

NHB REGIONAL BEE A JV

1. The H Blocks is a prison in this region. This region was also the site of the 1998 Omagh bombing. U.S. Senator George Mitchell helped negotiate the Good Friday Agreement meant to bring stability to this region. Composed of six of the nine counties in Ulster, it experienced a wave of violence in the later part of the twentieth century that partially ended after a ceasefire from the provisional IRA. For the point, name this country in the United Kingdom with capital at Belfast.

ANSWER: Northern Ireland

064-11-61-03101

2. This work is housed in the Museo Reina Sofia in Madrid. Three figures in this mural have daggers instead of tongues. The tail of one of those figures, a bull, looks like a flame with rising smoke. A light bulb in an evil eye in this work hangs over a horse's head. That horse stands over a dead soldier wielding a broken sword in a hand from which a flower blooms. For the point, name the Pablo Picasso painting depicting the firebombing of the title Basque city during the Spanish Civil War.

ANSWER: Guernica

147-11-61-03102

3. The suppression of the Home Army's revolt in this country's capital during World War II led to this country coming under Soviet control. Nazi Germany's invasion of this country without Soviet resistance was enabled by the Molotov-Ribbentrop Pact. This country's president in the 1980s had been a leader of the trade union Solidarity; that man's name was Lech Walesa. For the point, the 1955 mutual-defense treaty between the Soviet Union and its satellites takes its name from what country's capital?

ANSWER: Republic of **Poland** [or Rzeczpospolita **Polska**]

142-11-61-03103

4. On one holiday with this name, women washed their faces with dew in the morning. Grover Cleveland attempted to reduce the popularity of railworkers' unions by declaring that the United States would not participate in another holiday of this name, which was begun in 1889 by the Second International. This holiday was a major public festival in Communist countries, and is the equivalent of Labor Day in much of Europe. For the point, identify this holiday whose ancient version involved pagan fertility rituals such as dancing around a namesake pole.

ANSWER: May Day

019-11-61-03104

5. This man's son defeated Ron Carey in a union election. Richard Nixon commuted this man's 13-year sentence for jury tampering, fraud, and conspiracy. He organized the first national freight-hauling agreement. He was reportedly supposed to meet Anthony Provenzano and Anthony Giacalone at a restaurant near Detroit. A search for his remains on a farm in Michigan in 2006 yielded no results. For the point, name this one-time president of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters who disappeared in 1975.

ANSWER: James Riddle "Jimmy" Hoffa

6. This leader unsuccessfully offered up his country as the site of the Lockerbie bombers' trial. After leading the Spear of the Nation movement, he was convicted for treason at the Rivonia trial. This author of the autobiography *Long Walk to Freedom* was imprisoned for twenty-seven years on Robben Island before his release by F.W. de Klerk in 1990. For the point, name this man who ended apartheid after being elected the first black President of South Africa.

ANSWER: Nelson Mandela

079-11-61-03106

7. John Reed wrote about an uprising in this country in *Ten Days that Shook the World*. Emma Goldman was deported here and wrote two books about here "disillusionment with" this country. After visiting here, Lincoln Steffens said "I have seen the future, and it works." Bill Haywood fled here after being convicted of violating the Espionage Act. The Allies gave aid to this country's White Army during its civil war, which ended in Bolshevik victory. For 10 points, name this revolutionary country that attracted American communists.

ANSWER: Soviet Union [or USSR; or Union of Socialist Soviet Republics; prompt on Russia]

121-11-61-03107

8. This site is the birthplace of the May Fourth Movement protesting the Treaty of Versailles. In 1976, another protest here was caused by police removal of wreaths at the Monument to the People's Heroes. "Market Leninism" was introduced after another incident here, which occurred almost two months after the death of Hu Yaobang (HOO yow-BAHNG) and saw an unidentified man stand in front of a tank. For the point, that June 4, 1989 incident took place in what large public square in Beijing, China?

ANSWER: **Tiananmen** Square [or **Tiananmen** Guangchang]

003-11-61-03108

9. Forces loyal to this man have included the Khamis Brigade, led by his youngest son. This man's political ideology, known as the Third International Theory, was promoted in *The Green Book*. In June 2011, television transmitters owned by this man's government were destroyed in a campaign authorized by UN Security Council Resolution 1973. In February 2011, this man's interior minister, Abdul Fatah Younis, resigned and joined his country's National Transitional Council. For the point, name this longtime ruler of Libya.

ANSWER: Muammar Muhammad al-Gaddafi

132-11-61-03109

10. This Supreme Court case was extended to the District of Columbia by *Bolling v. Sharpe*. Having switched from his initial liberal position due to attacks from his party's right-wing, Orval Faubus fought this case's "naked judicial power" in accordance with the Southern Manifesto. This case struck down *Plessy v. Ferguson*'s "separate but equal" ruling. For the point, name this 1954 Supreme Court case that prohibited racial segregation in public schools.

ANSWER: **Brown** v. Board of Education of Topeka

130-11-61-03110

11. This President signed the Partial Nuclear Test Ban Treaty. He gave financial aid to Latin American countries to promote literacy and democracy as part of the Alliance for Progress. This Pulitzer Prize-winning author of *Profiles in Courage* also launched the failed Bay of Pigs invasion to overthrow Fidel Castro at the onset of the Cuban Missile Crisis. For the point, name this Catholic President who was assassinated by Lee Harvey Oswald in 1963.

ANSWER: John Fitzgerald **Kennedy** [or John F. **Kennedy**; or **JFK**]

12. This country rebuilt much of its industry during the "economic miracle" brought about by Ludwig Erhard. During the 1960's, this country abandoned the Hallstein Doctrine in favor of a more lenient policy called Ostpolitik under the leadership of Willy Brandt. This country's first chancellor was Konrad Adenauer, who established its capital at Bonn. For the point, name this country that existed from 1945-1990, whose Eastern neighbor belonged to the Soviet bloc.

ANSWER: <u>West Germany</u> [or <u>Federal Republic of Germany</u>; or <u>Westdeutschland</u>; prompt on <u>Germany</u>]

080-11-61-03112

13. This Assistant Director of the Office of Civilian Defense wrote a twenty-six year column, "My Day," that included rare interviews with Nikita Khrushchev. As a delegate to the United Nations, this politician pushed through the Universal Declaration of Human Rights. To protest the exclusion of Marian Anderson from Constitution Hall, she resigned from the Daughters of the American Revolution. For the point, name this politician that revolutionized the role of First Lady during her husband Franklin's terms as president. ANSWER: (Anna) Eleanor Roosevelt [prompt on Roosevelt]

003-11-61-03113

14. One of this man's Presidential campaigns used the unofficial slogan "the peasants are coming with pitchforks" and was hampered after he received a congratulatory letter from Vladimir Zhirinovsky. His keynote address at the 1992 Republican National Convention is known as the "culture war" speech. This man allegedly received over three thousand accidental votes for President due to the "butterfly ballot" used in Palm Beach County. For the point, name this conservative commentator and 2000 Reform Party candidate.

ANSWER: Patrick Joseph Buchanan

003-11-61-03114

15. This man once stated that his country had lost a battle, but not the war, and a party started by this man later became the UDR. This leader's actions led to the Empty Chair Crisis, and this man's first Prime Minister was Michel Debre. This man gave a radio speech known as the Appeal of June 18. This man was succeeded as President by Georges Pompidou, and he led the Free French and the Fifth Republic. For the point, name this French president.

ANSWER: Charles de Gaulle

120-11-61-03115

16. Leaks by Mehdi Hashemi eventually led to the uncovering of this. Brent Scowcroft and Edmund Muskie were part of a committee that investigated this, the Tower Commission. This violated the Boland amendment. Caspar Weinberger was convicted as a part of this, but rulings on John Poindexter and Oliver North were overturned. The primary beneficiary of this was a group of rebels fighting the Sandinistas. For the point, name this scandal involving profits from arms in a Middle Eastern country being sent to Nicaragua.

ANSWER: Iran-Contra affair

127-11-61-03116

17. He was unsuccessfully opposed by the Anti-Party Group and he ruled while the exchange of Rudolf Abel for Gary Powers occurred. This politician promoted the failed Virgin Lands Campaign and declared "we will bury you" in one speech. It was reported that during a speech by a representative of the Philippines at the U.N., this man banged his shoe on a table in protest. For the point, name this leader of the U.S.S.R. who took part in the Kitchen Debate with Richard Nixon and succeeded Joseph Stalin.

ANSWER: Nikita (Sergeyevich) Khrushchev

18. He argued that his nation required lebensraum to assume their place as the dominant nation. This man's home at Berchtesgarden was where the Anschluss was authorized. A bomb exploded in his headquarters in East Prussia in the failed Valkyrie plot to assassinate him, which this man used as a pretense to convince Erwin Rommel to kill himself. He became chancellor under Hindenburg, and killed himself with his wife Eva Braun when the Soviets invaded Berlin. For the point, name this dictator of Nazi Germany.

ANSWER: Adolf **Hitler**

027-11-61-03118

19. The aftermath of this event saw the self-immolation of Jan Palach. One side in this event justified their military action by invoking the Brezhnev Doctrine. Prior to this event, Alexander Dubcek proclaimed "socialism with a human face"; Dubcek would be replaced afterwards by Gustav Hasek. This event is also the backdrop for Milan Kundera's *The Unbearable Lightness of Being*. For the point, name this 1968 period of reform that ended following a Warsaw Pact invasion of Czechoslovakia.

ANSWER: **Prague Spring**

064-11-61-03119

20. In one story by this author, Ike McCaslin finds that he is unable to shoot the title animal. This author of "The Bear" also created the Snopes family in his novel *The Hamlet*. In one of his novels, a Harvard student who has incestuous fantasies about his sister Caddy drowns himself. In another, Cash builds a coffin for the family matriarch Addie Bundren. For the point, name this Southern author of such stream-of-consciousness works as *As I Lay Dying* and *The Sound and the Fury*.

ANSWER: William Cuthbert Faulkner

014-11-61-03120

21. One early leader of this movement was Leonard Howell, whose arrest helped frame the lack of leadership in its structure. Philosophically, this belief system follows from Marcus Garvey's "back-to-Africa" movement and gained steam upon the coronation of Haile Selassie in Ethiopia. It focuses on a rejection of Babylon and western civilization in favor of an African Zion. For the point, what religious movement originated in Jamaica in the 1930s and includes in its practices the spiritual use of cannabis? ANSWER: **Rasta**farianism

147-11-61-03121

22. This man warns against the desire to unite with God in his work *Seven Sermons to the Dead*. This man also described a concept, exemplified by a similar-looking beetle appearing as a patient described a dream about a scarab, called "synchronicity." He proposed the mind's "animus" and "anima" as part of a larger theory in which this promoter of "introversion" and "extraversion" described archetypes. For the point, name this Freudian psychologist who proposed the "collective unconscious."

ANSWER: Carl Gustav Jung

105-11-61-03122

23. Douglass MacArthur and Robert Taft were two nominations for the Republican Party for this election. Henry H. Wallace was the Progressive Party nominee for this election, running against the man that succeeded him as vice-president. Strom Thurmond took three states during this election, which ultimately led to the Democrats holding the White House. The Republican candidate at this election was the governor of New York at the time of the election. For the point, name this election that saw Truman defeat Dewey, the opposite of what was printed in the Chicago *Daily Tribune*.

ANSWER: Election of 1948

24. Protestors responded to this leader's "Silent Majority" speech with Moratorium Day. This leader gave his "Checkers Speech" just after Eisenhower chose him as a running mate. This president defeated Hubert Humphrey with his running mate Spiro Agnew. The draft was ended during his presidency. This president was forced to turn over the White House Tapes after his government broke into the headquarters of the Democratic National Convention at Watergate. For the point, name this only American president to resign from office.

ANSWER: Richard Milhous Nixon

124-11-61-03124

25. This man admitted to committing "adultery in my heart many times" in a *Playboy* interview just before his election. This president signed the SALT II nuclear limitation treaty with Brezhnev and created the Department of Education. During his administration, members of the Iranian embassy were taken as hostages. For the point, name this Democratic successor to Gerald Ford who also served as Governor of Georgia.

ANSWER: James "Jimmy" Earl <u>Carter</u>, Jr.

015-11-61-03125

26. This five-word phrase described Ernie Calverley's half-court buzzer beater to tie a 1946 NIT game, and Gene Sarazen's double eagle on the fifteenth hole at Augusta National in 1935. It also described the home run that plated Clint Hartung and Whitey Lockman to give the New York Giants the 1951 NL pennant. That home run was hit off of Ralph Branca by Bobby Thomson. For the point, give this five-word phrase also used by Ralph Waldo Emerson to describe the first shot fired in the American Revolution.

ANSWER: Shot Heard 'Round the World

003-11-61-03126

27. Otto Skorzeny led a rescue mission of this man in the Gran Sasso Raid. In his early rule he consolidated political power with the Acerbo Law and he ordered the assassination of critic Giacomo Matteoti. This man overthrew King Zog during an invasion of Albania, signed the Lateran Treaty with the Vatican, and overthrew Haile Selassie during a 1930's invasion of Ethiopia. Earlier, he and his paramilitary black shirts marched on Rome in 1922. For the point, name this fascist dictator of Italy during World War Two.

ANSWER: **Benito** Amilcare Andrea **Mussolini**

064-11-61-03127

28. This scandal bred the phrase "vast right wing conspiracy." One of the principal figures in this scandal had her telephone conversations secretly recorded by Linda Tripp, who also encouraged that figure to save a dirty blue dress. Those tapes were eventually given to prosecutor Ken Starr, who was already investigating the other principal figure in this scandal for the Whitewater scandal. For the point, name this sex scandal involving a White House intern and President Bill Clinton.

ANSWER: Monica Lewinsky scandal

137-11-61-03128

29. This event occurred in concordance with a treaty signed by Hafizullah Amin (hah-fee-ZOO-lah ah-MEEN), who was executed shortly after this event. In response to this event, the United States recalled Ambassador Thomas Watson and suspended SALT I talks, then boycotted the Summer Olympics. An American-funded alliance of Muslim rebels, known as the mujahideen (moo-jah-hih-DEEN), formed to fight this first post-World War II deployment of Soviet troops outside the Communist Bloc. For the point, name this 1979 Soviet invasion of a Central Asian country.

ANSWER: <u>Soviet invasion</u> of <u>Afghanistan</u> [or <u>Soviet occupation</u> of <u>Afghanistan</u>; or other obvious equivalents mentioning <u>Soviet</u>s in <u>Afghanistan</u>; or <u>invasion</u> of <u>Afghanistan</u> after "Soviet"; prompt on <u>Afghan War</u>; prompt on answers that confuse "Soviet" with <u>Russian</u>]

30. Under this man's leadership, the bicameral Congress of People's Deputies was created via amendments to a 1977 Constitution. This man signed the Intermediate-Range Nuclear Forces Treaty with the United States, and he succeeded Konstantin Chernenko in his highest position. In that position, he instituted the policies of *glasnost*, or "openness," and *perestroika*, or "restructuring." For the point, name this final leader of the Soviet Union.

ANSWER: Mikhail Sergeyevich Gorbachev



31. One of these by Karlheinz Stockhausen requires musicians to play aboard flying helicopters. Steve Reich's *Different Trains* includes a tape recorder in a minimalist one of these, and Alban Berg's *Lyric Suite* is a six-movement one using the twelve-tone technique. A contemporary group named for Kronos plays new ones, and the fourth movement of Bartok's fourth one is played entirely by plucking. For the point, name this type of piece for an ensemble of two violins, a viola, and a cello.

ANSWER: **string quartet**s

104-11-61-03131

32. Founders of this entity include Bob Kahn and Vint Cerf. Advancements in the administration of this entity are submitted to the IETF as Requests for Comments. The naming space of this entity is administered by ICANN, and protocols used to control parts of it include the Transmission Control Protocol. Predecessors to this system include the French-developed CYCLADES and a system funded by DARPA called ARPANET. For the point, name this international network of computers which allows access to the World Wide Web.

ANSWER: The **Internet**