was a co-founder with Diderot of the Encyclopedia. A specialist in fluid dynamics, he became a member of the French Academy in 1754 and was sought after by Fredreick the Great and Catherine the Great. Who? (Jean d'Alembert)
14. "Studies in the Psychology of Sex", "Sex in Relation to Society", and "The World of Dreams" were among the works of what British scientist and writer of the nineteenth and twentieth centuries? (H. Ellis)
15. This word can mean a laborer, a sailor, a small flag, the male ass, a playing card, and a type of fish of the genus Caranx, among other things. What? (jack)
16. Born in Chattanooga in 1894, she ~~de~~ started performing in the early 1900's. One of the all-time great blues singers, she wrote such hits as "Shipwreck Blues", "Long Road" and "Blue Blues", before her premature death in an auto accident in 1937. Who? (Bessie Smith)
17. A standard word in Jimmy Durante's vocabulary, it is a type of vine or tree bearing a gourd-shaped fruit, and is used to describe utensils or pipes made from this gourd. What? (calabash)

18. Among the men who have held this post were George P. Schultz, C. Douglas Dillon, John B. Connally, Salmon P. Chase, and William E. Simon. Among the more recent occupants of the post were W. Michael Blumenthal and ~~William Miller~~ G. William Miller. What post? (Secretary of the Treasury)

19. Three of the Great Lakes are the largest lakes in N.A.; two lakes solely in Canada however are larger than Lakes Erie and Ontario. Name either one. (Great Bear, Great Slave)

20. In 1870 Napoleon III demanded an apology from the Prussian Wilhelm I after Wilhelm had proposed a German prince for the throne of Spain. Napoleon's demands were sent by telegram; intercepted by Bismarck, the telegram was deftly edited and published in a successful effort to inflame feelings on both sides. By what name is this telegram known? (Ems Telegram)

1. The Teamsters have been in the news lately. For 10 points each, can you name:
 - a. The president of the union, who will be serving a prison sentence in the near future; (Roy Williams)
 - b. The Chicago insurance executive who was gunned down January 20 in Lincolnwood, Ill; (Allen Dorfman)
 - c. The Nevada senator who apparently turned down the bribe he was offered; (Howard Cannon)
2. For 30-20-10: Name the author;
 - a. Dangling Man, Seize the Day
 - b. Herzog, Henderson the Rain King
 - c. Mr. Sammler's Planet, The Dean's December (Saul Bellow)
3. 30-20-10: Name the country with the following cities;
 - a. Esfahan
 - b. Abadan
 - c. Tehran (Iran)
4. Numerical question: Take the last year Norman Thomas ran for president (1948), subtract the number of Soviet republics (15), and multiply by the number of British monarchs in the nineteenth century (3). For 25 points, what number do you get? (5799)
5. For 5 points each, name the capitals of the following Canadian provinces:
 - a. Manitoba (Winnipeg)
 - b. Ontario (Toronto)
 - c. New Brunswick (Frederikton)
 - d. Yukon (Whitehorse)
 - e. Prince Edward Island (Charlottetown)
6. For 10 points each, who composed the following operas?
 - a. Idomeneo (Mozart)
 - b. The Saint of Bleeker Street (Menotti)
 - c. Dialogues of the Carmelites (Poulenc)
7. Name the Nobel laureates:
 - a. 1982 for economics (Stigler)
 - b. 1981 for literature (Cunliffe)
 - c. The last American for literature (Singer)
3. Name the presidents born in the following years:
 - a. 1882 (FDR)
 - b. 1913 (Nixon)
 - c. 1917 (JFK)
9. Name the state with the following cities, 30-20-10:
 - a. Pacific Palisades
 - b. Hilo
 - c. Pearl City (Hawaii)
10. Answer the following questions about Martin Luther for 10 each:
 - a. To what order of monks did he belong? (Augustinians)
 - b. What pope excommunicated him in 1521? (Leo X)
 - c. What year did he post the 95 theses? (1517)
11. Name the directors, 10 each:
 - a. Cabaret, All That Jazz (Bob Fosse)
 - b. A Bridge to Far, Young Winston (Richard Attenborough)
 - c. The Sting, World According to Garp (George Roy Hill)
12. Name the participants in the following Super Bowls for 10 each:
 - a. Super Bowl I (Green Bay, KC)
 - b/ Super Bowl II (Green Bay, Oakland)
 - c. Super Bowl III (NY Jets, Baltimore)
13. Answer the following questions about the Vietnam War for 10 each:
 - a. The year the US invaded Laos and Cambodia (1970)
 - b. The assassination of SV leader Ngo Dinh Diem (1963)
 - c. The year the Paris Peace Talks began (1968)
14. Give the pseudonyms of the following writers:
 - a. Amandine A. L. Dupin (George Sand)
 - b. Kenneth Millar (Ross Macdonald)
 - c. William Sidney Porter (O. Henry)
15. Answer the following questions about Napoleon for 10 each:
 - a. The pope who was to have crowned him emperor (Pius VII)
 - b. His brother who became King of Naples following the Battle of Austerlitz (Joseph)
 - c. The Prussian general allied with Wellington who led to his defeat at Waterloo (Blücher)

16. Identify the following ballet dancers :

a. A defector from the USSR, he has been romantically linked with film actress Jessica Lange (Baryshnikov)

b. Another defector, he has also appeared in films, including a portrayal of Valentino. (Nureyev)

c. Eternally identified with the "Dying Swan" created for her by Michel Fokine in 1905, this Russian toured the USA extensively till 1925. (Pavlova)

17. For 25 points aon, name the Rookies of the Year in the AL and NL in 1982. (Ripkin, Sax)

18. Spell the following for 10 each:

a. debonair b. posthumous c. predilection

19. Name the country from the capital:

a. Colombo (Sri Lanka) b. Khartoum (Sudan) c. Tananarive (Madagascar)

d. Paramaribo (~~Sur~~ Surinam) e. Valetta (Malta) f. Kuala Lumpur (Maylaysia)

-20. 25 points, aon, name the six members of the 1st and 2nd Roman triumphal virates (Caesar, Crassus, Pompey, Octavius, Lepidus, Antony)

BONUS QUESTIONS

1. An 1872 investigation showed that members of Congress and the vice president of the USA owned stock in this company, some of it sold at par or on credit. A scandal ensued, though none of the Congressmen were expelled for their misdeeds. What company, which undertook the construction of the Union Pacific Railroad? (Credit Mobilier)
2. James Fenimore Cooper wrote five novels about Natty Bumppo, including "The Deerslayer", "Last of the Mohicans", "The Pathfinder", "The Pioneers", and "The Prairie". The five together are known by what name? (Leather-Stocking Tales)
3. An Apocryphal book of the Old Testament, it was probably written in Greek in Alexandria in the 3rd Century B.C. Regarded as canonical by the Roman Catholics, it is recommended for edification by the Anglicans and Lutherans. In the Vulgate it is usually included in the Book of Daniel. What is it? (Bel and the Dragon)
4. This French military leader commanded an army corps at Nancy in WWI, took part in the First Battle of the Marne, and in May 1918 was appointed commander-in-chief of the French, British, and American armies. Named a marshal in August 1918, he directed the final offensive against Germany and received the surrender on November 11, 1918. Who? (Ferdinand Foch)
5. Known as "Fighting Joe", this Civil War general held important commands at Antietam and Fredericksburg. In 1863 he succeeded Burnside as commander of the Army of the Potomac. Defeated at Chancellorsville, he was succeeded by General Meade. Who? (Joseph Hooker)
6. This poet converted to Anglicanism in his early 20's, and later on at James I's suggestion took orders and became dean of St. Paul's Cathedral. His first published work, "Pseudo-Martyr", urged Catholics to take the oath of allegiance to the king. His poems were published posthumously, and Isaac Walton wrote a short biography of him as a preface to his book of sermons. Who was this metaphysical poet? (John Donne)
7. This act, passed with Jefferson's approval in 1809, superseded the earlier Embargo Act. It attempted to halt trade with Britain and France, but, like most such commercial embargoes, proved impractical. What was the act called? (Non (or Anti-) Intercourse Act)
8. This American actor was born in Milwaukee in 1900, and died in 1967. The winner of the Oscar in 1937 and 1938 for best actor, his first film roles were in R.U.R. and A Royal Fandango. His last role was a co-starring one with Katherine Hepburn. Who? (Spencer Tracy)
9. King Christian X Land; King Frederik VIII Land; King Christian IX Land; and King Fredrick VI Coast are all parts of what land mass? (Greenland)
10. This animal used to roam the plains of South Africa, but became extinct last century. Resembling the zebra, tho a little taller and with no stripes on the limbs, they were named for their voices. What? (quagga)
11. A black militant of the 1960's, he coined the phrase "Violence is as American as herry pie". His book, "Die, Nigger, Die" was published in 1969. He was charged with inciting a riot in Cambridge, Md. in 1967 and convicted of carrying guns across state lines. Who? (H. Rap Brown)
12. Living from 1874 to 1936, her works include "Before the Flowers of Friendship Faded", "Wars I Have Seen", "Tender Buttons" and "Lucy Church Amiably". Who? (Gertrude Stein)
13. Few women have had symphonies written in their honor. An Irish actress, Harriet Smithson, was one. What French romantic composer was inspired by the memory of one of Ms. Smithson's performances and wrote a symphony based on an alleged opium dream? (Hector Berlioz)
14. St. Paul wrote many epistles to various groups of Christians in the first century. He also wrote epistles directed to specific individuals. For ten points, name these three individuals. (Titus, Timothy, Philemon)
15. Titanium; chromium; nickel; copper; zirconium; silver; platinum; gold.

To what group on the periodic chart do these elements belong? Eh? (transition metals)

16. This word can be a type of insect, a type of fish, a roll of hair brushed up from the forehead or temple, a cut on the edge of a sail to prevent chafing, or the butt of a marijuana cigaret. What? (roach)
17. This disease is characterized by an increase in the size of the alveoli, or air sacs, of the lung, which lose their elasticity and may become filled with mucus. Thus a sufferer has a difficult time breathing, coughs frequently, and his/her blood may become overloaded with carbon dioxide. What? (emphysema)
18. In England, this unit of measure is equivalent to nine inches. It is generally a measure based on the distance between the thumb and last finger on an outstretched hand. What? (span)
19. The Lewis and Clark Expedition set out; Aaron Burr shot Alexander Hamilton; and Charles Pinckney received 14 electoral votes against Thomas Jefferson. What year? (1804)
20. Bordeaux; Nantes; Paris; Marseilles; Lyon. Which one is furthest west? (Nantes)

BONUS QUESTIONS

- For 5 esch, name the composer of the opera:
- La Clemenza da Tito (Mozart)
 - Lady Macbeth of the Minsk (Shostak.)
 - Alexander Nevsky (Prokofiev)
 - La Coq d'Or (Rimsky-Korsakov)
 - Eugene Onegin (Tschaikovsky)
 - Turn of the Screw (Britten)
2. For 5 each, name the director:
- Veronika Voss (Fassbinder)
 - Chariots of Fire (Hugh Hudson)
 - The Man Who Would be King (Huston)
 - 2001 (Kubrick)
 - Being There (Ashby)
 - Wild Child (Truffaut)
3. Identify the writer, 30-20-10:
- she wrote "The Waves"
 - "Mrs. Dalloway"
 - "To the Lighthouse" (Virginia Woolf)
4. Identify the following compounds, all with potassium:
- potash (potassium carbonate, K_2CO_3)
 - saltpeter (potassium nitrate, KNO_3)
 - sylvite (potassium chloride, KCl)
5. Near what continent would you find the following seas:
- Arafura Sea (Aust.)
 - Banda Sea (Aust.)
 - Timor Sea (Aust.)
 - Kara Sea (Eurasia)
 - White Sea (Europe)
 - Coral Sea (Aust.)
6. Identify the state, 30-20-00:
- Its highest point is Humphreys Peak, 12,633 feet;
 - Its state bird is the cactus wren, its state flower the giant cactus
 - It was the last state admitted to the union before Alaska and Hawaii (Arizona)
7. Identify which of the three Dutch wars of the 17th century (1st, 2nd, or 3rd) is associated with the ff:
- ended by the Treaty of Breda, it gave Holland Surinam and England New York. (2)
 - England and France fought against Holland, aided by Austria, Spain, and Brandenburg. (3)
 - it began after England passed the first navigation act excluding the Dutch from trade with English possessions, and ended with the treaty of Westminster. (1)
8. Within ten years, give the date of the following acts of union:
- England with Wales (1536)
 - England w/ Scotland (1707)
 - England w/ Ireland (1801)
 - England/ upper & lower Canada (1840)
9. Answer the ff. qq. on the War of the Spanish Succession:
- ~~What battle effectively ended it? (Blenheim)~~
 - who was the English commander at the battle? (Duke of Marlborough)
 - what king of Spain willed his empire to France on his deathbed, thus precipitating the war? (Charles II)
 - who became king of Spain following France's defeat? (Philip V)
 - what treaty ended it? (Peace of Utrecht)
 - when did the war, begun in 1701, officially end? (1714)
10. For 5 pts. each, name the 6 countries that border Cameroon.
- Guinea, Gabon, ~~Zaire~~, Congo, CAR, Chad, Nigeria)
11. Answer the ff. qq. on the Kentucky Derby:
- what year was it founded? (1875)
 - who founded it? (Col. M. Lewis Clark)
 - how long in miles is it? ($1\frac{1}{4}$)
12. Identify the American director, 30-20-10:
- The Iron Horse, 1924;
 - Stagecoach, 1939, and the Informer, 1935;
 - The Grapes of Wrath, The Quiet Man, How Green Was My Valley (J. Ford)
13. Excluding Iran and Iraq, there are six nations which border the Persian

Gulf. Name all of them for 30 pts. (Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Qatar, UAE, Oman, and Bahrain)

14. Name the playwright:

- a. The Lady's Not for Burning (C. Fry)
- b. The Eunuch (Terence)
- c. Sexual Perversity in Chicago (D. Mamet)
- d. Summer and Smoke (T. Williams)
- e. The Hostage (Behan)
- e. The Lady from Dubuque (Albée)

15. Identify the longest-reigning ~~monarchs~~ English monarchs of the following ~~dynasties~~ houses:

- a. Plantagenet (Henry III)
- b. Stuart (Charles II)
- c. Windsor (Eliz. II)
- d. Norman (Henry I)
- e. Lancaster (Henry VI)
- e. York (Edward IV)

16. Identify the following people who were assassinated:

- a. Austrian chancellor killed July 25, 1934: Engelbert Dollfuss
- b. Austrian empress stabbed Sept. 10, 1898: Empress Elizabeth
- c. Yugoslav king killed in France, 10-9-34: Alexander I

TOSS-UPS

1. It's a well-known name in New York politics. The father was an Austrian immigrant who served as a Democratic congressman for many years and was prominent during the Depression years for his pro-labor legislation, especially one important act named for him; the son served as mayor of New York City prior to John Lindsay. What is this prominent surname?/Wagner
2. This Saul Bellow novel tells the story of Charlie Citrine, a Chicago-based writer, and his relationship with a brilliant elder poet, a Mr. Fleischer. What is it?/Humboldt's Gift
3. The Rio Orinoco; the cities of Valera, Luepa, and Aragua; and oil-rich Lake Maracaibo; in what South American country would one find these geographical areas?/Venezuela
4. First discovered in 1961, they are starlike objects emitting extremely intense radio and visible radiation. Some of them emit a million times more radio radiation as the Milky Way galaxy. What are they?/quasars
5. By profession a professor of literature, she writes books of a quasi-mystical/religious bent, including "Teaching a Stone to Speak", "Holy the Firm", and "Pilgrim at Tinker Creek", for which she won a Pulitzer Prize for general nonfiction in 1975. Who?/Annie Dillard
6. He won the Academy Award for best supporting actor two years in a row, in 1976 for All the President's Men and in 1977 for Julia. Who is this fine thespian, an eminent interpreter of the works of Eugene O'Neill?/Jason Robards
7. From 1944 to 1978 there were eight Pulitzer Prize special citations. One was awarded in 1976 posthumously to an American composer who was active in the early years of this century. Who was this composer of the opera "A Guest of Honor"?/Scott Joplin
8. Among the original members of this sport's hall of fame were Chuck Hyatt, Hank Luisetti, John Schommer, Dr. H. Clifford Carlson, Dr. Forrest (Phog) Allen, Dr. Luther Gulick, Amos Alonzo Stagg, George Mikan, and Dr. James Naismith. What sport?/basketball
9. A French baroque painter of Flemish descent, he was heavily influenced by Rubens. Among his most famous works, all painted in the early 18th century, include The Embarkation for Cytherea, and Gilles. Who was he?/Jean-Antoine Fragonard
10. This African tribe lives mostly in central Africa, in Rwanda and Burundi. In the 1400's and 1500's they invaded the native Hutu tribe, who revolted in 1959 and drove them out, deposing the king of Burundi in 1966. What is the name of this famous tribe, many of whose members reach heights of 7 feet tall and taller?/Watusi (Tutsi)
11. Carbonyl chloride is a colorless, reactive gas hydrolyzed by water, and is made by the catalytic combination of carbon monoxide and chlorine. It is used in making resins and dyes, but was also used during World War I as a poison gas. By what other name is it commonly known?/phosgene
12. Born in Turkey in 1906, he became a tobacco merchant in Buenos Aires in the 1920's. In 1925 he acquired Argentine and Greek nationality. He started buying ships in the 1930's and died the owner of many supertankers in 1975. Who was this man, whose middle name was Socrates?/Aristotle Onassis
13. In Nov. 1861, Charles Wilkes, the commander of the US ship San Jacinto, stopped a British ship and seized two Southern agents, Mason and Slidell. Britain demanded an apology and ordered 8000 troops to Canada, and could have entered the War on the side of the South, had not the men been released in December. By what name is this incident known, deriving its name from the British ship?/Trent affair
14. It was an agreement drawn up in 1854 in a town in Belgium by three proslavery US diplomats, James Buchanan, John Mason, and Pierre Seule. The manifesto implied that if Spain refused to sell Cuba to the US, we

would seize it forcibly, the idea probably being that Cuba would become a United slave state. By what name, derived from the Belgian city, is this manifesto known??/Ostend Manifesto

15. He was an Indian leader in the Second Seminole War against the US in the 1830's, and used guerilla tactics to resist the US plan to transport the Seminoles from Florida to Oklahoma. He was taken prisoner in 1837 and died in prison. Who was he?/Osceola


16. The name's the same!! a plant of the genus Primula, having tubular, variously colored ~~leaves~~ flowers with five lobes; the Earl of Roseberry, who served as Liberal prime minister of Britain succeeding Gladstone in 1894-95; and a ~~can~~ character from an eighteenth century novel, whose title or position served as the title of the novel. What? /Primrose

17. She won the Academy Award for best actress two years in a row, in 1936 for The Great Ziegfeld and in 1937 for The Good Earth. Who?/Luise Rainer

18. In 1975 a joint Soyuz-Apollo space mission heralded detente. This was the last of the Apollo missions NASA sent up; what number was it?/Apollo 18

19. Among his novels were: Zest for Life; Doctor Pascal; His Excellency Eugene Rougon; There Raquin; L'Assomoir; and Nana. Who?/Emile Zola

20. In 1912 Woodrow Wilson won the presidential election with only 41.8% of the vote against Roosevelt and Taft, the lowest winning percentage in the twentieth century. Which twentieth century candidate won with the second-lowest percentage of the popular vote?/Richard Nixon, who received 43.4% in 1968.



BONUS QUESTIONS

1. Meryl-ly we roll again. Answer the following qq. about actress Meryl Streep:
 - a. the only film so far for which she has won an Academy Award (Kramer v. Kramer)
 - b. the first film in which she appeared, a small role in a movie starring Vanessa Redgrave (Julia)
 - c. the Woody Allen film in which she plays Allen's lesbian ex-wife. (Manhattan)
2. Famous opening lines...I'll give them, you tell me what book:
 - a. Whether I shall turn out to be the hero of my own life, or whether that station will be held by anybody else, these pages must show. (David Copperfield)
 - b. Stately, plump Buck Mulligan came from the stairhead, bearing a bowl of lather on which a mirror and a razor lay crossed. (Ulysses)
 - c. It is a truth universally acknowledged that a single man in possession of a good fortune must be in want of a ~~good~~ wife. (Pride and Prejudice)
3. For 10 each, answer these questions on pop music:
 - a. the names of the 3 BeeGees (Barry, Robin, and Maurice)
 - b. the drummer on the Beatles replaced by Ringo Starr (Pete Best)
 - c. female singer who surprised some fans by recording an album of torch songs in late 1981, after having recorded such hits as "That's the Way I've Always Heard it Should Be" and "Mockingbird" (Carly Simon)
4. Answer the following questions about the city and/or battle of Poltava:
 - a. the Soviet republic in which Poltava is (Ukraine)
 - b. the war in which the battle was fought (Second Great Northern)
 - c. the year of the battle, within 5 years (1709)
 - d. the Swedish king (Charles XII)
 - e. the Russian czar (Peter the Great)
 - f. the treaty that ended ~~the~~ the war in 1721 (Nysted)
5. Answer the following questions on Irish history:
 - a. the last president of the Irish free state was...? (deValera)
 - b. the first president of Eire (Douglas Hyde)
 - c. the year Catholic emancipation went into effect (1829)
 - d. the year of the Act of Union (1800)
6. I'll name a symphony, you give me the number:
 - a. Beethoven's Pastorale (6th)
 - b. Shostakovich's Leningrad (7th)
 - c. Mahler's Titan (1st)
 - d. Mozart's Jupiter (40th)
7. Identify the playwright, 30-20-10.
 - a. "The League of Youth", "Emperor and ~~Galilean~~ Galilean"
 - b. "The Pillars of Society" and "John Gabriel Borkman"
 - c. "The Master Builder", "When We Dead Awaken" (Ibsen)
8. Name the capitals of the following countries:
 - a. Paraguay (Asuncion)
 - b. Pakistan (Islamabad)
 - c. Bhutan (Thimphu)
 - d. Liberia (Monrovia)
 - e. Somalia (Mogadishu)
 - f. Guyana (Georgetown)
9. Answer the following questions about Idi Amin:
 - a. the capital of the nation he ruled (Kampala)
 - b. the president he overthrew (Milton Obote)
 - c. the nation in which he now resides (Saudi Arabia)
10. Identify the following writers of the American South:
 - a. wrote "Tobacco Road" and "God's Little Acre" (Erskine Caldwell)
 - b. wrote "The Optimist's Daughter" and "Delta Wedding" (Eudora Welty)
 - c. wrote "The Ballad of the Sad X Cafe" and "Member of the Wedding" (Carson McCullers)
11. The infamous hunchbacked dwarf question. Answer the following questions somehow relating to hunchbacks, dwarves, and hunchbacked dwarves:

TOSS-UPS

1. On March 6 West Germans will go to the polls to elect their chancellor. Last fall Christian Democrat Helmut Kohl succeeded Social Democrat Helmut Schmidt; Kohl's opponent in March however will not be Schmidt but a new candidate. Who? Vogel
2. What country am I? I'm bordered on the north by Tanzania, Malawi, and Zambia, on the west by Zimbabwe, and on the south by South Africa. On my east coast is the Mozambique Channel. Mozambique
3. We all know of Wisconsin's famous Progressive Robert LaFollette. He carried the state of Wisconsin in his unsuccessful presidential bid of what year? 1924
4. This famous chanteuse was the wife of composer Kurt Weill. She starred in several productions of The Threepenny Opera as Jenny, as well as one James Bond movie. Who was she? Lotte Lenya
5. Among his lesser known works are the novels The Wild Palms and The Unvanquished, as well as a book of poetry, the Marble Faun. Who was this celebrated man of letters? William Faulkner
6. The case Griswold v. Connecticut was decided by the Supreme Court in 1965. Under the penumbra of the right to privacy, this decision invalidated laws restricting what practice? birth control
7. Among this contemporary writer's books are The Right Stuff and From Bauhaus to Our House; he is credited with inventing the term The Me Decade. Who is the famous Virginian? Tom Wolfe
8. A prime example of Dadaist art is the 1919 painting L.H.O.O.Q., which depicts the Mona Lisa with a mustache and goatee. What well-known painter was responsible for this? Marcel Duchamp
9. This German filmmaker is well known for such feats of cinematic art as Nosferatu, Aguirre the Wrath of God, and Fitzcarraldo. Who is the master director? Werner Herzog
10. When Robert Peele resigned in the wake of the Irish potato famine of 1846, he was succeeded by a what statesman, a Whig firebrand of small stature? Lord John Russell
11. This American actress and model of the early twentieth century had romances with John Barrymore and Stanford White. She is the subject of a current off-Broadway play, Gilded Cage, and was featured in the novel and movie Ragtime. Who? Evelyn Nesbit
12. Travelling directly ~~100~~ north from Duluth, Minnesota, which Canadian province would you hit first? Ontario
13. The official name of this religious sect is United Society of Believers in Christ's Second Appearing. Begun in Manchester in 1750 its major proponents were James Wardley, his wife Jane, and Ann Lee. The sect's belief in celibacy for all members has resulted in dwindling enrollment. ~~Why~~ By what name is it commonly known? Shakers
14. Known as the Babe Ruth of Negro baseball, this star catcher played for the Homestead Grays from the 1920's thru to the 1940's. He is believed to have hit about 800 home runs and was admitted to Baseball's Hall of Fame in the ~~1970's~~ 1970's. Who? Josh Gibson
15. With the exception of Ulysses, he was the last of the Hellenic heroes to return home. Who was he, the younger brother of ~~Menelaus~~ Agamemnon? Menelaus
16. This European country is bordered on the north by Rumania, on the west by Yugoslavia, and on the south by Greece, and on the east by the Black Sea. What is it? Bulgaria
17. This O'Neil play is set in New York City in the early twentieth century, and tells us of the racially mixed marriage between Ella Downey and Jim ~~Harmon~~. What is it? All God's Chillun Got Wings
18. Who was the first Hohenzollern to take on the title of emperor of Germany? William I

19. The sixth largest island on earth, it is part of Indonesia and was the setting for one of Sherlock Holmes' most tantalizing untold mysteries concerning a giant rat. What? Sumatra
20. In 1054 Cardinal Humbert deposited on the altar of St. Sophia in Constantinople a bull of excommunication against this bishop, who promptly excommunicated Humbert and thus began the great schism between east and western Christianity. Who was the Patriarch of Constantinople herein involved? Michael Cerularius

BONUS QUESTIONS

1. For five points each, name the nine Muses: Calliope, Clio, Erato, Euterpe, Melpomene, Polyhymnia, Terpsichore, Thalia, and Urania
2. For five points each, name the senators from Illinois, Michigan, and Indiana: Percy, Dixon, Riegle, Levin, Quayle, and Lugar
3. For ten points each, spell the following words: genealogy, antediluvian, googolplex
4. Give the real names of the following: Isak Dinesen, Maxim Gorky, Leo Trotsky, Karen Blixen, Alexei Peshkov, Lev Bronstein
5. For thirty, all or nothing, give the 7 Wonders of the World: Hanging Gardens, Pyramids, ~~Marble Sea~~, Mausoleum, Temple of Diana, Colossus of Rhodes, Statue of Jupiter, Pharos of Alexandria
6. For 30 aon, name the S.A. countries which ~~do~~ include portions of the equator: Brazil, Colombia, Peru, Ecuador
7. For ten points each, name the first woman, first black, and first black woman named to the Cabinet: Frances Perkins, Robert Weaver, and Patricia Harris
8. Name the following librettists: Mozart's for Don Giovanni and Marriage of Figaro; R. Strauss's for Elektra and Salome; da Ponte, Hoffmansthal
9. Name the directors of the following: Mephisto (Szabo); Marriage of Maria Braun (Fassbinder); Bye Bye Brazil (Diegues)
10. Name the 3 major Democratic candidates for mayor of Chicago.
11. Name the governors (points each) of the following states: Alabama (Wallace), New York (Cuomo), California (Deukmajian), Oregon (Atiyeh)
12. For 5 each, name the nineteenth century Chief Justices: Marshall, Taney, Chase, Waite, Fuller
13. Give the capitals of the following: Morocco (Rabat), Tunisia (Tunis), Venezuela (Caracas), Honduras (Tegucigalpa), Australia (Canberra)
14. Give the running mates of the following presidential candidates: A.E. Smith, 1928 (Joseph Robinosn), James M. Cox, 1920 (FDR), Eugene Debs, 1912 (Emil Seidel), Tom Dewey, 1948 (Earl Warren), Winfield Scott, 1852 (William Graham), James Polk, 1844 (George Dallas)
15. 25 aon, list the continents in order of size, largest to smallest: Asia, Africa, N.A.M S.A., Antarctica, Europe, Australia
16. Place the following caars in chronological order: Alexius, Theodore III, Anna, Elizabeth, 25, aon
17. Name the composers of the following symphonies: Rhenish (Schumann), Italian (Mendelssohn), Leningrad (Shostakovich), Symphony of Psalms (Stravinsky), Resurrection (Mahler), Titan (Mahler)
18. Name the team that won the NL pennant in the following years: 1973 (NY Mets), 1970 (Cincinnati), 1945 (Chicago), 1974 (LA), 1968 (St. Louis)
19. For 25 points, name the German author of Billiards at Half Past Nine and Group Portrait with Lady: Boll
20. Name the Nobel laureates in literature for the following years: 1982 (Marques), 1981 (Canetti), 1980 (Milosz), 1972 (Boll), 1958 (Pasternak).

1. In the Second Book of Samuel, Nathan the prophet rebukes David for in effect stealing the wife of Uriah, the Hittite. What is her name? (Bathsheba)
2. William Faulkner wrote the novel "Absalom, Absalom!" In the Bible, Absalom is the son of David. He winds up losing a battle fought in rebellion against his father and, contrary to David's orders, is killed, thus moving David to mourn "Absalom, my son, my son!" Absalom's rebellion was motivated by the esteem in which he was held by the people after he had returned from exile for the killing of his brother Amnon. What sin had Amnon committed which moved Absalom to slay him? (incest; he raped his sister Tamar)
3. We all know that the Czech playwright Karel Capek wrote the play R.U.R. and introduced the word "robot" into the vocabulary; but what did R.U.R. itself stand for? (Rossum's Universal Robots)
4. This German general commanded at the Battle of Liege in World War I; though subordinate to Hindenburg, he interfered a lot with his policies. Dismissed after failing to conclude the German offensive of 1918, he later became a Nazi, joined in the Beer Hall Putsch, and served in the Reichstag from 1924 to 1928. Who? (Erich von Ludendorff)
5. Contrary to popular belief, they had nothing to do with Robin Marshment. They took their name instead from the Bob Dylan tune, "Subterranean Homesick Blues". Who were these radicals and terrorists of the late 1960's? (The Weathermen)
6. In 1883 she was appointed special commissioner to inquire into the condition of Mission Indians in California. A champion of Indian rights, she wrote the books "A Century of Dishonor", "Ramona", and "Glimpses of 3 Coasts". Who? (Helen Hunt Jackson)
7. This electrical law states that the rate of heating in any conductor of electricity depends upon the square of the current passing through the conductor multiplied by the conductor resistance; mathematically expressed $I^2 \times R$. What? (Joule's Law)
8. The characters in this play are Joseph Garcin, a pacifist journalist; Estelle Rigault, who has killed her baby; and Inez, a lesbian postal clerk. They are trapped in a room and must suffer each other's company. What is the play? (No Exit, by J-P. Sartre)
9. Lewis Milestone won the Academy Award for best director for the second time in 1930 for his adaptation of a remarkable short novel. The main characters of the novel and movie are Paul Bauemer and Stanislaus Katzinski. What is the name of the novel and play, set in World War I? (All Quiet on the Western Front)
10. In 1942 Michael Kanin and Ring Lardner, Jr., won the Oscar for best original screenplay. The movie they worked on was turned into a Broadway play in the early 1980's, and has starred in turn Lauren Bacall, Raquel Welch, and Debbie Reynolds in the title role. What? (Woman of the Year)
11. Johnny Crson reportedly turned down a major role in this motion picture, which has been labeled by some as the most dangerous, irresponsible film since "Taxi Driver". In it, a comedian kidnaps a talk show host to force his way onto the show. Jerry Lewis plays the talk show host in this soon-to-be released Scorsese film, starring Robert DeNiro. What? (King of Comedy)
12. This small African nation is bordered by Mozambique on the far northwest side, but is otherwise wholly encircled by South Africa. Its capital is Mbabane. What is it? (Swaziland)
13. This Sicilian philosopher was a Pythagorean and lived from about 490 to 430 B.C. He is said to have been the first to propose that matter consists of air, earth, fire, and water, that blood ebbed and flowed from the heart, and that health resulted from maintaining a balance of the four bodily humors. Who? (Empedocles)

14. Nicholas I acceded to the Russian throne in 1825. In the wake of the ensuing confusion over the change in government many aristocrats and officers formed secret societies in the hope of bringing about a revolution against the tsar. They failed, tho they inspired later attempt. By what name is the revolt known? (Decembrist Revolt)
15. Robert Preston has of late been seen in such films as "Victory, Victoria" and "S.O.B.", tho one of his earliest successes was as the title character of "The Music Man". Who wrote "The Music Man"? (Meredith Wilson)
16. It broke from the Roman Church when the Council of Chalcedon in 451 rejected its doctrine of Monophysitism. It is still the chief Christian Church in Egypt, and services are held in Greek, Arabic, and another dead language which gives its name to the church. What is this church called? (Coptic)
17. Of Columbia; Brown; Dartmouth; M.I.T.; and Pennsylvania; which one is not a member of college football's Ivy League? (MIT)
18. Born in England, she received a degree from a college in Geneva, NY, in 1849. After further study in Europe she came back to the US in 1857. Since she had obtained her degree in medicine, thus becoming the USA's first female doctor, she opened a women's hospital in NYC. Who was this distinguished physician? (Elizabeth Blackwell)
19. She abdicated her throne in 1654, leaving the country in male disguise. At Innsbruck, she converted to Roman Catholicism. Twice she tried and failed to regain her throne, in 1660 and 1667. A lavish patron of the arts while queen, she attracted many scholars to court, including Descartes. Who was this queen, the successor to Gustavus Adolphus? (Queen Christina)
20. "God give me chastity, but not yet" was the prayer of what famous sinner-turned-saint, a Manichean converted to Christianity and one of the major philosophers and theologians of scholasticism? (St. Augustine)
- 21) We all know that Descartes asserted "Cogito, ergo sum", "I think, therefore I am". But what earlier philosopher had said something very similar - "I feel, therefore I am", "If I am deceived, I am", "If I doubt my existence, I must admit to doubt?" (St. Augustine)

BONUS QUESTIONS

1. For 30 points, name the 3 fates of Greek myth and what each one does.
(Clotho spins, Lachesis measures, Atropos cuts)
2. Name the home state of the following famous American Southerners:
a. Tallulah Bankhead (Alabama) b. Hugo Black (Alabama) c. Helen Keller (Alabama) d. George W. Carver (Alabama) e. John C. Fremont (Georgia)
3. Answer the following questions on Australian geography:
a. the capital of Queensland (Brisbane) b. the province that borders the Great Barrier Reef (Queensland) c. the southern inlet, bordered by South A. and West A., right below the Victorian desert (Great A. Bight)
4. Identify the following famous Nazi, 30-20-10
a. He was sentenced to 10 years in prison at the Nuembeg Trials
b. He was responsible for the rebirth of German U-Boat service in violation of the Versailles Treaty, and became head of the German Navy late in the war
c. He headed the Nazi government after Hitler's death and accepted the terms of unconditional surrender. (Karl Doenitz)
5. Answer the following questions on the Oscars:
a. The last musical to win Best Picture (Oliver!)
b. The first winner for best director (Lewis Milestone)
c. The director of 1934's best picture, "It Happened One Night" (F. Capra)
6. Name the amendments:
a. No quartering of soldiers in peacetime (3)
b. Women's suffrage (19)
c. Abolition of poll tax (24)
d. Abolition of slavery (13)
e. Right to bear arms (2)
7. Arrange the following Supreme Court justices in chronological order of appointment: William Douglas, Benjamin Cardozo, Earl Warren, Hugo Black, Louis Brandeis. (LB, BC, HB, WD, EW)
8. Name the composers of the following operas:
a. La Gioconda (Ponchielli)
b. The Medium (Menotti)
c. Rienzi (Wagner)
9. Name the current prime ministers of the following countries:
a. Greece (Papandreou) b. Ireland (Fitzgerald) c. Spain (Gonzalez)
10. Answer the following questions about the British Labour party:
a. the first Labour p.m. (R. Macdonald) b. the last one (J. Callaghan)
c. the Labour p.m. during most of the 1960's (H. Wilson)
11. Identify the author, 30-20-10
a. The Greek Passion, Freedom or Death
b. The Poor Man of God, The Odyssey
c. Zorba the Greek, The Last Temptation of Christ (N. Kazantzakis)
12. Identify the Russian czars:
a. Reigned 1796-1801 (Paul) b. Reigned 1855-1881, assassinated (Alexander II) c. Reigned 1598-1605 (Boris Godunov) d. Reigned 1689-1725 (Peter I)
13. Identify the following artists:
a. sculptor of Lobster Trap and Fish Tail (A. Calder)
b. surrealist painter of Study After Velasquez's Portrait of Pope Innocent X (Francis Bacon)
c. American painter of Christina's World and Winter (A. Wyeth)
14. Identify country by capital: A. Addis Ababa (Ethiopia) b. Nouakchott (Mauritania) c. Accra (Ghana) d. Kinshasa (Zaire) e. Bangui (CAR)
15. Identify the following baseball players by their nicknames:
a. Splendid Splinter (T. Williams) b. Yankee Clipper (J. DiMaggio)
c. Charlie Hustle (Pete Rose) d. Old Aches and Pains (L. Appling)
e. Zamboni Machine (Ken Ritz) f. Sultan of Swat (Babe Ruth)

16. For 25 aon, name the four major islands of Japan:

(~~Sakhalin~~, Honshu, Hokkaido, Shikoku, Kyushu)

17. Answer the following questions about the Falkland Islands War:

a. The Argentine leader at the time of the invasion (Galtieri)

b. The British foreign secretary who resigned in the wake of the invasion (Lord Carrington)

c. The Argentine leader after Galtieri quit (Bignone)

d. The British foreign secretary after Carrington quit (Pym)

TOSS-UPS

1. This 20th century American composer wrote an adagio for strings which was played on national radio following the announcement of the death of FDR. The composer died two years ago, leaving behind such favorites as the Overture to the School for Scandal, three Essays for Orchestra, and song cycles based on the works of James Joyce and Soren Kierkegaard. Who was he?/Samuel Barber
2. Frank Skeffington, 72, is the mayor of Bostpn. He is running for re-election against political newcomer Kevin Mccluskey in a fight to preserve the machine. What is the novel, penned by Edwin O'Connor?/The Last Hurrah
3. The year is 1983, the city Boston. For ten points, who really is the mayor?/Kevin White
4. In the works of Shakeppeare, two feamle characters share this name/One is the wife of Brutus in Juillis Caesar; the other utters the immortal lines in the Merchant of Venice, "the quality of mercy is not starned". What is the name?/Portia
5. Of the following authors, who was the first to win a Nobel Prize in literature: Joseph Conrad; James Joyce; Marcel Proust; Leo Tolstoy; Thomas Hardy; Dylan Thomas; Franz Kafka; and F. Scott Fitzgerald ?/none of them
6. Despite their different interpretations of radical politics, the young men Stavrogin and Verkovensky combine fanaticism, treachery, and self-contradiction to incite an entire town to pillage, arson, and slaughter. What is the Dostoevsky novel?/The Possessed
7. This magazine made its debut in 1914 and lasted until 1936. A pet project of Henry Crowninshield and Conde Nast, this literary and art-oriented magazine is now being revived, and its March issue will contain an entire novel by Nobel prizewinner Garcia Marquez. What is this periodical, which ultimately derives its name from Pilgrim's Progress?/Vanity Fair
8. This seventeenth century theologian likened faith to a wager, where the safe bet was on the side of faith. Who was this French thinker, who was greatly influenced by the Jansenists?/Blaise Pascal
9. An American painter, he lived from 1844 to 1916. Using an objective, realistic approach to his art, his best-known works include "The Chess Players", "Miss van Buren", "Cardinal Martinelli", the "Clinic of Professor Gross", and "John Biglen in a Single Scull". Who?/Thomas Eakins
10. This type of legislative enactment is forbidden by the US Constitution and was abolished in Great Britain in 1870. It punishes those guilty of treason or felony by forcing the loss of all property and the infliction of cruel and unusual punishment; furthermore, the defendant cannot sue for legal protection or civil rights, and cannot testify in court. What is this odious type of enactment called?/bill of attainder
11. An ancient country of Asia Minor, it contained the cities of Chalcedon, Nicomedia, and Nicea. It was independent from 278 BC under Nicomedes I until Rome annexed it in 74 BC. It was later governed by Pliny the Younger. What is the name of this ancient region?/Bithynia
12. Scotland is a nice place. By what poetical name is Scotland sometimes called, deriving from the ancient name of the place as mentioned in Tacitus?/Caledonia
13. The Anglo-Saxon kings of England ruled from Alfred the Great in 871 to Edmund II in 1016. Alfred's reign was 30 years, but this was not the longest reign of the Anglo-Saxon kings. Which one ruled for 38 years, from 978 to 1016?/Ethelred
14. The author of "They Got me Covered", "Have Tux, Will Travel", "I Owe Russia \$1200", and "So This Is Peace", this popular entertainer got his start in vaudeville and first appeared on Broadway in 1927, though he was born in London. Who is this comedian, who will be 80 on May 29?/Bob Hope
15. He became president of the CIO in 1952 when Philip Murray died. Along with George Meany of the AFL, he paved the way for the union merger in 1955.

Who was this noted labor leader?/Wlater Reuther

16. He wrote 33 plays, amny of hhem verse drama based on historical characters. Among them were "What Price Glory?", "Anne of a Thousand Days", "KNickerbocker Holiday", "Winterset", "Key Largo", and "High Tor". Who was this noted American playwright?/Maxwell Anderson

17. This politcial party was formed in Buffalo, NY in 1848, and was at first made up of such minor parties as the Barnburners, the Liberty party, some Whigs, and abolitionists. Its cardinal principle was an pposition to the extension of slavery. It ran presidential candiate for the first time in 1848, for the last time in 1852. What was it?/Free-Soil Party

18. Henry VIII and this French monarch met in X/ June 1520 at the Field of the Cloth of Gold in Calais. The French knig tried to persuade Henry to oppose Charles V of Germany. Who was the French king?/ Francis I

19. He directed the 4 hour silent epic Napoleon, which was re-released' by Francis Ford Coppola in 1981. Who is htis noted French man of cñnema? /Abel Gance

20. A 20th century art movemant influenced by cubism, it ries to incorporate into painting and sculpture elemenst of architecturw and engineering. Among its practitioners have been Naum Gabo, Antoine Pevsner, and Al Calder . What is it?/construttivism

BONUS QUESTIONS

1. Name the Nobel Prize winners in literature:
 - a. 1980, wrote "The Captive Mind" and much poetry in Polish (Milosz)
 - b. 1957, wrote "The Rebel", French (Camus)
 - c. 1921, wrote "Penguin Island", French (France)
2. 5 pts. each: Name the 6 most common chemical compounds in the earth's atmosphere from most to least common. N_2 , O_2 , A , CO_2 , Ne , He
3. 5 pts. each: name the senator:
 - a. ~~Dem.~~ from Mo., recently re-elected (Danforth)
 - b. dem. from Mo., one-time vp candidate (Eagleton)
 - c. Rep. from Colo., conservative member of Soc. Sec. commission (Armstrong)
 - d. the other Colo. senator, a Dem. (Hart)
 - e. Rep. from Nevada, recently elected (Hecht)
4. With the primary election of Harold Washington in Chicago February 22, it looks like the Second City will soon have its first black mayor. Within the last fifteen or so years, blacks have made impressive inroads into city governments around the US. Identify the following black mayors:
 - a. the current mayor of LA, who lost a bid for the governorship of California recently (Tom Bradley)
 - b. the current mayor of Atlanta, who once worked at the UN (Andrew Young)
 - c. Andrew Young's predecessor as mayor of Atlanta (Maynard Jackson)
 - d. the current mayor of Detroit (Coleman Young)
 - e. the one-time mayor of Cleveland, he was among the first of the blacks elected mayor of a major city in the US (Carl Stokes)
 - f. the current mayor of Newark (Kenneth Gibson)
 - g. the mayor of Gary, Ind., since 1967 (Richard Hatcher)
5. Wisconsin politicians have been involved in several third-party bids for national offices. Identify the following:
 - a. the Socialist candidate for president with whom Milwaukee mayor Emil Seidel ran for president (Eugene Victor Debs)
 - b. the right-wing Madison mayor who was Lester Maddox's running mate in 1967 1976 (William Dyke)
 - c. the candidate with whom Patrick Lucey ran on an independent bid (John Anderson)
 - d. Robert LaFollette's running mate in 1924 (Burton K. Wheeler)
6. Identify the playwright:
 - a. wrote "On Golden Pond" and "West Side Waltz" (Ernest Thompson)
 - b. wrote "Amadeus" (Peter Schaffer)
 - c. wrote "Marat/Sade" (Peter Weiss)
7. Among the better known Soviet republics are Russia, the Ukraine, Lithuania, and Latvia. Name as many more as you can for 5 each.
(Estonia, Byelorussia, Georgia, Azerbaijan, Uzbekh, Kazakhstan, Armenia, Kirghizia, Moldavia, Turkmenistan, Tadzhikistan)
8. All or nothing: arrange the following Russian czars in chronological order for 25 pts.: Peter III, Nicholas I, Alexander I, Catherine I, Paul I (Catherine I, Peter III, Paul I, Alexander I, Nicholas I)
9. Identify the country the following dynasties royally rule:

a. House of Gluecksburg (Denmark)	b. House of Nassau (Luxembourg)
c. House of Bernadotte (Sweden)	d. House of Bourbon (Spain)
e. House of Grimaldi (Monaco)	f. House of Cotter (Delusia)
10. For 10 pts. each, a) how many countries border Bhutan? (2)
b) what are these two countries? (India and China)
c) what is the capital of Bhutan? (Thimphu)
11. For 5 pts. each, give the film that won the Academy Award in the following years: a) 1969 (Midnight Cowboy) b) 1973 (The Sting) c) 1977 (Annie Hall)
d) 1934 (It Happened One Night) e) 1960 (The Apartment)
12. For 5 pts. each and 10 for getting all right, name the largest cities in ~~Canada~~ Canada in descending order; a wrong answer stops you.
~~Take into account~~ Take into account populations only within city limits, not

- not metropolitan areas. (Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Edmonton)
13. Now taking into account metropolitan areas, list the four largest cities in Canada. (Toronto, Montreal, Vancouver, Ottawa)
- Answer the following questions on the history of Texas:
- who in 1821 secured a grant from local authorities permitting him to bring in American settlers? (Moses Austin)
 - what year did Texas proclaim a provisional government at Washington-on-the-Brazos, in defiance of Mexico? (1836)
 - what battle, commanded by Sam Houston, ended the war and brought to birth the Independent Republic of Texas? (San Jacinto)
15. Answer the following questions for $5/10$ pts each:
- Who was the 1st woman to serve in Congress? (Jeanette Rankin)
 - What year did Little League baseball allow girls to play? (1974)
 - What was the first state to grant political equality to women? (Wyoming!)
16. Identify what the following constellations are supposed to represent:
- Cygnus (swan)
 - grus (Crane)
 - monoceros (unicorn)
 - hydrus (water snake)
 - reticulum (net)
 - scutum (shield)
17. Identify the following units of measure:
- what do 24 grains equal? (one pennyweight)
 - what do 20 grains equal? (one scruple)
 - what do 4 gills equal? (one pint)
 - what do 80 chains equal? (1 statute mile)
 - what do 27 $11/32$ grains equal? (one dram)
18. Identify within 2 years the year in which each of the following won the Nobel Peace Prize:
- Elihu Root (1912)
 - Albert Schweitzer (1952)
 - Willy Brandt (1971)
 - Jane Addams and Nicholas Murray Butler (~~1944~~ 1931)
 - Cordell Hull (1945)
 - Charles G. Dawes and Austen Chamberlain (1925)
19. Answer the following questions on baseball's All Star game:
- where was the first one played? (Comiskey Park, Chicago)
 - when? (~~1983~~) (1933)
 - what was the last year the American League won? (1971)
 - what was the last year that two were held? (1962)
 - what was the last year the leagues played to a tie game? (1961)(rain)
 - what year was the last one played in a city that no longer has a team? (1969)
20. Identify the principal country associated with the following deserts:
- Negev (Israel)
 - Great Sandy (Australia)
 - Dasht-i-Lut (Iran)
 - Atacama (Chile)
 - Taklamakan (China)
 - Nubian (Sudan)

TOSS-UPS

1. In the late 1940's, Daryl F. Zanuck shot the movie "Prince of Foxes" on location in this European country. The world's oldest republic, it was founded in the 4th century AD by a stonecutter (later revered as a saint) and his followers. What is the name of this nation of some 20,000 souls? (San Marino)
2. This novel was perhaps the most popular book in America during the Civil War. An epic of some 1200 pages, it is divided into five major parts; among the names of these five parts are Fantine, Cosette, and Marius. Each part is then subdivided into smaller parts, each of them further subdivided. What is this novel, which contains a description of the Battle of Waterloo? (Les Miserables)
3. He was shot in a robbery attempt in 1973, but survived and continued to serve in the Senate, as he has since 1947. Previous to that he was a circuit judge. Name this Southern Democrat who will be 82 this year. (John Stennis)
4. He edited the journal "Crisis" from 1934 to 1949. An advocate of non-violence, this US civil rights leader served as a director of the NAACP from 1955 to 1970. He died in 1981 at the age of 80. Who? (Roy Wilkins)
5. His father died before he was born (how's that for a misused pronoun?) and so the boy became king at birth in 1886, and began personal rule in 1902. He associated himself with the unpopular dictator Primo de Rivera, and was forced to leave Spain in 1931, though he refused to abdicate. Who was this king of Spain, the grandfather of King Juan Carlos? (Alfonso 13)
6. This war was fought between Paraguay and Bolivia from 1932 to 1935. Over 200,000 casualties took place before the war was finally settled by arbitration, mostly in favor of Paraguay. What is the name of this war, taking its name from the region over which the war was fought? (Chaco War)
7. In 1397 all the Scandinavian crowns were united by the Kalmar Union under Queen Margaret of Denmark. This situation lasted till 1523, when the Swedes pulled out and elected this fellow their king. Who? (Gustavus I)
8. Nicholas Gilman; Nathaniel Gorham; Thomas Mifflin; Richard Bassett; Gunning Bedford; Daniel Jenifer; Daniel Carroll; Hu Williamson; James Wilson; David Brearley; Jonathann Dayton; William Samuel Johnson; John Langdon; Jacob Broom; Charles Pinckney; and James Madison were among the signers of this document. What? (US Constitution)
9. This famous photographer served as editor of Fortune magazine but is better known from his photos of depression-struck South and his book "Now Let us Praise Famous Men". Who? (Walker Evans)
10. This medal is named after an eighteenth century English bookseller and publisher who specialized in children's books; indeed the medal is awarded every year for distinguished contribution to American children's literature. What is it? (Newbery Medal)
11. A member of the French New Wave film directors, he successfully made the transition from French to American moviemaking. His films include "Lacombe, Lucienne", "Murmur of the Heart"; "Zazie dans le Metro", "Pretty Baby" and "Atlantic City". Who? (Louis Malle)
12. This lake extends into upstate New York, Vermont, and Quebec, it is named for the French explorer who discovered it in the seventeenth century and promptly shot three Iroquois. Needless to say this upset the Iroquois, who, in years to come, constantly sided with the British against the French. Anyway, what is the name of the lake, not far from Mt. Defiance and Fort Ticonderoga? (Lake Champlain)
13. A Dutch-born English philosopher and satirist of the eighteenth century, his "Fable of the Bees" tries to establish that virtue and economic progress are based on self-interest and private vices. Who? (Bernard Mandeville)
14. It is May 3, 1960. You are at the Sullivan Street Theater in Manhattan. You have come to see the first run of a play in which a character called

El Gallo sings about an abduction he is to perform in a fantasy version of the old Romeo and Juliet story. Little do you realize that twenty-two years later the play will still be running. Name the musical, written by Tom Jones and Harvey Schmidt. (The Fantasticks)

15. This US novelist likes to write historical fiction. His works include "Citizen Tom Paine", "Spartacus", and "The Unvanquished". Name this former Communist who also wrote "The Naked God" about his disillusionment with the Reds. (Howard Fast)

16. An ordained Baptist minister who turned to journalism, he wrote for the National Public School Celebration of Columbus Day, 1892, the Pledge of Allegiance. Name him. (Francis Bellamy)

17. Seeing how it was the home of many influential Democrats of the day including Hubert Humphrey and Walter Mondale, it seems odd that Richard Nixon would have been enamored with the state of Minnesota. However, he appointed to the US Supreme Court not one but two Minnesotans. Name them both. (Burger and Blackmun)

18. This art movement of the 1960's emphasized optical illusions thru the creation of complex geometric constructions and designs; it tried to produce the illusion of movement on the picture surface. Among its adherents were the ever-popular Victor Vasarely and Bridget Riley. Name this art movement, whose appellation rhymes with that of ~~any~~ another contemporary art movement. (Op Art)

19. At Thermopylae, the Greek forces under this commander held up the invading Persian Army for three days in an amazing show of resistance. Who was this celebrated general? (Leonidas)

20. These shell-less cephalopod mollusks of the order Teuthoidea live mostly in the oceans. Renowned in some regions for their culinary value, the Italians call them calamari. What are these creatures, who have ten arms? (squid)

bonus questions

1. Answer the following on Swiss literature for 10 each:
 - a. The author of Heidi (Johanna Spyri)
 - b. the author of Swiss Family Robinson (Johann Wyss)
 - c. the modern playwright, author of The Physicists and The Visit (Friedrich Dürrenmatt)
2. My kind of town, Augsburg is. Answer the following qq. & somehow connected with Augsburg:
 - a. The War of the League of Augsburg fought between Louis XIV and the Grand Alliance ended with what treaty of 1697? (Ryswick)
 - b. The Peace of Augsburg, agreed to between Ferdinand of the Holy Roman Empire and the German princes, ended the religious wars of the Reformation. Within 5 years, when was it ratified? (1555)
 - c. The Augsburg Confession was presented to the Diet of Augsburg in 1530 in an attempt to reconcile Luther's reforms with the Roman Catholic Church. What emperor rejected it? (Charles V)
3. Identify the playwright, 5 pts. each:
 - a. wrote "The Caretaker", "The Homecoming", screenplay for "French Lieutenant's Woman" (Pinter)
 - b. wrote "Look Back in Anger", "Luther", and "The Entertainer" (Osborne)
 - c. a novelist, he wrote one play, "Requiem for a Nun" (Faulkner)
 - d. also an actor, he has written "Operation Sidewinder", "Buried Child" and "Curse of the Starving Class" (Shepard)
 - e. a political figure, she found time to write the play "The Women" (Luce)
4. Identify the following Communists and/or Socialists:
 - a. the first man elected to the US Congress as a Socialist, he served several terms in the 1901's and 1920's (Vicotr Berger)
 - b. any of the ~~socialist~~ socialist mayors of Milwaukee (Seidel, Hoan, Zeidler)
 - c. US Communist, he wrote "Marxism, Is It a Science?" and "Stalin's Russia"; a friend of John Reed, he was portrayed in Reds by Edward Herrmann (Max Eastman)
 - d. US Communist leader, he organized the 1919 steel strike and was Commie candidate for president in 1924, '28, and '32. (Wm. Z. Foster)
 - e. Italian theoretical Marxist, he died young and unknown in World War II, but his writings have become among the most influential works of Italian Communism in the years since. (Antonio Gramsci)
5. For 30 pts. aon, ~~name~~ give the last names of the folk singers Peter, Paul, and Mary (Peter Yarrow, Mary Travers, ~~Peter/Shooker~~ Paul Stookey)
6. For 30 pts. aon, give the following facts about the movie "Little Big Man": the director, the starring actor, and the novelist of the original work. (Arthur Penn, Dustin Hoffman, Thomas Berger)
7. Identify the following vitamins:
 - a. thiamine (B1)
 - b. riboflavin (B2)
 - c. pyroxidine (B6)
8. for 25 aon, name all the European countries one would traverse going due north from Tirane, Albania, to the Baltic Sea. (Yugoslavia, Hungary, Czechoslovakia, Poland)
9. Identify the composers of the following operas:
 - a. Die Freischütz (Weber)
 - b. Die Fledermaus (Strauss)
 - c. The Rake's Progress (Stravinsky)
 - d. Peter Grimes (Britten)
 - e. The Battered Bride (Smetana)
 - f. Peleas and Melisande (Debussy)
 - g. Samson and Delilah (Saint-Saens)
10. Identify the senators from each state; pts. for each correct pair:
 - a. Georgia (Nunn, Mattingly)
 - b. South Carolina (Hollings, Thurmond)
 - c. Texas (Tower, Bentsen)
 - d. New York (Moynihan, d'Amato)
 - e. Illinois (Percy, Dixon)
1. Identify the directors:
 - a) Death in Venice (Visconti)
 - b) 7 Beauties (Westmuller)
 - c) The Gospel According to St. Matthew (Pasolini)
 - d) Missing (Costa-Cavroux)
 - e) Escape from NY (John Carpenter)
 - f) The Fountainhead (King Vidor)
 - g) Rich & Famous (George Cukor)

1. Political corruption is not unique to the USA. Eight years ago a Japanese prime minister was forced to resign in connexion with his involvement with a bribery scandal involving Lockheed. His trial is winding its way down to completion now, and he may be sentenced to prison, despite the fact that he's still a member of parliament. Who is this fellow? (Kakuei Tanaka)
2. This strait separates two islands, one of which belongs to one country, the other to another. The strait's name is Bonifacio, and if I add that it's in the Mediterranean, can you figure out which two islands? (Sardinia and Corsica)
3. A northern constellation located near Ursus Major is named "Camelopard". In archaic English, derived from medieval Latin, a camelopard is another term for what kind of African animal? (giraffe)
4. In 1892 a clash between striking steel workers and 300 Pinkerton agents hired by the Carnegie Steel Company left 10 men dead. The strike is commonly referred to by the name of the town in which it took place. What? (Homestead)
5. The largest city in Vermont, it is located near M. Lake Champlain. Its other claim to fame is that it is the birthplace of philosopher John Dewey. What is this town, not the capital of Vermont? (Burlington)
6. A Bavarian composer of the eighteenth century, he completed his musical education in Italy under Sammartini. He brought about revolutionary changes in opera, moving away from the traditional Italian operatic styles of his day. Among his works are "Fall of the Giants", "Orpheus and Eurydice", "Antigone", "Alceste", and "Iphigenie". Who was this fellow? (C.W. von Gluck)
8. According to legend, ~~XXXX~~ the night of January 20 is when a maiden will dream of her future husband. By what name is this day called? (St. Agnes' Eve)
9. A Yorkist, he expelled Henry VI and installed Edward IV in 1461. He changed his mind later on and restored Henry in 1471. He was defeated by Edward at the Battle of Barnet. Who was this powerful nobleman, known as "The Kingmaker"? (Richard Neville, earl of Warwick)
10. He tried to uphold the high journalistic standards of his predecessor Adolph Ochs as publisher of the New York Times from 1935 to 1961. Who was this US newspaperman, who served as chairman of the board of the Times until his death in 1968? (Arthur Sulzberger)
11. He set a record in the NHL for most assists (102) in 1971, twice led the league in scoring, and won eight consecutive Norris trophies. Name this hockey great, who ended his playing days with the Chicago Black Hawks. (Bobby Orr)
12. Active in the Spanish Civil War and the French Resistance in World War II, she converted from Judaism to Christianity around 1940. Among her books is "Oppression and Liberty". Name this twentieth-century philosopher. (Simone Weil)
13. This American humorist and short-story writer was originally a journalist and sportswriter. Among his collections of short stories are "You Know Me, Al" and "How to Write Short Stories". He also collaborated on writing plays with George S. Kaufman and George M. Cohan. Name this author of the story "Haircut". (Ring Lardner)
14. In 1611 he became King of Sweden. A hero of the Thirty Years' War, he was done in during the Battle of Lutzen when a company of Croats from Wallenstein's army when he got separated from his own men due to the thick fog. Name this king and scholar, the grandson of Gustavus I. (Gustavus II Adolphus)
15. This Swedish physical chemist won the Nobel Prize in 1930 for his theory concerning the dislocation of ~~late~~ salts in solution. He laid the foundations for the study of electrochemistry. Who is he? (Arrhenius)

16. This English novelist has written such works as "The Alexandria Quartet" and four novels-- "Justine", "Balthazar", "Mountolive", and "Cleo", which explore one story from different viewpoints. Who is he? (Lawrence Durrell)
17. "But this rough magic I here abjure: and when I have required some heavenly music, which even now I do, to work mine end upon their senses, that this airy charm is for me I'll break my staff, bury it certain fathoms in the earth, and deeper than did ever plummet sound I'll drown my book." These words are spoken by a character in one of Shakespeare's last plays, and is thought by some to be the bard's farewell to the world of the theater. Who says these words? (Prospero, in the Tempest)
18. His uncle was Pericles. He was a brilliant general for the Athenians in the Peloponnesian Wars; he saved the life of Socrates at the Battle of Delium in 424. He was going back to Athens to stand trial for profaning the statues of Mercury when he had a change of heart and went to fight for Sparta. Thereafter he fled to Persia, after a while came back to fight for Athens, and was again exiled. He was assassinated on his way back to Persia. He was this much-graveled military man? (Alcibiades)
19. This mythical nation is mentioned in the title of a book by Francis Bacon as well as in two dialogues of Plato, Timaeus and Critias. What is this continent or country said to have been lost into the sea? (Atlantis)
20. This French physicist shared the 1903 Nobel Prize in physics with the Curies. He discovered radioactivity in uranium salts in 1896, thus leading to theories on the structure of the atom. Who was he? (H. Becquerel)

BONUS QUESTIONS

1. Name the playwright:
 - a. "The Flies", "The Good Lord and the Devil" (Sartre)
 - b. "Caligula" (Camus)
 - c. "The Caucasian Chalk Circle" (Brecht)
 - d. "Sticks and Bones", "Streamers" (Rabe)
 - e. "The Rope", "The Eunuch" (Terence)
2. Name the author of the novel:
 - a. "The Enormous Room" (e e cummings)
 - b. "Men Against the Sea" (Nordhoff and Hall)
 - c. "Immensee" (Storm)
 - d. "Ethan Fromme" (Wharton)
 - e. "Moll Flanders" (deFoe)
3. Answer the following on British imperialist art:
 - a. wrote the poem "Rule, Britannia" (James Thomson)
 - b. wrote the music for "Rule, Britannia" (Thomas Arne)
 - c. wrote the music for "Pomp and Circumstance" (Elgar)
 - d. coined the jolly phrase "white man's burden" (Kipling)
4. Name the following things that begin with the letter "k":
 - a. one of the major islands of the Hawaiian Islands group (Kahoolawe)
 - b. a Moslem shrine in Mecca (Kaaba)
 - c. a state of euphoria induced by the smoking of hemp (kif or keif)
 - d. the seneschal in King Arthur's court (Kay)
 - e. a French military cap with a flat, circular top and a visor (kepi)
5. I'll give the state nickname, and you....
 - a. The Magnolia State (Mississippi)
 - b. L'Etolie du Nord (Star of the North (Minnesota))
 - c. Pelican State (Louisiana)
 - d. Pine Tree State (Maine)
 - e. Land of Opportunity (Arkansas)
 - f. Constitution State (Connecticut)
6. That last bonus was so much fun, let's try it again:
 - a. Evergreen State (Washington)
 - b. Treasure State (Montana)
 - c. Equality State (Wyoming)
 - d. Diamond State (Delaware)
 - e. Granite State (NH)
 - f. Sioux State (North Dakota)
7. And why not one more time...
 - a. Silver State (Nevada)
 - b. Palmetto State (SC)
 - c. Centennial State (Colorado)
 - d. Mountain State (WV)
 - e. Gem State (Idaho)
 - f. Old Line State (Maryland)
8. Name the author, 30-20-10.
 - a. She was born in England in 1866, died in 1943, wrote "The Tailor of Gloucester"
 - b. She wrote "Pigling Bland", "Jemima Puddle-Duck" and "Mrs Tiggy-Winkle"
 - c. She wrote "Benjamin Bunny" and "Peter Rabbit" (Beatrix Potter)
9. Name the composer of the following musicals:
 - a. Oklahoma! (Rodgers)
 - b. Sweeney Todd (Sondheim)
 - c. Joseph and the Amazing Technicolor Dreamcoat (Weber)
 - d. The King and I (Rodgers)
 - e. My Fair Lady (Loewe)
 - f. Brigadoon (Loewe)
10. More musicals:
 - a. Paint Your Wagon (Loewe)
 - b. Cats (Webber)
 - c. Oliver! (Lionel Bart)
 - d. Hair (Ragni, Rado, & Mc Dermott)
 - e. Grease (Casey & Jacobs)
 - f. Evita (Webber)
11. Mali is bordered by seven (count 'em, seven) countries. Name them, (Algeria, Mauritania, Senegal, Guinea, Ivory Coast, Upper Volta, Niger)
12. There were five Marx brothers, Groucho, Chico, Harpo, Gummo, and Zeppo. Give the real names of each for 5 points each. (Groucho: Julius; Chico, Leonard; Gummo, Milton; Harpo, Arthur; Zeppo, Herbert)
13. Name the playwright:

- a. "Tiger at the Gates", "Electra", and "The Mad Woman of Chaillet" (Jean Giraudoux)
 - b. "Inherit the Wind" (Jerome Lawrence & Robert E. Lee)
 - c. "The Balcony" & "The Blacks" (Jean Genet)
 - d. "Cuchulain" & "The Countess Cathleen" (Yeats)
 - e. "A Man for All Seasons" (Robert Bolt)
 - f. "The Quare Fellow" (Brendan Behan)
14. Academy Award drive:
- a. For what film did Liz Taylor win Oscar as best actress? (Who's Afraid of Virginia Woolf?)
 - b. For what film did Mel Brooks win for best story and screenplay? (The Producers)
 - c. For what film did Fredric March get best actor? (Best Years of Our Lives)
 - d. He won 3 for best director, for Mrs. Miniver, Best Years of our Lives, and Ben-Hur. (William Wyler)
 - e. Spencer Tracy won two years in a row. What films? (Captains Courageous, Boys' Town)
15. Name the Johnson:
- a. US black author, secretary of NAACP from 1916-39, and US consul to Venezuela and Nicaragua. (James Weldon Johnson)
 - b. US architect, supporter of the international style, designed famous Glass House. (Philip)
 - c. Progressive Republican senator from California, was TR's running mate in 1912, and an isolationist. (Hiram)
 - d. author of novel "Rasselas". (Samuel)
 - e. an aviatrix, she was the first woman to fly from London to Australia, in 1930. (Amy)
16. For 25 aon, name the men of antiquity known as the:
- a. lawgiver of Sparta;
 - b. lawgiver of Athens (Lycurgus & Solon)
17. Identify the number of the following French Philips:
- a. Philip the Fair (IV)
 - b. Philip the Tall (V)
 - c. Philip Augustus (II)
 - d. Philip the Bold (III)
18. Name the Walton:
- a. English author of "The Compleat Angler". (Izaak)
 - b. Irish physicist who with J.D. Cockcroft, shared the Nobel Prize in physics in 1951. (Ernest)
 - c. US senator from Georgia in the 1790's, he signed the D.O.I. and the A.O.C. (George)
 - d. British composer of opera "Troilus and Cressida", overture "Dr. Syntax", and oratorio "Belshazzar's Feast". (William)
19. Name the Australian capitals:
- a. Queensland (Brisbane);
 - b. Western Australia (Perth);
 - c. South Australia (Adelaide);
 - d. Victoria (Melbourne)
 - e. Northern Territory (Darwin);
 - f. New South Wales (Sydney);
 - g. Australia (Canberra);
 - h. Tasmania (Hobart)
20. Name the following capitals of Soviet republics:
- a. Lithuania (Vilnius)
 - b. Uzbekistan (Tashkent)
 - c. Armenia (Yerevan)
 - d. Estonia (Tallinn)
 - e. Georgia (Tiflis)
 - f. Azerbaijan (Baku)

1. He was a prominent social critic and historian with a name that resembled that of a contemporary comedian of his day. For 10 pts., name the author of "The Big Change", "Only Yesterday", and "Since Yesterday". / Frederick Lewis Allen
2. For 10 pts., name the Lillian Hellman play that takes place shortly before US involvement in WW II and includes the characters Kurt Mueller, Teck de Brancovis, and Fanny Farrelly. / Watch on the Rhine
3. For 10 pts., what was the name given to the German promise delivered to Woodrow Wilson which promised freedom of the seas to neutral vessels prior to US intervention in WW I? / Sussex Pledge
4. He has written only four complete novels in a career that has spanned more than 30 years. Only one of his novels, "Set This House on Fire", can rightly be called obscure. His first novel brought him critical acclaim at age 26, his third a Pulitzer Prize, his fourth became a well-received motion picture. Name him for 10 pts. / William Styron
5. We've all heard of Alan Paton's famous novel "Too Late the Phalarope". For 10 pts., is a phalarope a mythical creature, a wading bird, a meteorological phenomenon, or a method of punishment? / wading bird
6. Currently the northern part of this African nation is suffering from severe drought and guerilla warfare. For 10 pts., name this sorely beset nation which borders the Red Sea and the nations of Djibouti, Somalia, Sudan, and Kenya. / ~~Ethiopia~~ Ethiopia
7. Perhaps Brendan Behan's most popular play, its title character never appears on stage, though his actions and eventual execution are spoken of by the other characters, all residents, guards, or people affiliated with a prison in Ireland. For 10 pts., name the play. / The Quare Fellow
8. As a last name, it has been affiliated with signer of the Declaration of Independence Thomas, blues great Blind Lemon, and Green Bay Packer John; as a first name, with Sherlock Holmes character Hope and Southern statesman Davis. What? / Jefferson
9. Roy Jenkins; Shirley Williams; Dr David Steel. For 10 pts., with what fairly recent phenomenon of British politics would you associate these three names? / Liberal-Social Democratic Party alliance
10. For 10 pts., if you were in the Andaman Islands, would you be closest to the Bay of Bengal, the Arabian Sea, the South China Sea, or the Gulf of Guinea? / B of B
11. Among his best known plays were "Nude with Violence", "The Vortex", "Quadrille", "Private Lives", and "Blithe Spirit". For 10 pts., who was this brave Englishman? / Noël Coward
12. This waterway extends for about 7 miles and extends from Kingsbridge to Randall's Island, connecting the Hudson River with the East River. For ten points, name this NYC river. / Harlem River
13. For a quick 10 pts., which country was the first one violated on the Western Front by Germany at the beginning of World War I, with the capture of the city of Trois Vierges? / Luxembourg
14. For 10 pts., in what year did the following events take place: the death of Juan Peron; Opec lifted its oil embargo; Gerald Ford became president of the US? / 1974
15. For 10 pts., for what movie did Sidney Poitier win the Academy Award for best actor in 1963? / Lilies of the Field
16. We all know that James Buchanan was the only bachelor president, and that Grover Cleveland was a bachelor when first elected; but for ten points, who was the first president to be married while holding the office of commander-in-chief? / John Tyler

17. In 1870, the unexpired ~~term~~ US Senate term of Jefferson Davis of Mississippi was filled by the election of a black man, the first black ever elected to the Senate. For 10 pts., name this fellow who served for one year./ Hiram Revels
18. For 10 pts., what US president was elected to office with the lowest proportion of the popular vote, a mere 30.54 %?/ JQ Adams, in 1824.
19. Developed by Dr. Papanicolaou, this medical method of examination consists of the examination of the cells shed by specially stained body secretions to detect cancer. For 10 pts., what is it normally called?/ Pap smear
20. In 1793, he made the first overland crossing of North America to the Pacific Ocean north of Mexico. For 10 pts., name this explorer who also saw the Arctic Ocean in 1789 and has a Canadian river named in his honor./ Alexander Mackenzie.

B
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70 75
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90 95
85 105
15 115
05 125
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BONUS QUESTIONS

1. For 5 pts. each, name the major body of water into which each of the following rivers empties:

a. Ebro (Mediterranean)	b. Danube (Black Sea)
c. Orinoco (Atlantic)	d. Seine (English Channel)
e. Volga (Caspian Sea)	f. Irrawaddy (Bay of Bengal)
2. Ditto:

a. Don (Sea of Azov)	b. Limpopo (Indian Ocean)
c. Mekong (South China Sea)	d. Euphrates (Persian Gulf)
e. Meuse (North Sea)	f. Rhine (North Sea)
3. For 10 pts. each,
 - a. Who was the British PM when Britain entered WW I? (Asquith)
 - b. To what party did Asquith belong? (Liberal)
 - c. Who was first lord of the admiralty? (Churchill)
4. For 10 pts. each,
 - a. Who was French president when France entered WWI? (Poincare)
 - b. Who was prime minister? (Viviani)
 - c. what French socialist leader was assassinated by an anti-pacifist fanatic days before France entered the war? (Jaure)
5. For 5 pts. each, name the books of Galsworthy's "The Forsyte Saga" (The Man of Property, Indian Summer of a Forsyte, In Chancery, Awakening, To Let) *first volume*
6. In what year, 30-20-10:
 - a. the republic of Brazil was established.
 - b/ Meiji Mutsuhito issued a new constitution for Japan.
 - c. Ethiopia became a protectorate of Italy under the Treaty of Ucciali. (1889)
7. Identify the playwright, 30-20-10.:
 - a. Red Roses for Me, Purple Dust, Pictures in the Hallway
 - b. Cock-a-doodle-Andy, the Silver Tassie
 - c. The Plough and the Stars, Shadow of a Gunman, Juno and the Paycock (Sean O'Casey)
8. Give the year the following declarations of war from World War I were issued:
 - a. Great Britain v. Turkey and Montenegro v. Austria (1914)
 - b. Germany v. Portugal, and Rumania v. Austria (1916)
 - c. Liberia v. Germany and Greece v. Bulgaria (1917)
 - d. Costa Rica v. Germany and Haiti v. Germany (1917)
 - e. San Marino v. Austria and Great Britain v. Bulgaria (1915)
 - f. Japan v. Germany (1914)
9. Identify the state from which the following people came, 30-20-10:
 - a. John J. Pershing and George W. Carver (
 - b. Langston Hughes and TS Eliot
 - c. Thomas Hart Benton and Harry Truman (Missouri)
10. For 25 pts., name the Greek general of the late 6th-early 5th century BC who commanded the Greeks in the Battle of Marathon in 490 BC but lost when the Greeks were repulsed from the Persian stronghold on the island of Paros, and later was impeached and died in prison. (Miltiades)
11. For 25 pts., name the Civil War battle of 1864 which took place in Tennessee and in which Confederate general Nathan Bedford Forrest employed tactics calling for the annihilation of all black Union troops, resulting in what has generally been called a massacre. (Fort Pillow)
12. Answer the following questions about Panama:
 - a. in what year did the Panama canal open? (1914)
 - b. within

- b. within ten years, when did Panama break away from Spain to become part of Colombia? (1821)
- c. in what year, within 5, ~~did~~ were the treaties amended ~~but~~ to put an end to US right to intervene in Panamanian affairs? (1939)
13. Identify the year the following pictures won Academy Award:
- a. Hamlet (1948)
 - b. Ben-Hur (1959)
 - c. Bridge on the River Kwai (1957)
 - d. Casablanca (1943)
 - e. Best Years of Our Lives (1946)
14. Identify the following French kings as Capetians or Valois:
- a. Charles VIII (V)
 - b. Henry I (C)
 - c. Saint Louis IX (C)
 - d. Philip II Augustus (C)
15. Richard Nixon had 4 secretaries of the treasury: name them for 5 pts. each, and an extra five for naming all four.
(David Kennedy, John Connally, George Schultz, William Simon)
16. Name the last presidential candidates of the following political parties:
- a. Whig (Winfield Scott)
 - b. Free Soil (John P. Hale)
 - c. Populist (WJ Bryan)
17. For 25 pts., give the name of the mountain in Northern Greece near the Aegean where Xerxes's fleet was shipwrecked in 492 BC and where a monastery barring all female creatures has been in existence since 1045 AD. (Mount Athos)