

1999 Terrapin Invitational Tournament

Questions by Virginia A

TOSSUPS

T1. Born near Leipzig in 1844, he was the son of a Lutheran clergyman. He studied philology at the Universities of Bonn and Leipzig. In 1868, he was appointed chair of the department of Classical philology at the University of Basle, a post he held until forced by poor health to retire in 1879. Influenced by Schopenhauer and others, he began to write philosophical works in 1870, some of the lesser known of which include Untimely Meditations, The Wanderer and His Shadow and The Dawn. One of his last works, published in 1888, was his autobiography, which contained chapters entitled "Why I Am So Wise," "Why I Am So Clever," "Why I Write Such Good Books," and "Why I Am a Destiny." FTP, name this German philosopher who went insane in 1889, known for such works as The Twilight of the Idols, The Genealogy of Morals, and The Birth of Tragedy.

Answer: Friedrich NIETZSCHE

T2. Stolen from her nursery and loving parents by Hordak, ruler of the Evil Horde, Princess Adora grew in isolation. Later she suspected that Hordak and the Horde were part of the dark force and began to make new friends like Castaspella, Glimmer, Frosta, and Bow. With her flying unicorn, Swift Wind, this princess fights with the best of them! Especially when she teams up with her brother Prince Adam of Eternia, who, by the power of Grayskull, can transform himself too. FTP, name this super woman of 80s afternoon television.

Answer: SHE-RA (accept Adora on early buzz)

T3. He theorized that the details of a star's structure would be annihilated in gravitational collapse, summarizing this idea as "a black hole has no hair." A professor at North Carolina, Princeton (where he was Feynman's thesis advisor), and finally Texas, he worked in general relativity and quantum field theory, but also collaborated with Bohr on a seminal theoretical paper on nuclear fission, and participated in the Manhattan project. FTP name this physicist who coined the term "black hole".

Answer: John Archibald WHEELER

T4. The Imperial army, commanded by Matthias Gallas and Ferdinand, King of Hungary and the emperor's son, combined with a Spanish army under the Cardinal-Infante. They engaged the Swedish army, under the joint command of Gustav Horn and Bernard of Saxe-Weimar. While the Habsburg generals worked well together, the Swedish generals were at odds, and weakened by the absence of a large portion of their army in Poland. Ultimately, the Habsburgs had the victory, capturing Horn and forcing the remnants of the Swedish army into a rout. The victory practically destroyed Swedish Chancellor Oxenstierna's League of Heilbronn, causing most of the Protestant German states to make their peace with the Emperor at the Peace of Prague in 1635. FTP, name this important battle of the Thirty Years' War, which took place on September 5, 1634 and made direct French participation in the conflict inevitable.

Answer: Battle of NORDLINGEN

T5. This author had mother issues: when he was ten he watched as she bludgeoned a serf to death in their parlor for spilling the tea, when he was fourteen he was raped by a servant girl, paid by his mother to have sex with him, and when fire burst out aboard his ship in the North Sea, he ran about tittering in his falsetto voice "save me, I'm the only son of a rich widow." Small wonder that this author of The Torrents of Spring and Virgin Soil wrote little about his relationship with his mother. FTP name this author, best known for his A Month in the Country and Fathers and Sons.

Answer: Ivan TURGENEV

T6. This somewhat mysterious deity seems to have been the most honorable of the Norse deities. He was seen as a guardian of oaths, contracts, and treaties. The most famous story about him reflects this, in which, as a gesture of good faith, he puts his hand into the mouth of the Wolf Fenrir while the other gods chain him, pretending that they do it in jest, but actually entrapping him. When Fenrir realizes he's been betrayed, he bites off the god's hand. In the Ragnarok, he would kill and be killed by the somewhat smaller wolf Garm. FTP name this Norse god, who was identified by the Romans with their god Mars, and thus got Mars' day of the week named after himself in English.

Answer: TYR (or TIW)

T7. After dropping out of the Paris Conservatoire, this composer started work as a cafe pianist. Around 1890 he became associated with the Rosicrucian movement which influenced him to write his famous "Mass of the Poor." After a stormy affair with artist Suzanne Valadon, he adopted an "eccentric lifestyle" and retired to his apartment in Arcueil, a Paris suburb. FTP name this composer whose most famous works include "Three Pieces in the Shape of a Pear" and his 1888 work "Trois Gymnopédies."

Answer: Erik \_SATIE\_

T8. An integral domain is a nonzero one of these with no zero divisors, and a Noetherian ("noy THERE ee un") one has all of its ideals finitely generated. A field is a nonzero one of these in which every nonzero element is a unit. Consisting of a set with two distributive laws of composition, an abelian group under one and at least associative under the other, FTP, what is this algebraic structure?

Answer: \_RING\_

T9. His father, an officer of Irish origin, became Spanish viceroy of Peru, but the son was not destined to be a very loyal subject of the Spanish king. After the Napoleonic invasion of Spain in 1808, he became a member of the liberal junta which governed Chile in the name of the rightful king. When the Spanish sent an army to crush the rebellion in 1814, he commanded the Chilean forces, which were crushed by the Spanish at Rancagua. Defeated, he fled into Argentina, where he received aid from José de San Martín. Together, the two men marched back into Chile, defeating the Spanish at Chacabuco in 1817, at which point he was appointed Supreme Dictator, a post which he held until 1823, when anti-Argentinean feeling forced him to resign and spend the rest of his life in exile in Peru. FTP, name this "Liberator" of Chile.

Answer: Bernardo \_O'HIGGINS\_

T10. This concept, often used in context with the supernatural, is defined by Freud in terms of 'unheimlich' and 'heimlich.' That which is 'heimlich' is known and familiar whereas that which is 'unheimlich' is unknown, and carries a vague sense of fear and dread with it. Although unheimlich and this concept are not exactly synonymous, the basic idea behind them is essentially the same. FTP, name the concept, a major theme in the Gothic genre of literature.

Answer: the \_UNCANNY\_

T11. Nearly seven feet tall and bald when we see him, he is described by the narrator as "a voice." He does not appear until the final twenty pages of the novella and throughout we are invited to doubt his existence. T.S. Eliot takes the four words used to report his death as an epigraph to his poem "The Hollow Men." FTP name this man whose death is reported to the narrator Marlow with the words "he dead" in Conrad's \_Heart of Darkness\_.

Answer: Mistah \_KURTZ\_

T12. Although discovered by Columbus on his second voyage in 1493, this island was never settled by the Spanish. It continued to be inhabited by fierce Carib Indians until the arrival in 1624 of two separate groups of European colonists--an English group led by Thomas Warner, and a French group led by Pierre Belain d'Esnambuc. Instead of fighting, the two groups split up the island, with the French getting the Northern and Southern ends of the Island, and the English the middle. The French ultimately abandoned their claim in the Treaty of Utrecht of 1713, and the island remained an English colony until it became an independent state, federated with the adjoining island of Nevis, in 1967. FTP, name this Caribbean island of the Lesser Antilles, with capital at Basseterre, named after the saint who allegedly bore Christ over a river.

Answer: \_ST. KITTS\_ (or \_ST. CHRISTOPHER\_)

T13. In the lactic acid variety of this catabolic process, pyruvate is reduced directly by NADH to form lactate as a waste product, with no release of carbon dioxide. In another variety, pyruvate is converted by the release of carbon dioxide to acetaldehyde, which is then reduced by NADH to ethanol. FTP, name this process in which sugars are partially degraded without the help of oxygen, yielding such goodies as yogurt, cheese, and alcohol.

Answer: \_FERMENTATION\_

T14. "The fish is dead, but we are alive." These words are spoken by one of the titular characters of this novel. A study in obsessive-compulsive disorder set in 19th century Australia, it was recently made into a film starring Ralph Fiennes and Cate Blanchett. FTP name this Booker Prize winning-work of author Peter Carrey.

Answer: \_OSCAR AND LUCINDA\_

T15. Born in New Hampshire in 1782, he ultimately became a brigadier general in the army, and served as governor of the Michigan territory from 1813 to 1831. Active in Democratic politics, he served as Secretary of War from 1831 to 1836, directing the conduct of the Black Hawk and Seminole Wars; as Minister to France from 1836 to 1842; as a US Senator from 1845 to 1857, where he was a leading supporter of annexation of Oregon to the line of 54 degrees, 40 minutes; and as Secretary of State from 1857 to 1860. FTP, name this man, most noted for losing the 1848 presidential election to Zachary Taylor.

Answer: Lewis \_CASS\_

T16. Born in 1469 in the small village of Rai Bhoi di Talvani, his father was a member of the mercantile Khatri caste. Like so many Indian religious figures, he got the religious itch shortly after his marriage, and went wandering about as a mendicant pilgrim for many years, probably returning to his home in the Punjab by about 1520. It was in this period, during the last twenty years of his life, that he developed his religion, often called a melding of Hinduism and Islam, although the Islamic influence was actually quite slight. FTP, name this man, the founder of Sikhism.

Answer: Guru \_NANAK\_

T17. This painter and icon of cultural conservatism eventually became the leader of the French tradition of Neoclassical painting after the death of Jacques-Louis David. One of the finest portraitists to emerge from 19th Century France, he is known for his cool and meticulously drawn works, the antithesis of the Romantic school. FTP name this artist, best-remembered for portraits like "Bonaparte as First Consul," "Madame de Senonnes," and the shocking "The Comtesse de Haussonville."

Answer: Jean-Auguste-Dominique \_INGRES\_

T18. Beryllium is used in aircraft alloys and X-ray tubes. Strontium isotopes are among the most deadly components of radioactive fallout. Barium is used as a tracer in medical tests. Highly electropositive, they and other elements of this group react in a 1:2 ratio with chlorine, or 1:1 with oxygen to form such compounds as lime. FTP, name this class of elements which also includes radium, calcium, and magnesium.

Answer: \_ALKALINE-EARTH\_ metals (or \_GROUP II\_ elements)

T19. The main character is adopted by his aunt, the wife of a country parson, upon the death of his indulgent mother. After time spent with the rigorous teachers of his youth, he moves to London to study medicine where he meets Mildred, a belle dame sans merci with a complexion which is positively green. He moves from there to Paris to become an artist, following Mildred into a bohemian life where he is constantly rejected. This, FTP, summarizes the plot of what novel featuring the club-footed Philip Carey, the greatest work of W. Somerset Maugham?

Answer: \_OF HUMAN BONDAGE\_

T20. The fourth son of Manuel II and his Serbian wife Helen, he spent the early part of his career with his brothers Theodore and Thomas recovering the Morea from the Franks. A man of great ability, he succeeded to a shaky throne when his eldest brother, John VIII, died childless in 1448. The fall of his under-defended capital to the Turks was inevitable, and when, in spite of a valiant defense, the Turks burst across the ramparts, he rushed out to the walls crying, "As my city falls, I will fall with it!" He was killed in the ensuing fight, and even the Turkish Sultan Mohammed II was forced to acknowledge his great courage. FTP, name this last Byzantine Emperor, who fell in 1453.

Answer: \_CONSTANTINE XI\_ (or \_CONSTANTINE PALAEOLOGUS\_)

T21. This Scottish literary figure penned many poems and ballads in his day, but sadly was mocked by most of Edinburgh society. Because of his pastoral roots, he was called the Ettrick Shepherd, despite the fact that he was better educated than most of society. His most famous work, \_The Private Memoirs and Confessions of a Justified Fanatic\_ continues to fascinate scholars today, however, despite his base roots. FTP, name this author, who shares his last name with the "Boss" on the "Dukes of Hazzard."

Answer: James \_HOGG\_

T22. This daughter of Lord Byron was one of the few people with the exception of Babbage who even understood the analytical engine. She is sometimes called "the first 'programmer'" and a programming language was named after her. FTP, name this early technical whiz.

Answer: Ada Augusta, Countess of \_LOVELACE\_

T23. This law holds only if the pressure is low enough, and the hole small enough, that most molecules follow straight-line trajectories with no collisions. Established experimentally by a British chemist in 1846, it supported the kinetic theory of gases. FTP, what law states that the rate of effusion of a gas, through a small hole, into a vacuum is inversely proportional to the square root of its molar mass?

Answer: \_GRAHAM'S\_Law

T24. The first movement of this de Meij suite is called "Gandalf," the second, "Rivendell," the third, "Smeagol," the fourth, "The Mines of Moria," and the fifth is called just "Hobbits." FTP, these five movements make up the body of which musical composition that shares its name with a JRR Tolkien trilogy?

Answer: The \_LORD OF THE RINGS\_

T25. Called Monophthalmus, or "One-Eye," this Macedonian general was appointed by Alexander to be governor of Phrygia in 333 B.C. After Alexander's death in 323, the regent, Antipater, assigned him to be commander in chief of the Macedonian army in Asia, and gave him the task of defeating the renegade general Eumenes, a task which he accomplished in 316. Now, however, he began to aim for the takeover of Alexander's whole Empire, and the next fifteen years tell the story of the struggle of the other Diadochi, or "Successors" to prevent this. Ultimately, he was defeated in 301 BC at the Battle of Ipsus in Asia Minor by the combined forces of Seleucus and Lysimachus. FTP, name this man, whose like-named grandson ultimately became king of Macedon, establishing a dynasty which would rule that country until the Roman annexation in 167 BC.

Answer: \_ANTIGONUS\_I

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BONUSES (All worth 30 points)

B1. Answer the following about literary vampires FTP each.

1. This physician of Lord Byron wrote The Vampyre, the first vampire story.

Answer: John POLIDORI

2. Sheridan LeFanu wrote this famous early vampire short story about a female undead with lesbian tendencies.

Answer: CAMILLA

3. This female character in Bram Stoker's Dracula is eventually turned into a vampire after her death and was staked by her fiancée.

Answer: LUCY Westenra

B2. Identify the American president from his secretary of state, five points each.

1. James Byrnes

Answer: Harry S. TRUMAN

2. William Marcy

Answer: Franklin PIERCE

3. James Buchanan

Answer: James K. POLK

4. Christian Herter

Answer: Dwight D. EISENHOWER

5. Philander Knox

Answer: William Howard TAFT

6. Elihu Root

Answer: THEODORE ROOSEVELT

B3. 30-20-10 Name the composer from works.

30) 1957's Agon, a ballet

20) 1918's Histoire du Soldat, a pantomime with narrator and instruments

10) 1913's Le Sacre du Printemps, or The Rite of Spring

Answer: Igor STRAVINSKY

B4. Identify the Greek goddess from a description FTP each.

1. This goddess, the daughter of Oceanus and Tethys, was married to Nereus, the Old Man of the Sea, and was the mother of the Nereids, who included such important figures as Thetis, the mother of Achilles, and Amphitrite, the wife of Poseidon.

Answer: DORIS

2. This goddess of the rainbow served as messenger of the gods

Answer: IRIS

3. This goddess, the cupbearer of the gods, was a daughter of Zeus and Hera. She was married to Heracles after his deification.

Answer: HEBE

B5. Identify the following central Asian cities from a description, for the stated number of points.

1. This city, located in Modern Uzbekistan, was Tamerlane's capital. Name it for 5 points.

Answer: SAMARKAND

2. This city, part of the Khanate of Khokand until 1865, became the main Russian base in Central Asia. It is the capital of modern Uzbekistan. Name it FTP.

Answer: TASHKENT

3. This city on the lower Oxus was the seat of another Khanate until the Russians conquered it in 1869. It is located in modern Turkmenistan. Name it for 15 points.

Answer: KHIVA

B6. Identify the following concerning viruses for the stated number of points.

1. It is the protein shell that encloses the viral genome; sometimes it is itself cloaked by a viral envelope. Name it FTP.

Answer: CAPSID

2. These are viruses that infect bacteria. Name them for an additional 5 points.

Answer: BACTERIOPHAGE

3. Double-stranded DNA viruses can reproduce in one of two alternative cycles, one which culminates in the death of the host cell and one which does not. For 5 points, name one correctly, or for 15 points name both.

Answer: LYTIC and LYSOGENIC



B7. This eighteenth-century poet, not Alexander Pope, is the most frequently quoted author in any genre on the planet. Identify him from quotations, 30-20-10, or for five if you need a poem authored by him.

30) "Full many a flower is born to blush unseen, / And waste its sweetness on the desert air."

20) "Where ignorance is bliss, / 'Tis folly to be wise."

10) "The paths of glory lead but to the grave."

5) He wrote "Elegy Written in a Country Churchyard."

Answer: Thomas \_GRAY\_

B8. Identify the philosopher from works, FTP each.

1. An Enquiry Concerning Human Understanding

Answer: David \_HUME\_

2. \_Theodicy\_

Answer: Gottfried Wilhelm \_LEIBNIZ\_

3. \_Time and Free Will\_

Answer: Henri \_BERGSON\_

B9. FTP each answer these questions about nucleic acids.

1. Nucleic acids are composed of these monomers, which consist of a phosphate group, a pentose, and a nitrogenous base.

Answer: \_NUCLEOTIDE\_s

2. There are two kinds of nitrogenous base, one consisting of a six-membered ring of carbon and nitrogen atoms, the other with a six-membered ring fused to a five-member ring. Name these two kinds FTP all or nothing.

Answer: \_PYRIMIDINE\_ and \_PURINE\_

3. FTP all or nothing, which two nitrogenous bases are purines?

Answer: \_ADENINE\_ and \_GUANINE\_

B10. Answer these questions about Thomas Mann's novel of ideas, \_The Magic Mountain\_, FTP each.

1. This young German engineer, who goes to a Swiss sanatorium to visit his sick cousin and ends up staying for 7 years, is the main character of the novel.

Answer: Hans \_CASTORP\_

2. This Italian "humanist," a resident of the sanatorium, represents for Mann the principles of the Enlightenment, such as anti-clericalism, rationality, and nationalism, which Mann generally seems to find rather ridiculous.

Answer: Lodovico \_SETTEMBRINI\_

3. This "cat-eyed" Russian woman, with whom the protagonist becomes obsessed, represents both the mysterious east and the captivating power of illness.

Answer: \_CLAUDIA CHAUCHAT\_ (accept either first or last name)

B11. Given an actor in a recent film from a Shakespearean play, name the role he/she played FTP each.

1. Emma Thompson, Henry V

Answer: \_CATHERINE OF FRANCE\_

2. Keanu Reeves, Much Ado About Nothing

Answer: \_DON JOHN\_

3. Winona Ryder, Looking for Richard

Answer: Lady \_ANNE\_

B12. Identify the British prime ministers from descriptions for the stated number of points.

1. This man brought England into the War of the First Coalition against France after the execution of Louis XVI, but was ultimately forced to resign due to dispute with the king on the Irish question in 1801. He resumed power again in 1804, but died shortly after news reached him of the allied disaster at Austerlitz. Name him FTP.

Answer: William \_PITT\_ the \_YOUNGER\_

2. This man, perhaps better known as an aggressive foreign minister for all the Whig ministries from 1830 to 1852, was prime minister at the time of the American Civil War, in which he tacitly supported the Confederacy. Name him for an additional 10 points.

Answer: Henry John Temple, 3rd Viscount \_PALMERSTON\_

3. These two British prime ministers are mentioned in the Beatles song "Taxman." Name them for 5 points each.

Answer: Harold \_WILSON\_ and Edward \_HEATH\_

B13. Identify the common female name from its appearances in English literature on a 30-20-10 basis:

30) Ann Yearsley assigns this name to Hannah More in a 1785 poem, pairing her in the poem with the leader of the blue-stockings, Elizabeth Montagu.

20) Jonathan Swift was fond of the name, using it as his name for Esther Johnson in a famous 1721 poem on her birthday.

10) Phillip Sidney uses the name for Penelope Devereaux, wife to Lord Rich and the lady of his famous sonnet sequence.

Answer: \_STELLA\_

B14. Given a Pre-Raphaelite work, name the artist FTP each.

1. "The Bower Meadow"

Answer: \_Dante Gabriel ROSSETTI\_

2. "The Beguiling of Merlin"

Answer: Sir Edward BURNE-JONES\_

3. "The Lady of Shalott"

Answer: John William WATERHOUSE\_

B15. FTP each name these early geologists.

1. This German's "Neptunian" theory argued that all rocks and topographical features arose from the biblical flood.

Answer: Abraham WERNER\_

2. This Scot rejected catastrophism and Neptunianism, advancing his own uniformitarian theory in 1795s Theory of the Earth\_.

Answer: James HUTTON\_

3. This other Scot established uniformitarianism with his three-volume Principles of Geology\_ in the early 1830s.

Answer: Charles LYELL\_

B16. Answer the following questions about the Spanish Armada FTP each.

1. This man, Spain's most distinguished naval commander, was supposed to command the expedition, but died three months before it set out.

Answer: Marquess de SANTA CRUZ\_

2. This man, completely inexperienced in naval warfare, actually commanded the expedition.

Answer: Alonso Perez de Guzman, Duke of MEDINA-SIDONIA\_

3. The plan was for the Armada to pick up the army of this man, Spain's greatest general at the time, in Flanders and ship it over to England.

Answer: Alexander Farnese, Duke of PARMA\_ (accept either Farnese or Parma)

B17. 30-20-10 Name the figure.

30) This fashion designer wrote two books, the autobiographical The Dress Doctor\_ and How to Dress for Success\_, a self-help book.

20) As chief designer at Paramount and later at Universal, she was nominated for an unprecedented 34 Oscars, winning a record eight of them.

10) She is most famous, however, for giving stars like Cary Grant and Audrey Hepburn their distinctive "styles."

Answer: Edith HEAD\_

B18. Identify the following from thermodynamics for the stated number of points.

1. This law of thermodynamics states that if two objects are each in thermal equilibrium with a third object, then they are in thermal equilibrium with each other. Name it for 5 points.

Answer: \_ZEROth\_ Law of Thermodynamics

2. FTP, to the nearest tenth, what is the thermal efficiency of a Carnot engine operating between negative 3 and positive 27 degrees Celsius?

Answer: \_0.1\_ (or \_ONE-TENTH\_)

3. This seminal theorem of Ludwig Boltzmann has a one-letter name. It basically constitutes a statistical derivation, for a gas, of the second law of thermodynamics. Name it for 15 points.

Answer: \_H\_ Theorem

B19. Identify the Pre-Socratic philosophers from descriptions FTP each.

1. This early Idealist, the leader of the Eleatic School, held that "all is one" and that change is impossible.

Answer: \_PARMENIDES\_

2. On the other hand, this philosopher from Ephesus believed that all was change, and that things can only be defined in terms of their opposites. He was known as "The Obscure."

Answer: \_HERACLEITUS\_

3. This philosopher from Acragas in Sicily developed the concept of the four elements. According to legend, he ultimately believed himself to be a god, and threw himself into Mount Etna.

Answer: \_EMPEDOCLES\_

B20. Answer these questions about German rulers FTP each.

1. This duke of Saxony was elected German king following the death of Conrad I in 918. In addition to numerous internal conflicts, he is noted mostly for his great defeat of the Magyars at the Battle of Riade in 933. Known as "the Fowler," he is best known for being the father of Otto the Great.

Answer: \_HENRY I\_

2. This 14th Century German ruler, a member of the House of Wittelsbach, became Duke of Bavaria in 1294. Offered the German crown after the death of Henry VII in 1313, a civil war prevented him from being crowned Holy Roman Emperor until 1328. Hated by the pope, he was ultimately deposed in favor of King Charles of Bohemia, the grandson of Henry VII, and died in 1347.

Answer: \_LOUIS IV\_

3. This man, of the house of Lorraine, became Holy Roman Emperor in 1745, due to his marriage to Maria Theresa, the Habsburg heiress. Something of a playboy, he did little during his 20 year reign, dying in 1765 and leaving the Empire to Maria Theresa and their son Joseph II.

Answer: \_FRANCIS I\_

B21. Name the following FTP each from Eugene Zamyatin's \_We\_.

1. The main character, a builder of the Integral

Answer: \_D-503\_

2. His "round" ticket partner whom he shares with R.

Answer: \_O-90\_

3. Their "God" and the driving force behind their civilization.

Answer: \_WELL-DOER\_

B22. Identify the following from fluid mechanics FTP each.

1. If an inviscid fluid flows along a pipe of varying cross section, this law states that the pressure is lower in narrow sections of the pipe, and higher in wider sections.

Answer: \_BERNOULLI\_'s Law\_

2. A generalization of Bernoulli's law to non-steady flows of viscous fluid, one of the two men for whom this equation is named also developed an important theorem of vector analysis.

Answer: \_NAVIER-STOKES Equation\_

3. This law states that the rate of laminar flow through a pipe is proportional to the fourth power of the pipe's diameter.

Answer: \_POISEUILLE\_'s (pwah-ZWEEH's) law\_

B23. Given a description, name the Slavic place spirit FTP each.

1. This spirit lurks in the woods and lures unsuspecting young maids away to care for his children.

Answer: \_LESHII\_

2. This spirit is associated with the house and hearth. In some areas, he is thought to be the spirit of the first head of the household.

Answer: \_DOMOVOI\_

3. This spirit lives in the bath house. Every third bath belongs, by tradition, to him and if that tradition is ignored, he'll steam the offender to death.

Answer: \_BANNIK\_



B24. Name the Russian composer given works. Ten points each, five if you need another work.

1. 10 points--"The Golden Cockerel," "The Mlada Suite"  
5 points--Flight of the Bumblebee

Answer: Nikolai \_RIMSKY-KORSAKOV\_

2. 10 points--"Capriccio Italien," "Waltz of the Snowflakes"  
5 points--"The Queen of Spades"

Answer: Piotr Illich \_TCHAIKOVSKY

3. 10 points--"Bydlo," "The Hut of Baba Yaga"  
5 points--"Boris Godunov"

Answer: Modest \_MOUSSORGSKY\_

B25. Identify the Eighteenth-Century war from battles, FTP each.

1. Leuthen, Rossbach, Plains of Abraham

Answer: \_SEVEN YEARS' WAR\_ (do not accept "French and Indian War")

2. Valmy, Fleurus, Lodi

Answer: \_WAR OF THE FIRST COALITION\_ or \_FRENCH REVOLUTIONARY WARS\_ (accept equivalents)

3. Fontenoy, Dettingen, Mollwitz

Answer: War of the \_AUSTRIAN SUCCESSION\_