## BOWL ROUND 9

1. Following the Battle of Najera (nah-HAIR-uh), Pedro the Cruel gave this man a ruby. During a different battle, this man took the shield of John of Bohemia. He decisively won a battle against John I of France, ten years after the battle in which he was said to have "earned his spurs." For 10 points, name this son of Edward III who fought at Crecy and Poitiers during the Hundred Years' War.
ANSWER: Edward the Black Prince [or Edward of Woodstock; prompt on Edward]
023-13-89-09101
2. This man was the host of the historical reenactment program You Are There. Lyndon Johnson supposedly said that if he lost this man he had "...lost Middle America" in response to this man's critical report on the Vietnam War. He was succeeded by Dan Rather as anchor of the CBS Evening News. For 10 points, name this man who used the slogan "And that's the way it is."
ANSWER: Walter Cronkite
030-13-89-09102
3. In one movie by this director, Mellish is given a knife by Caparzo, who is killed by a sniper in Neuville (NUH-VEEL-uh). In another movie by this director, the title character works with Itzhak Stern to bribe Amon Goeth. For 10 points, name this director who depicted the Omaha Beach invasion and the saving of Jews during the Holocaust in Saving Private Ryan and Schindler's List.
ANSWER: Steven Allan Spielberg
023-13-89-09103
4. Rulers based in this city founded the cult of Serapis. The Old Testament translation known as the Septuagint was made in this city, the largest of several dozen founded with the same name during the fourth century BCE. This city's Ptolemaic (TAHL-uh-MAY-ic) dynasty included Cleopatra. For 10 points, name this center of Classical period Egypt, home to the Pharos lighthouse and an extensive library.
ANSWER: Alexandria
019-13-89-09104
5. This location was first settled by Captains Phillip Adamas and Arthur Barlowe. The first English child born in the New World, Virginia Dare, was born at this colony organized by Walter Raleigh. When John White returned to this colony, the only trace of the settlers that remained was the word "Croatoan" carved into a fence post. For 10 points, identify this "lost" colony of North Carolina.
ANSWER: Roanoke Colony [or Lost Colony until it is read]
066-13-89-09105
6. The Klotz family of Mittenwald made these objects, the first of which may have been created by Gasparo da Salo or Andrea Amati. Giuseppe Guarneri crafted one nicknamed "The Cannon" for a composer of twenty-four caprices for this instrument. For 10 points, name this instrument crafted in Cremona by Antonio Stradivari and once played by Niccolo Paganini.
ANSWER: violin
7. This politician delivered a speech in which he compared Andrew Butler and Stephen Douglas to Don Quixote and Sancho Panza. In that speech, this man compared the "rape of a virgin Territory" to the title "Crime Against Kansas." That speech led to an attack by Andrew Butler's nephew. For 10 points, identify this politician who was nearly caned to death by Preston Brooks.
ANSWER: Charles Sumner
066-13-89-09107
8. The largest single-day campaign in this attack was the Battle of Scimitar Hill. Its failure resulted in the recall of Sir Ian Hamilton. This campaign is commemorated with ANZAC Day, and it was proposed by then-First Lord of the Admiralty, Winston Churchill. For 10 points, name this failed 1915 to 1916 campaign by the Allies in World War I to capture the Ottoman capital.
ANSWER: Gallipoli Campaign [or the Dardanelles Campaign]
052-13-89-09108
9. Nathaniel Green's Mulberry Grove Plantation was located outside this city and was the place where Eli Whitney invented the cotton gin. Casimir Pulaski died during an unsuccessful attempt to besiege it. Founded by James Oglethorpe in 1733, it was claimed as a "Christmas present" to Abraham Lincoln by William T. Sherman. For 10 points, name this Georgia port city.
ANSWER: Savannah, Georgia
015-13-89-09109
10. John Philoponus suggested that this phenomenon was due to the property of conatus. Jean Buridan rejected a theory involving the spontaneous dissipation of "impetus," which Aristotle used to explain this phenomenon. In Principia Mathematica, the inertial theory of this phenomenon was put forth by Isaac Newton. For 10 points, identify this behavior described by Newton's three laws.
ANSWER: motion [or movement, etc.]
11. One king of this state created a unit of tall soldiers known as "Giants," and another won the battle of Mollwitz in the Seven Years War. The nobility of this kingdom was called the Junkers (YUNK-erz). Using the Ems Dispatch, the last king of this state provoked a war with France, after which it became the nucleus of the German Empire. For 10 points, name this state ruled by Frederick the Great.
ANSWER: Prussia
BONUS: The Franco-Prussian War was the downfall of what last emperor of France?
ANSWER: Napoleon III [or Louis-Napoleon Bonaparte; do not accept or prompt on "Napoleon"]
020-13-89-09101
12. This man was embarrassed by the 1957 Apalachin meeting, which countermanded his repeated insistence that the Mafia did not exist. This man founded a "dirty tricks" organization known as COINTELPRO which tapped Martin Luther King's phones, and he kept files of incriminating information on Presidents to avoid being fired. For 10 points, name this man who, from 1925 to 1972, led the FBI.
ANSWER: John Edgar Hoover
BONUS: Hoover's policy of frequently transferring agents to different cities was criticized by what longtime FBI executive, who revealed in 2005 that he was the Watergate mole "Deep Throat?" ANSWER: William Mark Felt

019-13-89-09102
3. A religion which developed in what is now this country inspired pre-independence leaders such as Dutty Boukman and involves classes of priests called "houngans" and "mambos." This country's Catholic Church produced a Salesian priest who led its Lavalas (luh-VAH-luss) party, Jean-Bertrand Aristide
(AH-ress-teed). For 10 points, name this Caribbean country, the home of voodoo.
ANSWER: Haiti
BONUS: Catholics in Haiti were inspired by a visit from John Paul II to oppose the regime of "Baby Doc," the last member of what family to rule Haiti?
ANSWER: Duvalier (doo-VAH-lee-ey, but accept phonetic English pronunciations)
4. This city was known as "Olisipo" (oh-lees-EE-poh) during Roman times. This city's Alfama district was the birthplace of Fado music. Europe's longest suspension bridge, the 25th of April Bridge, is in this city and was named for the date of the Carnation Revolution. In 1755, this city was devastated by an earthquake. For 10 points, name this city on the Tagus, the capital of Portugal.
ANSWER: Lisbon, Portugal
BONUS: Portuguese is also spoken in which Southeast African country, where a 1977 to 1992 civil war killed roughly one million people?
ANSWER: Republic of Mozambique
5. The first Classic Response concert was set up in response to the damage caused by one of these events. Another one of these events caused the second Level 7 event on the International Nuclear Event Scale, a disaster in Fukushima. The most deadly event of this type grew out of the Indian Ocean in 2004. For 10 points, name this type of disaster often caused by an earthquake creating a large wave.
ANSWER: tsunamis [or seismic sea waves; prompt on earthquakes; prompt on tidal waves] BONUS: The epicenter of the earthquake that caused the 2004 Indian Ocean tsunami was close to what country, which also experienced the most deaths and damage from the tsunami?
ANSWER: Republic of Indonesia [or Republik Indonesia]
6. A speech advocating this movement started by examining the phrase "their foot shall slide in due time." Members of this movement distinguished the "Old Lights" and "New Lights." During this period, the speech "Sinners in the Hands of an Angry God" was delivered by Jonathan Edwards. For 10 points, identify this Protestant revival which swept mid-eighteenth-century America.
ANSWER: First Great Awakening
BONUS: What Anglican preacher, who traveled to America to preach during the First Great Awakening, was the subject of a poetic tribute from Phyllis Wheatley?
ANSWER: George Whitefield
7. This artist depicted a Holy Roman Emperor exiting a forest while holding a spear in an equestrian portrait of Charles V. This man did a portrait of Eleanora of Gonzaga, a ruler of the city where he also depicted a dog curled at the feet of a reclining nude woman. For 10 points, name this student of Giorgione (george-ee-OH-nay), the Venetian painter of the Venus of Urbino.
ANSWER: Titian (TISH-in) [or Tiziano Vecellio]
BONUS: Titian left Urbino to work for Charles in what German city, the location of a "peace" which temporarily halted Lutheran-Catholic animosity?
ANSWER: Augsburg
8. This philosopher wrote against the idea of universals taking superiority over specific instances, a criticism of his teacher's Theory of Forms. This thinker's students and followers were called "peripatetics," and he started the Lyceum (lie-SEE-um) in Athens. This philosopher was one of the tutors of Alexander the Great. For 10 points, name this ancient Greek philosopher who was taught by Plato.
ANSWER: Aristotle
BONUS: Aristotle studied in what school, built by Plato around an olive grove in Athens?
ANSWER: The Academy [or Academeia]

THE ELECTION OF 1984
In the U.S. Presidential election of 1984, who or what was the...

1. Republican re-elected in a landslide?

ANSWER: Ronald Reagan
2. Former Vice-President who was the losing Democratic nominee?

ANSWER: Walter Mondale
3. Democratic Vice-Presidential nominee, the first woman nominated by a major party?

ANSWER: Geraldine Ferraro
4. Only state won by the Democratic ticket, which later elected Jesse Ventura governor and Al Franken Senator?
ANSWER: Minnesota
5. Ohio Senator and former astronaut who ran in the Democratic primaries?

ANSWER: John Glenn
6. Slogan from a Wendy's commercial used to great effect in the Democratic primary?

ANSWER: "Where's the beef?"
7. Colorado Senator whose campaign imploded after reporters took up his challenge to catch him cheating on his wife?
ANSWER: Gary Hart
8. Three-word phrase that usually names an effective campaign commercial emphasizing economic improvements since 1980?
ANSWER: "Morning in America"

TRIANGULAR TRADE
During the triangular slave trade, who or what was the...

1. Ocean which the slaves were ferried across, from Africa to the New World?

ANSWER: Atlantic Ocean
2. Viscous brown liquid made from sugar plantations in the Caribbean and shipped to New England?

ANSWER: molasses
3. Warm ocean current flowing northeast from Florida which aided ships on the return journey?

ANSWER: the Gulf Stream [or the North Atlantic Current]
4. Name given to the deadliest stage of the triangle, in which slaves were packed tightly into ships?

ANSWER: Middle Passage
5. Last country in the New World to abolish slavery, doing so with the Golden Law in 1888 ?

ANSWER: Empire of Brazil
6. Present-day country which fought the Biafran War, that comprised the Slave Coast along with Togo and Benin?
ANSWER: Federal Republic of Nigeria
7. Slave who described the horrors of the triangle trade in an "Interesting Narrative" of his life?

ANSWER: Olaudah Equiano [or Gustavus Vassa]
8. Earliest year in which Congress could end the slave trade under the Constitution?

ANSWER: 1808

THE CRUSADES
During the Crusades, what...

1. "Lion-hearted" British king warred with Saladin?

ANSWER: Richard I
2. Byzantine capital was sacked in the Fourth Crusade?

ANSWER: Constantinople
3. Red-bearded Holy Roman Emperor drowned in the Third Crusade?

ANSWER: Frederick Barbarossa [or Frederick I]
4. Group of knights took over Malta?

ANSWER: Knights Hospitallers
5. Pope called the First Crusade at the Council of Clermont?

ANSWER: Urban II [prompt on Urban]
6. Council saw Innocent III deal with the Fifth Crusade and the Investiture Controversy?

ANSWER: Fourth Lateran Council [prompt on Lateran Council]
7. Cistercian monk supported the Second Crusade and founded the Knights Templar?

ANSWER: Bernard of Clairvaux
8. Crusade was waged in France against the gnostic (NOSS-tick) Cathars?

ANSWER: Albigensian Crusade

1. A film about this politician from 2008 prompted the Supreme Court case permitting Super PACs, Citizens United v. FEC. An ad supporting this politician described a phone ringing at the White House at (+) 3 A.M. This politician suffered a concussion soon after the (*) Benghazi attack, delaying her testimony to Congress, which eventually included her exasperatedly asking "what difference does it make?" For 10 points, name this predecessor to John Kerry as Secretary of State.
ANSWER: Hillary Rodham Clinton [prompt on Clinton]
2. The best of these objects were given the prefixes "Admiral" or "General." These objects are discussed alongside the Mississippi and South Sea companies as examples of "economic (+) bubbles" in Extraordinary Popular Delusions and the Madness of Crowds. "Wine money" was charged for these objects, for which the first futures market was set up. Their market crashed on February (*) 1637, causing the price per bulb to plummet. For 10 points, name these plants that the Dutch developed a "mania" for.
ANSWER: tulips [or tulpen; or Tulipa]
3. This country forced its neighbor to sign the Treaty of Roskilde (ross-KILL-duh) after a daring march across frozen ice. Arvid Horn was one of this country's leading politicians during its eighteenth-century ( + ) Age of Liberty. That period in this country was ended by the self-coup of King (*) Gustav III, who belonged to its Vasa dynasty. For 10 points, name this Scandinavian country which, for several centuries, dominated its western neighbor Norway.
ANSWER: Kingdom of Sweden [or Konungariket Sverige]
153-13-89-09103
4. Two men killed in this event were the Gusenberg Brothers, one of whom said "Nobody shot me" despite being hit fourteen times. Another man killed during this event was failed optician Dr.
Reinhardt Schwimmer, and it was meant to punish the ( + ) North Side Gang. It took place in a Chicago warehouse and was directed against Bugs (*) Moran's employees. For 10 points, identify this 1929 murder of seven mobsters, which was ordered by Al Capone and took place on a holiday.
ANSWER: Saint Valentine's Day Massacre
5. DNA studies have shown that this man suffered from necrosis and had multiple malaria infections during his life. This man's funeral was presided over by Ay, and his army was commanded by ( + ) Horemheb (HORE-em-heb). This man's advisors restored traditional religion and art following the (*) Amarna revolution of his predecessor Akhenaton. For 10 points, name this Egyptian king who came to power at the age of nine and whose tomb was discovered by Howard Carter in 1922. ANSWER: King Tutankhamen
6. Newer sections of this city are built up south of Yanan Road and along the Suzhou River, in the Bund area that was built around its International Settlement. This home of the Oriental Pearl Tower was where the ( + ) Gang of Four's power base lay. The twenty-three million people within the urban limits of this city make it the (*) largest city proper, though not largest metro area, on Earth. For 10 points, name this city at the delta of the Yangtze, on China's Pacific coast.
ANSWER: Shanghai [or Hu; or Shen]
7. This man's namesake paradox asks why, if alien life exists, it has not contacted Earth. He developed a set of statistics describing particles with half-integer spin, with Paul ( + ) Dirac. Three years after the success of his Chicago Pile-1, this man joined Project $Y$ to work with a man he later testified for at security clearance hearings, J. Robert (*) Oppenheimer. He greatly underestimated the yield of the Trinity test while working at Los Alamos. For 10 points, name this Italian-American physicist. ANSWER: Enrico Fermi
8. This third party received much of its funding from publisher Frank Munsey, a U.S. Steel stockholder. At this party's convention, its candidate said "we stand at Armageddon and we battle for the Lord" and promoted (+) New Nationalism. Its common nickname referred to the (*) animal mentioned by its candidate after a failed assassination attempt in Milwaukee. For 10 points, name this third party in the election of 1912 which nominated Teddy Roosevelt for the presidency.
ANSWER: Progressive Party [or Bull Moose Party]

This is a tossup provided for breaking ties or replacing a flubbed or erroneous question at any point in the packet. The power marks are provided so that it may be scored according to fourth quarter rules if it is replacing a fourth quarter question. The power marks should be ignored if this tossup is used to replace a first or second quarter question.

This war began after the capture of the city of Saguntum. After disastrous defeats at Trebia and Lake Trasimene (trah-SIM-in-ee), and another battle where the ( + ) "double envelopment" maneuver was deployed, one side in this conflict, led by Scipio (*) Africanus, earned revenge at the Battle of Zama. The other side in this conflict won the Battle of Cannae (cuh-NYE) after crossing the Alps. For 10 points, name this conflict between Carthage and Rome, in which Hannibal fought.
ANSWER: Second Punic War [prompt on Punic Wars]

BONUS: A 2006 trade "war" in the European Parliament was named for what product, which Yuri Andropov tried to discourage consumption of in the Soviet Union and Soviet citizens stood outside stores holding out one or two fingers to signify their intent to buy?
ANSWER: vodka [prompt on liquor; prompt on alcohol]

