

## **BOWL ROUND 6**

1. Allen Ginsberg described this earlier poet "eyeing the grocery boys." The speaker of one poem by this man looks up "in perfect silence at the stars" after hearing the learn'd astronomer. In the opening of one poem, this writer claims that "every atom that belongs to me as good belongs to you" before describing sounding his "barbaric yawp over the roofs of the world." For 10 points, name this American poet who included "Song of Myself" in his collection *Leaves of Grass*.

ANSWER: Walter Whitman

195-12-64-06101

2. The second act of this opera opens at Lillas Pastia's tavern after the title character sings a *seguidilla*. This opera's title character sees her fortune in a set of cards that predict her death along with that of Don José. Escamillo enters the second act of this opera singing the "toreador's song". For 10 points, name this opera about a Spanish gypsy by Georges Bizet (bee-ZAY).

ANSWER: Carmen

117-12-64-06102

3. This country's War of the Reform emerged during Ignacio Comonfort's tenure. Rebels in this country traditionally issue a document called a *plan*. This country later nationalized its oil fields during its 72-year rule by the PRI party, which ended in 2000 with Vicente Fox's election. For 10 points, name this nation once ruled by Benito Juarez, a native of its Oaxaca (wah-HAH-kuh) state.

ANSWER: Mexico

104-12-64-06103

4. Ignatius Donnelly argued this place was where the Phoenician alphabet was actually created. Salomon's House is a college in a work named for this place which was written by Francis Bacon. In *Critias*, Plato claims this place was learned about from a priest of Sais in Egypt. This place may actually have been Thera, which had a massive eruption in the second millennium BC. For 10 points, name this mythical island which sank.

ANSWER: **Atlantis** [or **New Atlantis**]

121-12-64-06104

5. This conflict began with the victory of the Visigoth Pelagius at the Battle of Covadonga. This conflict included the Battle of Las Navas de Tolosa, and it ended with the defeat of the Nasrid Dynasty when the Emirate of Granada was conquered by Ferdinand and Isabella. For 10 points, name this series of campaigns that eventually expelled the Moors from the Iberian Peninsula.

ANSWER: **Reconquista** [or **reconquest of Spain**; or **reconquest of the Iberian Peninsula** before mentioned]

6. This politician became known as the "veto mayor" while serving in that capacity in Buffalo. The support of the Mugwumps enabled his nomination for the presidency over James G. Blaine. He signed into law the Dawes Act and the Interstate Commerce Act, and he lost the Election of 1888 to Benjamin Harrison. For 10 points, name this late 19th century Democratic president who served two discontinuous terms.

ANSWER: Grover <u>Cleveland</u> [or Stephen Grover <u>Cleveland</u>]

014-12-64-06106

7. This employer of Eliezer of Damascus twice passed off his wife as his sister. This son of Terah killed a trapped ram atop Mount Moriah. He became a father at age 100, years after he wrecked an idol shop in the city of Ur and heeded God's call to go to Canaan. For 10 points, name this husband of Sarah and father of Isaac, a Biblical patriarch to Muslims, Christians, and Jews alike.

ANSWER: Abraham [or Abram; or Avraham; or Avram; or Ibrahim]

104-12-64-06107

8. This man urged for the burning of synagogues in his *On the Jews and their Lies*. He urged princes to crush the Peasants' War and hid in Wartburg Castle after the papal bull *Exsurge Domine* (ex-OR-jay DOH-mee-nay) excommunicated him. Leo X called this man to the Diet of Worms after he reacted to the sale of indulgences by Johann Tetzel. For 10 points, name this man whose posting of his *95 Theses* incited the Protestant Reformation.

ANSWER: Martin Luther

192-12-64-06108

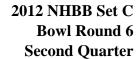
9. The Organic Act of 1801 established the jurisdiction of this city. This city was severely damaged after the Battle of Bladensburg, and Andrew Ellicott took over for Pierre L'Enfant in designing it. This city was built after the federal government assumed state debts. The National Mall was later built in, for 10 points, what city, home to the Capitol and White House?

ANSWER: Washington, District of Columbia [or DC; or District of Columbia]

020-12-64-06109

10. This event's course includes "Rae's Creek" and "Ike's Pond," and was co-designed by Bobby Jones. In 2002, Martha Burk protested that it was sexist because the sponsoring organization refused to allow female members. In 1961, Gary Player became the first non-American to win, for 10 points, what annual April tournament hosted by the Augusta National Golf Club?

ANSWER: Masters Tournament [prompt on Augusta National Golf Club before read]





1. This man led a Senate committee to investigate defense waste during World War II, and was referred to as the "Senator from Pendergast". This man was chosen by the Democrats to replace Henry Wallace. The bombs Fat Man and Little Boy were dropped on Japan during the term of, for 10 points, what 33rd President, who took office upon Franklin Roosevelt's death?

ANSWER: Harry S Truman

BONUS: Despite a *Chicago Tribune* headline to the contrary, Truman won reelection in 1948 over this

Governor of New York.

ANSWER: Thomas E. **Dewey** 

174-12-64-06101

2. Tunisian president Habib Bourguiba provided this organization a base following a 1982 expulsion. This organization destroyed three airliners in Dawson's Field during Black September. The main group within this agency is Fatah. For 10 points, name this group that claims to represent Arabs who lived in a specific area prior to the establishment of the State of Israel, which was long led by Yasser Arafat.

ANSWER: Palestinian Liberation Organization [or Munazzamat al-Tahrir Filastiniyyah]

BONUS: The PLO and Israel reached a set of agreements in September 1993 in accords named for this

Scandinavian city.
ANSWER: Oslo

030-12-64-06102

3. One of these events in the Netherlands resulted in a reassignment of U.S. and British bombers during Operations Manna and Chowhound. The Holodomor was an event of this type in the Ukraine in which Soviet political policies compounded failed Soviet agricultural policies. For 10 points, name these events which also occurred during 1980's Ethiopia, in which there are massive shortages of food.

ANSWER: famines

BONUS: Famine occurred throughout most of the two-and-a-half year German siege of what Russian city

during World War II?

ANSWER: Leningrad [or Saint Petersburg]

003-12-64-06103

4. This man had his son Crispus and wife Fausta executed, and seized power after defeating Maxentius and Licinius in civil wars. This man summoned the Council of Nicaea, having earlier legalized Christianity with the Edict of Milan. The victor at the Battle of Milvian Bridge, for 10 points, name this Roman Emperor, a famous convert to Christianity.

ANSWER: <u>Constantine the Great</u> [or <u>St. Constantine</u>; or <u>Constantine I</u>; prompt on <u>Constantine</u>] BONUS. Constantine was originally one of four co-emperors, as part of this system, begun by Diocletian.

ANSWER: The **Tetrarchy** [or the **Imperial College**]

5. In a 2012 speech, this politician equated himself to two dollars and fifty cents, in suggesting that he sought to make that the price of a gallon of gas. Sheldon Adelson donated five million dollars to "Winning Our Future," the Super PAC which funded this man, who previously promoted the "Contract with America" in 1994. For 10 points, name this former Speaker of the House from Georgia, who won the 2012 GOP primary in South Carolina.

ANSWER: Newton Leroy "Newt" Gingrich

BONUS: After serving as the House Minority Leader from 2007 until 2011, this Ohio Republican assumed

a more prominent post in January 2011.

ANSWER: John Andrew Boehner

189-12-64-06105

6. One engagement within this conflict was the Battle of Reading, and it was promoted by the Immortal Seven. This event led to the passage of the Toleration and Mutiny Acts, which promoted better relations with Parliament. This event resulted in the overthrow of James II and the enacting of the Bill of Rights. For 10 points, identify this 1688 revolution in which William and Mary were brought to the throne in England.

ANSWER: Glorious Revolution [or Revolution of 1688; or Bloodless Revolution]

BONUS: James I and James II belonged to this house of England, which also included Queen Anne.

ANSWER: House of **Stuart** 

189-12-64-06106

7. This man's elbow was broken during an attack on Tenerife, and his right eye was injured at the Siege of Calvi. He disobeyed the orders of John Jervis to win the Battle of Cape St. Vincent. He defeated the fleet of Pierre-Charles Villeneuve in a battle in which he died aboard the HMS *Victory*. For 10 points, name this British admiral who won the Battle of Trafalgar.

ANSWER: Horatio Nelson

BONUS: Nelson won a decisive victory at what 1798 battle off the coast of Egypt?

ANSWER: Battle of the **Nile** [or battle of **Aboukir Bay**]

014-12-64-06107

8. This city provided the soldiers of Byzantium's Varangian Guard. Those soldiers were provided by this city's Christian ruler Vladimir the Great, who fathered Yaroslav the Wise. After this city was conquered by the Mongols in the 1230s, power shifted north to Moscow. For 10 points, name this city on the Dnieper that was the capital of a Rus kingdom in modern-day Ukraine.

ANSWER: Kiev

BONUS: This ravine near Kiev gives its name to an infamous 1941 Nazi massacre of Jews.

ANSWER: Babi Yar



## FOREIGN POLITICAL PARTIES

In which modern-day nation was.....

1. The Communist Party under Mao Zedong able to expel Chiang Kai-shek in 1949?

ANSWER: People's Republic of <u>China</u> [or <u>PRC</u>; or <u>Zhongguo</u>; or <u>Zhonghua</u> Renmin Gongheguo; do not accept "Republic of China"]

2. Francois Mitterand elected president in 1981 under the Socialist Party banner?

ANSWER: France [or French Republic; or Republique francaise]

3. The ANC able to take power in 1994 under leader Nelson Mandela?

ANSWER: Republic of **South Africa** 

4. The Likud party split in 2005 when Ariel Sharon formed the Kadima Party?

ANSWER: State of Israel [or Medinat Yisrael]

5. The LDP in power for 50 years, presiding over "miraculous" economic growth after World War II devastation?

ANSWER: State of **Japan** [or **Nihon**-koku; or **Nippon**-koku]

6. Antonis Samaras's New Democracy party victorious in critical 2012 elections?

ANSWER: Greece [or Hellenic Republic; or Elliniki Dimokratia]

7. The PRI the winner of every presidential election from 1929 to 1994, often through corruption?

ANSWER: Mexico [or United Mexican States; or Estados Unidos Mexicanos]

8. The Pirate Party and Alliance 90/the Greens among the parties running in 2012?

ANSWER: Federal Republic of **Germany** [or Bundesrepublik **Deutschland**]

## CRIMEAN WAR

The Crimean War saw...

1. Its end come with what peace treaty signed in France?

ANSWER: Treaty of **Paris** of 1856

2. What Turkish empire fight along with Britain and France against the Russians?

ANSWER: Ottoman Empire

3. What "Lady with the Lamp" and famous nurse serve for the British?

ANSWER: Florence Nightingale

4. Naval engagements on what sea bordered by the Crimean Peninsula?

ANSWER: <u>Black</u> Sea [or <u>Chernoye</u> More; or <u>Chorne</u> More; or <u>Kara</u>deniz; or Marea <u>Neagra</u>; or Sea of **Azov**]

5. The charge of what ill-fated unit at the Battle of Balaklava under the command of the Earl of Cardigan?

ANSWER: **Light** Brigade

6. A year-long siege of what major Russian naval base?

ANSWER: Sevastopol

7. What Italian kingdom become involved under future Italian king Victor Emmanuel II?

ANSWER: Kingdom of **Sardinia**-Piedmont [or **Piedmont**-Sardinia]

8. What nickname given to the formation of the 93rd Highlanders after they repulsed a Russian cavalry charge at Balaklava?

ANSWER: "The **Thin Red Line**"

## **INVENTORS**

Given the invention, name its inventor.

1. Blue jeans, along with Jacob Davis

ANSWER: Levi Strauss

2. The phonograph

ANSWER: Thomas **Edison** 3. The mechanical reaper

ANSWER: Cyrus McCormick Sr.

4. The Kodak camera

ANSWER: George Eastman

5. The telegraph

ANSWER: Samuel Morse

6. The steamboat

ANSWER: Robert Fulton

7. The sewing machine, though he was sued by Elias Howe

ANSWER: Isaac Merritt <u>Singer</u> 8. The gas mask and the traffic light

ANSWER: Garrett Morgan



1. The spy Klaus Fuchs was able to infiltrate the inner circle of workers employed via this initiative. It was administered by Vannevar Bush and directed by Leslie Groves. This initiative, which was carried out at sites like (+) Oak Ridge and Los Alamos, involved the Trinity Test. Leo Szilard wrote a letter, signed by Albert (\*) Einstein, to Roosevelt, providing the basis for this initiative. The destruction of Hiroshima and Nagasaki was accomplished by, for 10 points, what initiative by which the US developed nuclear weapons?

ANSWER: <u>Manhattan Project</u> [or <u>Development of Substitute Materials</u>; accept <u>Manhattan District</u> as well]

020-12-64-06101

2. In an episode of Futurama, Professor Farnsworth laments being accused of "going too far" after putting this object inside the body of a great white shark. In a movie, this object is brought to the country of Mandoras, where it is used to revive its former owner in a movie titled "they (+) saved" this object. In actuality, it, along with the rest of its owner's cranium, was incinerated, and its ashes dumped into the (\*) Spree River in 1945. For 10 points, name this mass of grey matter which once resided inside a certain Fuhrer's head.

ANSWER: Adolf Hitler's brain

019-12-64-06102

3. Before this battle, the HMS Lively fired on one side's half-constructed redoubt before being repudiated by Samuel Graves. George Clinton proposed an alternative strategy attacking Charlestown Neck before this battle. Joseph Warren was killed in the retreat from the main site of this battle, where Israel (+) Putnam led troops from Connecticut. This battle occurred north of Boston, across (\*) Copp's Hill. For 10 points, name this early battle of the American Revolution, mostly fought on Breed's Hill, rather than its namesake hill.

ANSWER: Battle of **Bunker Hill** 

192-12-64-06103

4. As a child, this inventor allegedly created an engine powered by insects that he glued to a paper wheel, and he also invented a namesake "igniter," or spark plug, for gas engines. A rival of this man attempted to (+) discredit him by inventing the electric chair, and this man is the namesake of the SI unit of (\*) magnetic field. For 10 points, identify this Serbian physicist who pioneered a way to generate alternating current, a rival of Thomas Edison who is the namesake of a type of "coil."

ANSWER: Nikola **Tesla** 

189-12-64-06104

5. This man's nomination to one position was momentarily delayed by Caleb Cushing's demand of a two-thirds majority vote. He stated that the Declaration of Independence applied only to whites while in (+) Galesburg. When pressed to give his opinion on Dred Scott, this man elucidated the Freeport Doctrine. This opponent of James Buchanan split the Compromise of 1850 into four bills and designed the (\*) Kansas-Nebraska Act. For 10 points, name this advocate of popular sovereignty who had a series of debates with Abraham Lincoln.

ANSWER: Stephen Arnold **Douglas** 

6. A 2010 study concluded this ruler was the product of an incestuous relationship between his father and a woman known as "the Younger Lady." Taking the throne at age (+) nine, he died ten years later, possibly after being murdered, with his most notable action being to end the worship of the god Aten, reversing the monotheistic policies of his (\*) father, Akhenaten. This ruler's burial place was discovered in 1922 by Howard Carter. For 10 points, name this Egyptian pharaoh whose namesake "curse" reportedly targeted those who unearthed his tomb.

ANSWER: <u>Tutankhamun</u> [or <u>Tut</u>; or <u>Tutankhaten</u>]

052-12-64-06106

7. Andrea della Robbia's white ceramic figures are usually displayed on a background of this color, with which Giotto covered the ceiling of the Arena Chapel. Dyes of purple and this color were extracted from sea snails by the Byzantines and Israelites. Heinrich Diesbach's development of a (+) "Prussian" pigment of this color eliminated the need to use expensive lapis lazuli. Other pigments used to mix this color include (\*) cobalt and indigo. For 10 points, name this color that commonly adorns the robes of the Virgin Mary.

ANSWER: blue

195-12-64-06107

8. Bella Abzug and several other members of the New York Congressional delegation protested William Coleman's decision to allow this vehicle in and out of New York. In 2000, over a hundred people died when one of these burst into flames in (+) Paris, signalling the end of this model's twenty-five year operational life. During that time, it had to monitor cosmic rays due to its unusual cruising altitude, and (\*) flew from London to New York in under four hours. For 10 points, name this pioneering supersonic airplane.

ANSWER: the **Concorde** 



This leader proposed a 10% tariff in the Import Duties Act while serving as Chancellor of the Exchequer under Ramsay Macdonald. This man, attacked in the book *Guilty Men*, had a brother, Austen, who brokered the Locarno Pact. This leader, along with Edouard (+) Daladier, signed the Munich Agreement to give the Sudetenland to (\*) Hitler, after which this man claimed that he had achieved "peace in our time." For 10 points, name this British Prime Minister during the outbreak of World War II, succeeded by Winston Churchill.

ANSWER: Arthur Neville Chamberlain

192-12-64-0610-1

This body of water was surveyed by Howard Stansbury in the 1850's, who names an island located in it. Another island in this body of water is noted for its large bison population and is called Antelope Island, while its northwest arm is home to the Robert Smithson sculpture (+) Spiral Jetty. The largest remnant of the prehistoric Lake Bonneville, this lake is east of the (\*) Bonneville Salt Flats and its northern part is home to Promontory Point. For 10 points, name this body of water in Utah dubbed "America's Dead Sea."

**ANSWER:** Great Salt Lake